

# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by the MTC Finance Section State of California





METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by the MTC Finance Section State of California

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METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION Bay Area Metro Center 375 Beale Street, Suite 800 San Francisco, CA 94105 415.778.6700 www.mtc.ca.gov

November 16, 2022

Alfredo Pedroza, Chair Napa County and Cities

Nick Josefowitz, Vice Chair San Francisco Mayor's Appointee

> Margaret Abe-Koga Cities of Santa Clara County

Eddie Abn San Francisco Bay Conservation and Development Commission

> David Canepa San Mateo County

**Cindy Chavez** Santa Clara County

Damon Connolly Marin County and Cities

Carol Dutra-Vernaci Cities of Alameda County

**Dina El-Tawansy** California State Transportation Agency

Victoria Fleming Sonoma County and Cities

**Dorene M. Giacopini** U.S. Department of Transportation

> Federal D. Glover Contra Costa County

Sam Liccardo San Jose Mayor's Appointee

> *Nate Miley* Alameda County

Gina Papan Cities of San Mateo County

David Rabbitt Association of Bay Area Governments

*Hillary Ronen* City and County of San Francisco

> *Libby Schaaf* Oakland Mayor's Appointee

James P. Spering Solano County and Cities

Amy R. Worth Cities of Contra Costa County

Vacant U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Therese W. McMillan Executive Director

Alix Bockelman Deputy Executive Director, Policy

Andrew B. Fremier Deputy Executive Director, Operations

> **Brad Paul** Deputy Executive Director, Local Government Services

Honorable Chair Members of the Metropolitan Transportation Commission

I am pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Metropolitan Transportation Commission (MTC), its blended and discretely presented component units and fiduciary funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. State law requires that MTC and its component units publish a complete audited financial statement within six months of the close of each fiscal year.

Responsibility for both accuracy of the data, as well as the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management and staff of MTC. To the best of our knowledge, we believe this report to be complete and reliable in all material respects. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of MTC has established a comprehensive system of internal controls designed to both protect the government's assets from loss or misuse and to compile the information necessary to produce financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and operating results of MTC, its blended and discretely presented component units and fiduciary funds as of June 30, 2022. The cost of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements presented herein for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. In addition, MTC is required to undergo a Single Audit of Federal Programs conducted under the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. The agency's independent auditor, Crowe LLP, has issued an unmodified opinion on the Metropolitan Transportation Commission's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022. The independent auditor's report is located in the front of the financial section of this report.

GAAP also requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. This narrative is presented in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

1

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 includes financial information for all funds, accounts and fiduciary activities for which MTC has financial accountability. MTC also participates in numerous boards, groups and associations. While MTC participates in such activities, MTC does not have an ongoing financial interest or administrative control over such entities and, as such, information related to these outside groups and associations are excluded from this report.

#### Profile of the Government

MTC was established under the laws of the State of California in 1970 to provide comprehensive regional transportation planning for the nine counties that comprise the San Francisco Bay Area: Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, Napa, the City and County of San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Solano and Sonoma. MTC is governed by a body of eighteen voting and three non-voting members (Commission) representing the following:

Agency		Voting Members	Non-Voting Members
Alameda County		3	
Contra Costa County		2	
Marin County		1	
Napa County		1	
City & County of San Francisco		2	
San Mateo County		2	
Santa Clara County		3	
Solano County		1	
Sonoma County		1	
Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG)		1	
San Francisco Bay Conservation & Development			
Commission		1	
U.S. Department of Transportation			1
U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development			1
California State Transportation Agency			1
	Total:	18	3

Each commissioner's term of office is four years or until a successor is appointed.

MTC commissioners also serve as the governing authority for MTC Service Authority for Freeways & Expressways (MTC SAFE), the Bay Area Toll Authority (BATA), the Bay Area Infrastructure Financing Authority (BAIFA), and the Bay Area Housing Finance Authority (BAHFA). The Commission is responsible for adopting budgets for operating and project costs, as well as setting general policy direction. An Executive Director appointed by the Commission is responsible for carrying out Commission direction and day-to-day administration of MTC and its employees. Some of the commissioners are also members of the Bay Area Headquarters Authority (BAHA). BAHA was created by a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement between MTC and BATA.

#### Local economy:

The Bay Area is one of the strongest and most diversified economies in the nation including several Fortune 500 companies and major research universities. Sales tax growth has been robust, and unemployment rates are notably lower than statewide or national rates. Additionally, inflation is well below national rates and that of other major metropolitan areas in California – this is, however, partially driven by housing costs which are already high in the region.

General economic concerns about FY 2023 revolve around the Federal Reserve's assertive campaign to lower high inflation and what effect higher interest rates might have on the national and regional economy over the next twelve to eighteen months.

MTC is fortunate to have significant diversity in our overall revenue stream. Over 60% of all governmental fund revenue is derived from various state and federal grant resources that are not directly dependent on current economic conditions for allocation. The nature of MTC's grant responsibilities and strong liquidity across all funds and entities will assure that MTC can continue to administer regional transportation planning and funding with little interruption in service through a variety of economic conditions.

With respect to BATA, bridge toll levels can be raised if necessary to protect operating integrity, particularly funding of debt service and necessary rehabilitation projects for BATA. This flexibility is important given the reliance of BATA financial performance on bridge crossings, which have been heavily impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic and associated effects, including shelter-in-place policies and increasing flexibility for work-from-home.

#### Financial Policies:

MTC continues to maintain strong financial policies for budget and reserve structures that help protect against economic swings and maintain operating liquidity. MTC policies require submission of balanced budgets with reasonable estimates for future revenue and expense projections. Further, MTC has established a series of reserve funds equal to at least 50% of the respective operating budgets. All operating reserves remained intact through the FY 2022 operating year and are available for unforeseen events in future fiscal years. These reserves provide the valuable operating liquidity necessary to run MTC's significant grant funded projects, allowing contracts and projects to proceed on a readiness basis rather than forcing delays for cash-flow management.

BATA has also been appropriately conservative in reserving funds for liquidity purposes – liquidity which has been important in navigating through the prior year sharp declines in bridge traffic and corresponding revenue associated with the pandemic.

#### Awards and Acknowledgments:

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Metropolitan Transportation Commission for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the nineteenth consecutive year that MTC has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, MTC had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

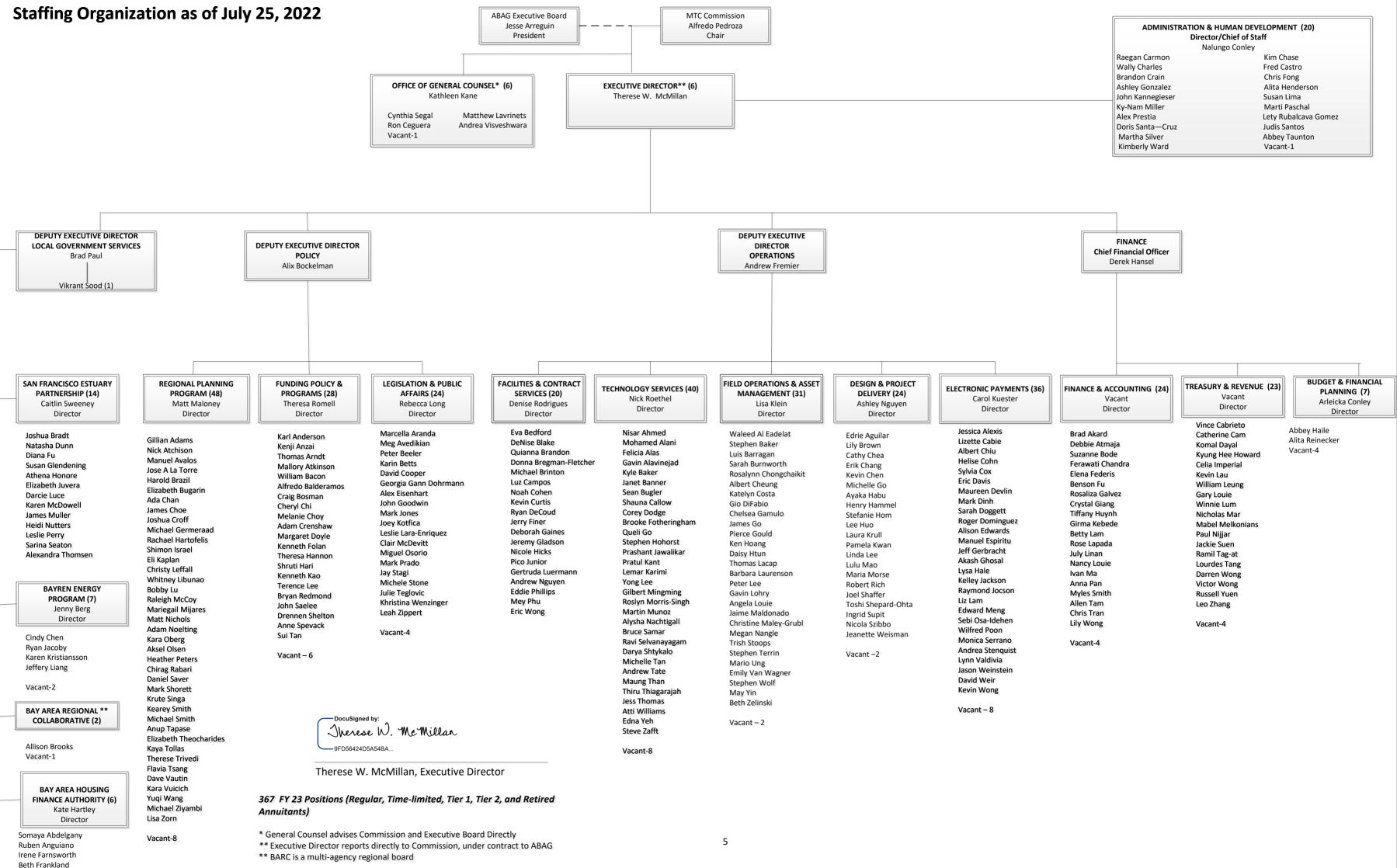
The preparation and delivery of this report would not have been possible without the help of the dedicated staff at MTC. I thank everyone who contributed, especially the MTC finance staff for their hard work and dedication in producing this report in an accurate and timely manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Derek S. Hansel

Derek Hansel Chief Financial Officer

# **Metropolitan Transportation Commission**



Barry Roeder

## METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

#### COMMISSIONERS

Alfredo Pedroza, Chair	Napa County and Cities
Nick Josefowitz, Vice Chair	San Francisco Mayor's Appointee
Margaret Abe-Koga	Cities of Santa Clara County
Eddie H. Ahn	SF Bay Conservation and Development Commission
David Canepa	San Mateo County
Cindy Chavez	Santa Clara County
Damon Connolly	Marin County and Cities
Carol Dutra-Vernaci	Cities of Alameda County
Dina El-Tawansy	California State Transportation Agency (CalSTA)
Victoria Fleming	Sonoma County and Cities
Dorene M. Giacopini	U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal D. Glover	Contra Costa County
Sam Liccardo	San Jose Mayor's Appointee
Nate Miley	Alameda County
Gina Papan	Cities of San Mateo County
David Rabbitt	Association of Bay Area Governments
Hillary Ronen	City and County of San Francisco
Libby Schaaf	Oakland Mayor's Appointee
James P. Spering	Solano County and Cities
Amy R. Worth	Cities of Contra Costa County
Vacant	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

## **APPOINTED OFFICIALS**

Therese W. McMillan	Executive Director
Kathleen Kane	Legal Counsel



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# Metropolitan Transportation Commission California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Commissioners Metropolitan Transportation Commission San Francisco, California

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Metropolitan Transportation Commission (the "Commission"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Commission, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Commission, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 1A(iv) to the financial statements, the Bay Area Housing Finance Authority (BAHFA) began operations during the year ended June 30, 2022 and is presented as a new major fund of the Commission.

As discussed in Note 1A(iii) and 1AE to the financial statements, the composition of the Bay Area Infrastructure Financing Authority's (BAIFA) board changed during the year ended June 30, 2022, and therefore, BAIFA is presented as a blended component unit of the Commission. As a result, business-type activities net position as of July 1, 2021 was restated by \$179,838,025.

As discussed in Notes 1C, 1S, 4, and 6 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2022, the Commission adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The adoption resulted in recording lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources related to leases in the Bay Area Headquarters Authority (BAHA) discretely presented component unit and a right-to-use lease asset and lease payable in the Bay Area Toll Authority (BATA) proprietary fund. There was no impact to net position as of July 1, 2021 as a result of adoption.

As discussed in Note 1AE to the financial statements, certain corrections were made in relation to Clipper activities. The Clipper enterprise fund capitalized the Clipper fare payment system and related equipment that was acquired in prior years. In addition, the Clipper fiduciary fund recorded Clipper card deposits as additions rather than patron prepaid balances liabilities. As a result, the Clipper enterprise fund and business-type activities net position as of July 1, 2021, were restated by \$53,194,059 and the Clipper fiduciary fund net position as of July 1, 2021, was restated by \$120,481,998.

Our opinions are not modified with respect to the above matters.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Partial Prior-Year Comparative Information

The financial statements include partial prior-year comparative information. Such information does not include all of the information required to constitute a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Commission's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021, from which such partial information was derived.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section, statistical section, and schedule of changes in assets and liabilities for Transportation Development Act and AB1107 but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 16, 2022 on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crowe HP

Crowe LLP

San Francisco, California November 16, 2022

## **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited - \$ in thousands)

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#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

This section presents an overview of the financial activities of the Metropolitan Transportation Commission (MTC), as well as its blended and discretely presented component units as discussed separately below for the year ended June 30, 2022. Except as otherwise stated, all amounts described below are expressed in thousands of dollars.

#### A. Financial Highlights

Fiscal year 2022 was a busy and productive year for MTC. Sales tax and toll revenue continue to increase as the economy improved from the pandemic level. The following are some of the highlights from fiscal year 2022:

- Total sales tax revenue increased by 19% from fiscal year 2021.
- Total traffic on the seven BATA bridges increased by 8.6% compared to FY 2021. While FY 2022 traffic is still 14.7% lower compared to pre-pandemic levels, traffic has increased after two consecutive years of decline of 13% and 9% in FY 2020 and FY 2021, respectively.
- BATA recorded a total of \$34,867 in violation penalty refunds, \$26,741 of which was from FY 2021 penalty collection and \$8,126 was from FY 2022 penalty collection.
- The I-680 Express Lane opened its 11-mile southbound extension from Martinez to Walnut Creek in FY 2022.
- The combined express lane revenue for BAIFA grew more than double from \$21,179 in FY 2021 to \$52,398 in FY 2022.
- MTC has a net pension asset of \$15,507 and net OPEB asset of \$2,819 at June 30, 2022.

#### **B.** Overview of the Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of MTC's finances. The government-wide financial statements comprise of a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Activities, and accompanying notes.

The Statement of Net Position presents financial information on all of MTC's assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources. The difference between the assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as "Net Position."

The Statement of Activities presents government-wide information showing the change in net position resulting from revenues earned and expenses incurred during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are recorded as revenues are earned and expenses are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

MTC is composed of governmental and business-type funds and activities as well as one discretely presented component unit. The governmental funds are comprised of the general fund and the special revenue funds, including a separate blended component unit Bay Area Housing and Finance Authority (BAHFA). The business or proprietary funds are MTC Clipper<sup>®</sup>, Bay Area Toll Authority (BATA), MTC Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways (MTC SAFE), the Bay Area Infrastructure Authority (BAIFA), and the Bay Area Headquarters Authority (BAHA).

BATA, MTC SAFE, and BAIFA, are blended component units (legally separate) whose transactions are presented as business-type funds. MTC Clipper<sup>®</sup> is an enterprise fund that oversees the region's transit fare payment program. BAHA is the discretely presented component unit on the government-wide financial statements. MTC also holds and administers a fiduciary fund further described in Section C below and in Note 1.B to the financial statements.

The government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are presented on pages 27-32 of this report with the accompanying notes being presented on pages 57-112.

## C. Overview of the Fund Financial Statements

#### *i.)* Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for MTC activities and are supported primarily by grants, sales taxes, and intergovernmental revenue sources. Governmental funds financial statements provide additional information not provided in the government-wide statements in that they focus on the annual inflows and outflows of resources as well as the balance of resources available to be spent at fiscal year-end rather than the longer-term focus of governmental activities as seen in the government-wide financial statements. The governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison of governmental funds to governmental activities.

MTC's governmental funds include a general fund, five major special revenue funds, and other non-major funds. The financial statements of the governmental funds, prepared under the modified accrual basis of accounting are on pages 33-40 of this report. A schedule detailing the non-major special revenue funds is included on pages 127-128 of this report.

MTC adopts annual budgets for all funds. However, a comparison of budget-to-actual is required only for certain governmental funds (general fund and major special revenue funds) and these are presented on pages 115-120 of this report. A comparison of budget to actual is also presented for non-major funds on pages 129-130.

#### ii.) <u>Proprietary Funds</u>

Proprietary funds are used to report business-type activities. MTC has four proprietary funds, BATA, MTC SAFE, BAIFA and MTC Clipper<sup>®</sup>. BATA, MTC SAFE and BAIFA are presented as blended component units of MTC as proprietary funds on the government-wide and fund financial statements.

BATA is responsible for collection and administration of all toll funds and has funding oversight responsibility for Caltrans maintenance activities for the seven state-owned bridges in the San Francisco Bay Area. BATA also has funding and administrative oversight responsibilities for the Regional Measure 1 (RM 1), Regional Measure 2 (RM 2), and Regional Measure 3 (RM 3) programs approved by the voters in 1988, 2004, and 2017 respectively as well as the seismic retrofit program.

MTC SAFE administers a freeway motorist aid system providing tow truck and call box services to stranded motorists in the nine Bay Area counties.

BAIFA was established to plan capital projects and obtain funding in the form of grants, contributions, appropriations, loans and other assistance. BAIFA is also to undertake programs and projects, including the development, financing, and operation of high-occupancy toll lanes in MTC's jurisdiction. In April 2013, BAIFA was delegated the authority to operate the express lanes by MTC through a cooperative agreement.

MTC administers the Clipper<sup>®</sup> program which handles the implementation and ongoing operations of the Bay Area's transit fare payment program. This system allows transit riders to pay fares throughout the Bay Area utilizing a single "smart" fare card when boarding bus, light rail, train or ferry transportation.

The financial statements of the proprietary funds are prepared on an accrual basis and are on pages 42-53.

#### iii.) Fiduciary Fund

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held in a trust capacity for the benefit of parties outside MTC. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements, as the resources cannot be used to support the programs of MTC or those of its component units. The fiduciary fund of MTC uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

MTC has Clipper<sup>®</sup> card program as a fiduciary fund. The Clipper<sup>®</sup> card program is a transit fare payment program that tracks the cash balances and receivables held on behalf of the Clipper<sup>®</sup> card program.

The fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on pages 54-55 of this report.

#### iv.) Discretely Presented Component Unit

BAHA was established in September 2011 as a separate public entity pursuant to the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act, to plan, acquire, and develop the new MTC/BATA office space and facilities and undertake related activities on behalf of MTC and BATA.

BAHA is presented as a proprietary fund in the discretely presented component unit column of the governmentwide financial statements because it does not meet the criteria for blending under the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB No. 61. The standalone financial statements for BAHA provide detailed financial information for this entity. Request for separately issued financial statements for BAHA should be addressed to the Treasurer of BAHA, 375 Beale Street, Suite 800, San Francisco, CA 94105.

## **D.** Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

## E. Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following tables detail the Statement of Net Position, detailing the change in assets, liabilities and change in net position as well as the Statement of Activities for MTC.

#### i.) Statement of Net Position

The following table shows a summary of MTC's government-wide statements of net position for the last two years:

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities		Total	
		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Cash and investments	\$	777,648 \$	758,919 \$	2,865,087 \$	2,108,810 \$	3,642,735 \$	2,867,729
Receivables		49,143	43,642	74,918	84,413	124,061	128,055
Other assets		14,488	8,441	10,458	2,217	24,946	10,658
Capital assets		303	416	214,597	1,971	214,900	2,387
Total assets		841,582	811,418	3,165,060	2,197,411	4,006,642	3,008,829
Deferred outflows of resources		15,881	16,650	437,089	446,549	452,970	463,199
Other liabilities		72,082	54,058	457,072	344,615	529,154	398,673
Long term liabilities		3,437	22,742	9,908,643	9,577,265	9,912,080	9,600,007
Total liabilities		75,519	76,800	10,365,715	9,921,880	10,441,234	9,998,680
Deferred inflows of resources		299,341	300,379	(272,774)	(294,126)	26,567	6,253
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets		302	270	200,563	1,771	200,865	2,041
Restricted		513,053	487,346	732,375	508,245	1,245,428	995,591
Unrestricted (deficit)		(30,752)	(36,727)	(7,423,730)	(7,493,810)	(7,454,482)	(7,530,537
Total net position	\$	482,603 \$	450,889 \$	(6,490,792) \$	(6,983,794) \$	(6,008,189) \$	(6,532,905

Total cash and investments increased by \$775,006 in FY 2022. The increase resulted from a combination of factors:

- BATA issued \$700,000 of new bonds.
- Traffic from the BATA toll bridges increased by 8.6% for FY 2022.
- BAIFA is presented as a blended component unit in the business-type activities starting this fiscal year 2022.

The significant increase in capital assets of \$212,513 is due to the capitalization of MTC's Clipper fare payment system and related equipment in the amount of \$86,297 and the inclusion of BAIFA's capital assets of \$128,575 which is presented as a blended component unit in the business-type activities starting in FY 2022.

Deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$10,229 in FY 2022, mainly due to the decrease in the deferred outflows of refunding.

Total liabilities increased by \$442,554 in FY 2022. The increase is primarily due to a net increase in BATA debt and the recognition of a liability associated with the refunding of previously collected violation penalties to bridge patrons. This increase was slightly offset by the fair value increase of derivative instruments.

The net position increased by \$524,716 in FY 2022. The increase is mainly due to the \$700,000 new bond issuance offset by the drawdowns of bond proceeds for project expenses and also the presentation of BAIFA as a blended component unit in the business-type activities. The negative net position is the result of BATA issuing over \$9 billion in toll revenue bonds while the assets themselves remain with the State of California and other transit agencies. The negative net position in business-type activities will be resolved through receipt of future toll revenue. The increase in net position in governmental activities was primarily due to a grant received from the State of California for BAHFA.

## *ii.)* Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities details the revenue/expense and change in Net Position for MTC. A breakdown of this MTC activity is detailed in the table below.

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for service	- \$	- \$	854,456 \$	877,182 \$	854,456 \$	877,182
Operating grants and contributions	176,445	143,181	113,516	115,784	289,961	258,96
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	23,443	11,122	23,443	11,12
General revenues:						
Sales tax	16,821	14,118	-	-	16,821	14,11
Unrestricted investment earnings (charges)	(1,316)	2,679	223,440	123,495	222,124	126,17
Return of contribution from						
BAHA Total revenues	-	-	1,081	1,000	1,081	1,00
-	191,950	159,978	1,215,936	1,128,583	1,407,886	1,288,56
Expenses:						
General government	89,826	100,422	-	-	89,826	100,42
Allocation to other agencies	88,119	110,298	-	-	88,119	110,29
Housing	231	-	-	-	231	
Toll bridge activities	-	-	786,132	747,116	786,132	747,11
Express lane activities	-	-	65,538	-	65,538	
Clipper® smart card	-	-	39,539	52,385	39,539	52,38
Congestion relief	-	-	20,076	16,989	20,076	16,98
Total expenses	178,176	210,720	911,285	816,490	1,089,461	1,027,21
Change in net position before special item and transfers	13,774	(50,742)	304,651	312,093	318,425	261,35
Special item	-	-	(26,741)	-	(26,741)	
Transfers in/(out)	17,940	25,075	(17,940)	(25,075)	-	
Changes in net position	31,714	(25,667)	259,970	287,018	291,684	261,35
Net position - Beginning <sup>* &amp; **</sup>	450,889	476,556	(6,750,762)	(7,270,812)	(6,299,873)	(6,794,25
Net position - Ending	482,603 \$	450,889 \$	(6,490,792)\$	(6,983,794)\$	(6,008,189)\$	(6,532,90

Total revenues increased by \$119,325 in FY 2022. The revenue increase in Governmental Activities is mainly due to increased revenue from State Transit Assistance (STA) fund and from new project grants received in FY 2022 including a grant from the California Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD) for the purpose of developing programming for BAHFA. The revenue increase in Business-Type Activities is mainly due to presentation of BAIFA as a blended component unit in the business-type activities starting FY 2022. An increase in the investment earnings is the result of a change in the fair value of the derivative instruments in BATA.

Total expenses increased by \$62,251 in FY 2022. There is an increase of \$94,795 in Business-Type Activities, which is mainly due to increased operating expenses due to fuller capacity operations and the expenses of the express lane activities which were included in the presentation of the business-type activities this fiscal year. There is a \$32,544 decrease in Governmental Activities related to the timing of various multi-year projects.

The special item in the business-type activities is the violation penalty refunds to patrons due to the reduction of violation penalties retroactive to January 1, 2021.

The net position improved by \$524,716 from (\$6,532,905) to (\$6,087,800) in FY 2022. The increase is mainly due to the presentation of BAIFA as a blended component unit in the business-type activities starting this fiscal year. The incorporation of BATA's financial results drives the business-type activities deficit due to BATA's issuance of over \$9 billion in toll revenue bonds to fund seismic and Regional Measure 2 voter approved projects while the assets remain with the State of California and other transit operators. The Net Position in the Governmental Activities improved as MTC retired its unfunded benefit liabilities and received a housing grant in FY 2022.

Management does not believe that Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities are comparable for analytical purposes. While the combined schedules show a total picture of MTC responsibilities, the two activities must be viewed in their respective parts to evaluate MTC's financial results. State and federal laws restrict MTC's various funding sources to specific responsibilities that cannot be combined or commingled. Additional explanations are included in the discussion of Business-Type Activities as well as the schedule of governmental funds that follows.

#### F. Financial Analysis of Business-Type Activities

The following table shows the results of operations for the last two years:

	Business-Type Activities							
	BATA	Δ	BAIFA MTC SAFE			MTC Clipper		
	2022	2021	2022	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Revenues:								
Toll revenues	\$ 756,197 \$	830,405 \$	52,399 \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	
Other operating revenues	19,937	32,416	7,854	6,491	6,697	11,578	7.66	
Total revenues	776,134	862,821	60,253	6,491	6,697	11,578	7,66	
Operating expenses:								
Operating expenses incurred by Caltrans/Transbay JPA	8,274	7,237	-	-	-	-		
Other operating expenses	182,073	142,030	31,359	20,076	16,989	36,453	26,69	
Total operating expenses	190,347	149,267	31,359	20,076	16,989	36,453	26,69	
Operating income/(loss)	585,787	713,554	28,894	(13,585)	(10,292)	(24,875)	(19,03	
Nonoperating revenues/(expenses)								
Investment income/(charges)	223,081	123,439	228	11	6	120	4	
BABs interest subsidy	71,327	71,723	-	-	-	-		
Interest expense	(434,114)	(436,732)	-	-	-	-		
Financing fees and bond issuance costs	(15,503)	(11,071)	-	-	-	-		
Other nonoperating expense	(6,039)	-	-	-	-	-		
Caltrans/other agency grants and reimbursements	11,848	7,876	-	13,365	11,378	3,630	9,89	
Distributions to Caltrans/other agencies	(140,130)	(150,046)	(17,163)	-	-	(3,086)	(25,68	
Capital, operating and maintenance expenses for other agencies	-	_	(17,016)	_	-	-		
Return of contribution from BAHA	1,081	1,000	-	-	-	-		
Other nonoperating revenues	5,660	12,935	943	8	16	6,737	1,96	
Total nonoperating revenues/(expenses)	(282,789)	(380,876)	(33,008)	13,384	11,400	7,401	(13,78	
Change in net position before contribution, special item, and transfers	302,998	332,678	(4,114)	(201)	1,108	(17,474)	(32,81	
Capital grants	-	-	-	-	-	23,443	11,12	
Violation penalty refund (special item)	(26,741)	-	-	-	-	-		
Transfers	(135,800)	(42,043)	95,000	(796)	(557)	23,656	17,52	
Change in net position	140,457	290,635	90,886	(997)	551	29,625	(4,16	
Net position - Beginning	(7,023,026)	(7,313,661)	179,838	21,840	21,289	70,585	* 21,55	
Net position - Ending	\$ (6,882,569)\$	(7,023,026) \$	270,724 \$	20,843 \$	21,840 \$	100,210	\$ 17,39	

BATA is the largest of MTC's Business-Type Activities and one of the highest-rated transportation enterprises in the country. The negative net position is the result of BATA financing the seismic retrofit and other regional

transportation projects under Regional Measures 1 and 2. However, BATA does not own the assets that are constructed. It is anticipated that the negative net position will resolve itself from future toll revenue and the amortization of toll revenue bond debt.

Net operating income in BATA was \$585,787 for FY 2022, a decrease of \$127,767 or 18% from FY 2021. Major changes include:

- Total revenues decreased by \$86,687 in FY 2022. RM3 revenue of \$182,723 for fiscal years 2019 and 2020 were reported in fiscal year 2021; without this amount, revenue for FY 2022 would have been an increase of \$96,036. Detailed traffic revenue information is available in the Statistical Section, Table 7.
- Total operating expenses rose by \$41,080 in FY 2022, mainly due to the increases in operating expenses at the service center. Certain processing activities were placed on hold at the start of the pandemic in fiscal year 2020 and resumed in November 2021. Allocations to other agencies also contributed to the increase as the facilities were in increased operations compared to the prior fiscal year because of pandemic related reduced operations.

Nonoperating revenue/(expense) decreased by \$98,087 or about 26 percent from FY 2021. Major changes included:

- Net investment income increased by \$99,642 in FY 2022. BATA had investment losses of \$40,036 and unrealized gain of \$263,117 from the change in the fair value of derivative instruments.
- The Build America Bonds interest subsidy is the federal subsidy from the U. S. Government. The interest subsidy offsets the interest cost on taxable bonds issued by BATA on FY 2010 and FY 2011. The federal subsidy payment is expected to last for the life of the taxable bonds.
- Distributions to other agencies for capital purposes decreased by \$9,916 in FY2022. The decrease was primarily due to the distribution to San Francisco Municipal Transportation Agency (MUNI) for the purchase of light rail vehicles nearing its completion.

MTC SAFE ended FY 2022 with an operating loss of \$13,585, which is an increase of \$3,293 from FY 2021. MTC SAFE ended FY 2022 with negative change in net position of \$997 compared to a positive change of \$551 in FY 2021. Major changes include:

- Operating revenues decreased by \$206 in FY 2022. Alameda, Contra Costa and Santa Clara counties had an average drop of \$45, San Francisco, San Mateo, Solano and Sonoma counties had an average drop of \$14 while Marin and Napa had the lowest average drop of \$7.
- Operating expenses increased by \$3,087 in FY 2022, primarily the result of increases in towing contracts and repairs and maintenance expenses because of upgrades to the callboxes.
- Nonoperating grants increased by \$1,987 mainly due to the increase in SB1 grant to fund the Freeway Service Patrol program.

## **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited - \$ in thousands)

MTC Clipper ended FY 2022 with an operating loss of \$24,875 which was \$5,842 higher than the operating loss recorded in FY2021. Clipper project costs are generally covered by grant (nonoperating) revenue, however, operating costs are covered by a combination of operating grants and operator payments. Operating losses are made up through transfers. Other major changes include:

- Operating revenues increased by \$3,914 in FY 2022, primarily the result of an increase in transit ridership compared to prior year during the pandemic.
- Operating expenses for MTC Clipper<sup>®</sup> increased by \$9,756 in FY 2022, mainly due to the increase in professional fees from the increase of the operations after the pandemic.
- Nonoperating revenues/(expenses) decreased by \$21,182 primarily because of the capitalization of the Clipper Fare Payment system and related equipment.

#### G. Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

The following table details the revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds for the past two fiscal years. Refer to page 41 for the reconciliation of the governmental funds to the Statement of Activities.

	Governmental Funds			
		2022	-	2021
Revenues:				
Sales taxes	\$	16,821	\$	14,118
Grants - Federal		53,470		56,68
Grants - State		110,814		75,384
Local agencies revenues and refunds		13,351		13,06
Investment income		(1,316)	_	2,67
Total revenues		193,140		161,93
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government		80,389		82,91
Allocations to other agencies		107,770		128,93
Capital outlay		11		31
Total expenditures		188,170		212,16
Other financing sources (uses)		17,939		25,07
Net change in fund balance		22,911	_	(25,15
Fund balance - beginning *		461,839		486,99
	¢	484,750	\$	461,83

A large component of all Governmental Fund revenue at MTC is derived from grants. While grant revenue helps insulate MTC from economic swings, the timing of project expenditures, which often cross fiscal years, can

## **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited - \$ in thousands)

have a significant impact on year end balances. The MTC Governmental Funds ended FY 2022 with a net change in fund balance of \$22,911 compared to a negative balance of \$25,154 for FY 2021.

The MTC General Funds ended FY 2022 with a net change in fund balance surplus of \$7,299 which improved the fund balance to \$64,888. The general fund surplus increased by \$641 compared to FY 2021. The increase is primarily due to the timing related to project related expenses.

Within the governmental funds there are several Special Revenue funds with revenue restricted by statute or adopted policy to certain programs. Highlights of the Special Revenue Funds include:

- AB 664 Toll Revenue Reserve fund ended FY 2022 with a negative fund balance of \$33,862 compared with a negative balance of \$18,370 for FY 2021. The AB 664 Reserve is a toll funded rail support program where 50 years of toll revenue was advanced in FY 2010. The decrease in fund balance reflects utilization of advanced revenue to pay for appropriate rail projects.
- STA fund ended FY2022 with a fund balance of \$114,739 compared to \$98,640 for FY 2021. The increase to fund balance is due to increases in the price of diesel fuel which in turn generate increase in sales tax on diesel fuel.
- Rail Reserves fund ended FY 2022 with a negative fund balance of \$78,893, a reduction from the negative \$84,830 ending FY 2021. The Rail Reserve is another toll funded transit program where a 50-year toll revenue stream was advanced in FY 2010. The negative fund balance will be worked off with the amortization of the toll revenue.
- The Bart Car Exchange fund ended FY 2022 with a fund balance of over \$349,285, a decrease of \$14,470 from FY 2021. The program is funded with payments exchanged between MTC and BART which are reserved for the purchase of future BART rail cars. The decrease in fund balance resulted from the purchase of new BART replacement cars. The balance will continue to draw down with the delivery of additional new rail cars.

## H. General Fund Budget

The original MTC General Fund budget adopted for FY 2022 had a projected deficit of \$74,872 which decreased to a projected deficit of \$94,446 in the final approved budget. The actual ending balance was a positive \$7,299 after transfers.

The final revenue budget was \$157,950 with actual year-end revenue of \$108,176, a shortfall of \$49,774. The final expense budget was \$263,917 with actual year-end expenses of \$99,741 or \$164,176 under budget. The variance in both revenue and expense is due to the timing of project expenses against the grant revenue that reimburses MTC. Project budgets are adopted at the start of the project, for the entire project, even though the project may occur over several years. The grant revenue, on the other hand follows project expenses so it is often mismatched on an annual budget basis. As such, given the size of the annual grant portfolio, it is not unusual to see significant variances in the budget-to-actual numbers.

The timing of project revenue and related expenses in grant-related programs is generally dictated by project timing and not fiscal years.

	General Fund					
		Adopted Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	
Revenues	\$	140,541 \$	157,950 \$	108,176 \$	(49,774)	
Expenditures		241,537	263,917	99,741	164,176	
Excess/(Deficiency)		(100,996)	(105,967)	8,435	114,402	
Transfers in		26,124	31,521	18,864	(12,657)	
Transfers out		-	(20,000)	(20,000)	-	
Net change in fund balance		(74,872)	(94,446)	7,299	101,745	
Fund balance - beginning		57,589	57,589	57,589	-	
Fund balance - ending	\$	(17,283) \$	(36,857) \$	64,888 \$	101,745	

Overall, the positive ending balance is a swing of \$101,745 impacting the MTC ending fund balance.

#### I. Capital Asset Administration

MTC's total investment in capital assets for all funds, governmental and proprietary is \$214,900 as reported under the accrual basis of accounting. In FY 2022 capital assets increased by \$212,513. The \$128,575 of this increase was from BAIFA assets which was presented as a blended component unit in the Enterprise Funds starting this fiscal year and \$82,073 from MTC Clipper capital assets. Assets relating to the seven state-owned bridges administered by BATA are owned by Caltrans. MTC's capital assets are disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements.

#### J. Long-Term Debt Administration

During FY 2022, BATA refunded \$484,605 and issued \$700,000 of new bonds. BATA administers a debt portfolio of \$9,649,905, and derivative instruments of \$1,440,000. All of BATA's interest rate swaps were ineffective for accounting purposes. Therefore, the changes in fair values of investment derivative instruments are reported within the investment income classification in the Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. The fair value of the swap portfolio increased by \$263,117. BATA's interest expense on the \$3,197,515 of federally taxable Build America Bonds (BABs) was \$214,797. The BABs subsidy for FY 2022 was \$71,327, and the net interest expense was \$143,470.

Additional information on MTC's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

## K. Economic Factors Impacting MTC

While the general economic picture nationally and regionally has stabilized over the past eighteen months from the challenges posed by the COVID-19 pandemic and ensuing "flash" recession, there are new challenges that MTC and associated agencies must face over FY 2022-23 and beyond.

Inflation has been running very high since early 2021. Inflationary pressures have included supply chain challenges, extremely low unemployment (driven in part by low labor force participation), and the war in Ukraine. For the first several months of this inflationary trend, the Federal Reserve believed these inflationary

pressures to be "transitory" (that is, short-term in nature). As it has become clear that these increases are not, in fact, transitory, the Federal Reserve has initiated an assertive campaign of unwinding its monetary stimulus by increasing short-term interest rates and reducing its balance sheet. In pursuing this campaign, the Federal Reserve is attempting to navigate to an economic "soft landing," in which inflation is reduced, unemployment levels remain acceptable (if somewhat higher than current), and the national economy avoids recession.

Unfortunately, steering the economy to a soft landing is an uncertain enterprise, and it is possible that the Federal Reserve may overshoot, increasing interest rates to a point that the economy goes into recession, or that today's inflationary pressures are such that increases in interest rates are insufficient to address them. Either of these could significantly increase financial risk to MTC and its associated agencies.

In the San Francisco Bay Area, the overall economy continues to be strong, with robust growth in sales tax revenue, unemployment rates notably lower than national and statewide rates, and inflation which, while high, is lower than national averages as well as other major metropolitan areas in California.

Pandemic related effects in the Bay Area continue, primarily with respect to the issue of "return-to-office". Office occupancy is down sharply and vacancy rates are up relative to pre-pandemic levels. These trends are likely to have uneven effects across the area, with San Francisco facing significant headwinds on this issue.

#### **Requests for information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Metropolitan Transportation Commission's financial position for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, Metropolitan Transportation Commission, 375 Beale Street, Suite 800, San Francisco, CA 94105.

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## Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Primary Government			Component Unit		
	 Governmental	Business-Type				
	 Activities	Activities	Total	BAHA		
ASSETS						
Cash-unrestricted	\$ 337,369,462 \$	248,618,609 \$	585,988,071 \$	29,453,332		
Cash-restricted	11,655,085	269,754,643	281,409,728	4,324,772		
Investments-unrestricted	75,756,080	-	75,756,080	-		
Investments-restricted	352,867,225	2,346,713,588	2,699,580,813	-		
Receivables:						
Accounts receivable	2,438,143	36,518,743	38,956,886	200,635		
Interests receivable	1,109,738	23,130,554	24,240,292	28,137		
Lease receivable from external	-	-	-	24,736,403		
Lease receivable from primary government	-	-	-	2,026,252		
Funding due from State/ Caltrans	24,143,698	11,160,311	35,304,009	-		
Funding due from Federal	20,425,335	3,867,959	24,293,294	-		
Due from other governments	3,100,442	618,922	3,719,364	-		
Prepaid items and other assets	1,027,203	239,886	1,267,089	178,154		
Pension 115 Trust Account	2,900,000	-	2,900,000	-		
Net pension asset	6,522,562	8,984,901	15,507,463	66,892		
Net OPEB assets	1,965,267	854,511	2,819,778	20,155		
Capital assets not being depreciated	-	68,610,276	68,610,276	34,230,605		
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation/ amortization	 302,540	145,986,580	146,289,120	160,644,400		
TOTAL ASSETS	 841,582,780	3,165,059,483	4,006,642,263	255,909,737		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred amount of refunding	-	431,468,732	431,468,732	_		
Deferred outflows from pensions	10,963,929	3,482,546	14,446,475	112,439		
Deferred outflows from OPEB	 4,917,074	2,137,979	7,055,053	50,427		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	15,881,003	437,089,257	452,970,260	162,866		
	 12,001,005	,009,201		102,000		

## **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

	_	Р	Component Unit		
	(	GovernmentalBusiness-TypeActivitiesActivities		Total	BAHA
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable Unearned revenue	\$	53,192,004 \$ 65 11,730,187	148,289,776 \$ 94,491,382 130,086,462	201,481,780 \$ 94,491,447 141,816,649	863,534
Internal balances Due to other governments		4,786,972	(4,786,972)		- - 699,081
Non-current liabilities					
Due within one year Long term debt Other non-current liabilities Due in more than one year		2,373,128	86,155,000 2,836,852	86,155,000 5,209,980	81,828
Long term debt Derivative instruments Other non-current liabilities		3,437,041	9,640,641,699 261,589,656 6,411,327	9,640,641,699 261,589,656 9,848,368	42,257
TOTAL LIABILITIES		75,519,397	10,365,715,182	10,441,234,579	1,702,150
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows from lease Deferred inflows from pension Deferred inflows from OPEB Deferred revenues/Deferred charges		16,496,807 2,019,402 280,825,285	7,172,923 878,050 (280,825,285)	23,669,730 2,897,452	26,053,517 169,180 20,710
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		299,341,494	(272,774,312)	26,567,182	26,243,407
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		302,175	200,562,938	200,865,113	194,753,128
Restricted for: Capital projects		490,399,204	77,256,176	567,655,380	4.324,772
Pension Operations & Maintenance, under debt covenant		2,900,000	174,000,000	2,900,000 174,000,000	- -
Extraordinary loss reserve, under Caltrans Coop Housing Regional Measure 3		19,753,154	50,000,000 - 431,119,100	50,000,000 19,753,154 431,119,100	-
Unrestricted		(30,751,641)	(7,423,730,344)	(7,454,481,985)	29,049,146
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	482,602,892 \$	(6,490,792,130) \$	(6,008,189,238) \$	228,127,046

## **Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Net Position** June 30, 2021 (For comparative information purposes)

#### Primary Government Component Units Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities Total BAHA BAIFA ASSETS \$ Cash-unrestricted 317,814,583 \$ 142,791,368 \$ 460,605,951 \$ 26,519,487 \$ 28,607,260 Cash-restricted 5,897,502 601,869,467 607,766,969 4,679,943 20,347,600 67,747,022 67,747,022 Investments-unrestricted 367,459,705 1,364,149,108 1,731,608,813 9,799,755 Investments-restricted \_ Receivables: Accounts receivable 1.645.350 43.041.859 44.687.209 336,811 3,585,909 Interests receivable 360,415 19,127,679 19.488.094 Funding due from State/ Caltrans 18,019,785 15,405,182 33,424,967 -Funding due from Federal 19,622,507 6,079,023 25,701,530 Prepaid items and other assets 131,407 979,822 452,941 1,432,763 Due from other governments 3.994.112 758,806 4,752,918 2,488,106 Pension 115 Trust Account 2,900,000 2,900,000 Net pension asset 1,864,330 1,864,330 Net OPEB asset 4,561,628 1,674,069 6,235,697 39,758 246,570 Capital assets not being depreciated 255,909 225,000 480,909 34,156,444 19,698,357 Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation/ amortization 159,988 1,746,056 1,906,044 166,548,235 112,541,761 TOTAL ASSETS 811,418,328 2,199,184,888 3,010,603,216 232,412,085 197,315,566 **DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES** Deferred amount of refunding 441.653.844 441.653.844 3,855,330 Deferred outflows from pension 13,815,800 17,671,130 120,415 746,786 Deferred outflows from OPEB 2,834,343 1,040,171 3,874,514 24,703 153,205 TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 16,650,143 446,549,345 463,199,488 145,118 899,991

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## Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

## (For comparative information purposes)

	Primary Government				Component Units		
		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	BAHA	BAIFA	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable	\$	38,581,281 \$ 39	94,720,919 \$ 92,363,953	133,302,200 \$ 92,363,992	1,145,314 \$	16,476,355	
Unearned revenue Internal balances		8,402,082 2,878,866	116,496,041 (2,878,866)	124,898,123	13,704	-	
Due to other governments		235,758	2,488,106	2,723,864	1,075,323	232,397	
Non-current liabilities							
Due within one year							
Long term debt		-	39,905,000	39,905,000	-	-	
Other non-current liabilities Due in more than one year		3,960,222	1,520,930	5,481,152	93,263	200,760	
Long term debt		-	9.039.470.391	9,039,470,391	-	-	
Derivative instruments		-	524,706,323	524,706,323	-	-	
Net Pension liability		20,274,607	1,773,896	22,048,503	176,707	1,095,905	
Other non-current liabilities		2,467,617	13,087,923	15,555,540	25,305	125,094	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		76,800,472	9,923,654,616	10,000,455,088	2,529,616	18,130,511	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows from pension		2,103,023	771,788	2,874,811	18,331	113,450	
Deferred inflows from OPEB		2,471,107	906,873	3,377,980	21,538	133,571	
Deferred revenues/Deferred charges		295,804,897	(295,804,897)		-	-	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		300,379,027	(294,126,236)	6,252,791	39,869	247,021	
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		269,983	1,771,056	2,041,039	200,580,939	126,984,374	
Restricted for:							
Capital Projects		484,446,492	2,701,378	487,147,870	4,679,943	30,147,355	
Pension		2,900,000	-	2,900,000	-	-	
Operations & Maintenance, under debt covenant		-	180,000,000	180,000,000	-	-	
Extraordinary loss reserve, under Caltrans Coop Regional Measure 3		-	50,000,000 275,543,252	50,000,000 275,543,252	-	-	
Unrestricted	_	(36,727,503)	(7,493,809,833)	(7,530,537,336)	24,726,836	22,706,296	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	450,888,972 \$	(6,983,794,147) \$	(6,532,905,175) \$	229,987,718 \$	179,838,025	

						Net (Exp	enses) Revenues an	d Changes in Net	Position	
		Program Revenues				Primary Government			Component Unit	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Total Program Revenues	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	BAHA	
Functions										
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities: General Government Transportation Housing	\$ 89,826,261 88,118,693 230,640	\$ - 5 - -	65,630,229 110,814,370	\$ - - -	\$ 65,630,229 110,814,370	\$ (24,196,032) \$ 22,695,677 (230,640)	- \$ - -	(24,196,032) \$ 22,695,677 (230,640)	) - - -	
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	178,175,594		176,444,599	-	176,444,599	(1,730,995)	<u> </u>	(1,730,995)	-	
Business-Type Activities: MTC Clipper® smart card Toll Bridge Activities Express Lane Activities Congestion Relief	39,539,063 786,131,573 65,538,144 20,076,445	11,578,160 776,133,557 60,253,182 6,490,693	10,366,229 88,833,935 942,807 13,373,585	23,443,205	45,387,594 864,967,492 61,195,989 19,864,278	- - -	5,848,531 78,835,919 (4,342,155) (212,167)	5,848,531 78,835,919 (4,342,155) (212,167)	- - -	
Total Business-Type Activities	911,285,225	854,455,592	113,516,556	23,443,205	991,415,353		80,130,128	80,130,128	-	
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$ 1,089,460,819	\$ 854,455,592	8 289,961,155	\$ 23,443,205	\$ 1,167,859,952	(1,730,995)	80,130,128	78,399,133	<u> </u>	
Component Unit: BAHA	<u>\$ 12,446,934</u>	\$ 10,381,034 <u>\$</u>	5 195,321	\$ -	<u>\$ 10,576,355</u>			_	(1,870,579)	
Total Component Unit	\$ 12,446,934	\$ 10,381,034 \$	5 195,321	\$ -	\$ 10,576,355			-	(1,870,579)	
		General Revenues: Sales tax Unrestricted investment earnings Return of contribution from BAHA Special Items Violation penalty refund Transfers			16,821,183 (1,316,225) - 17,939,957	223,440,468 1,080,623 (26,741,329) (17,939,957)	16,821,183 222,124,243 1,080,623 (26,741,329	1,090,530 (1,080,623)		
		Total General R Change in Net P	-	Items, and Trar	sfers	<u>33,444,915</u> 31,713,920	<u>179,839,805</u> 259,969,933	213,284,720 291,683,853		
		Net Position - B	eginning, as rest	ated*		450,888,972	(6,750,762,063)	(6,299,873,091	) 229,987,718	
		Net Position - E	nding			\$ 482,602,892	\$ (6,490,792,130)	\$ (6,008,189,238	5) \$ 228,127,046	

\* For beginning balance of Business-type Activities, see Note 1 AE for further information.

## Metropolitan Transportation Commission Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (For comparative information purposes)

						Ň	let (Expenses) Reve	nues and Changes i	n Net Position	
			Program	Revenues			Primary Governmer	nt	Compone	ent Units
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Total Program Revenues	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	BAHA	BAIFA
Functions										
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities: General Government Transportation	\$ 100,422,369 110,297,886	\$ - : -	\$ 67,797,227 75,383,928	\$	\$ 67,797,227 75,383,928	\$ (32,625,142) (34,913,958)	\$ - S	(32,625,142) (34,913,958)	6 - -	\$
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	210,720,255	-	143,181,155		143,181,155	(67,539,100)		(67,539,100)		
Business-Type Activities: MTC Clipper® smart card Toll Bridge Activities Congestion Relief	52,384,899 747,115,923 16,989,479	7,664,195 862,820,772 6,697,594	11,855,614 92,534,021 11,394,548	11,122,129	30,641,938 955,354,793 18,092,142	- - -	(21,742,961) 208,238,870 1,102,663	(21,742,961) 208,238,870 1,102,663	- - -	- - -
Total Business-Type Activities	816,490,301	877,182,561	115,784,183	11,122,129	1,004,088,873		187,598,572	187,598,572	-	
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$ 1,027,210,556	\$ 877,182,561	\$ 258,965,338	\$ 11,122,129	\$ 1,147,270,028	(67,539,100)	187,598,572	120,059,472		
Component Units: BAHA BAIFA Total Component Units	\$ 12,429,227 76,906,314 \$ 89,335,541	29,698,089	96,371		\$ 10,772,825 29,794,460 \$ 40,567,285				(1,656,402) (1,656,402)	<u>(47,111,854)</u> (47,111,854)
		Sal Un	eral Revenues: les tax restricted investn turn of contributions (sfers	e		14,117,813 2,679,092 	123,495,333 1,000,000 (25,075,562)	14,117,813 126,174,425 1,000,000	7,727 (1,000,000)	67,511
		Tota	l General Reven	ues and Transfei	S	41,872,467	99,419,771	141,292,238	(992,273)	67,511

287,018,343

(7,270,812,490)

261,351,710

(6,794,256,885)

<u>\$450,888,972</u> <u>\$(6,983,794,147)</u> <u>\$(6,532,905,175)</u> <u>\$229,987,718</u> <u>\$179,838,025</u>

(2,648,675)

232,636,393

(47,044,343)

226,882,368

(25,666,633)

476,555,605

\* As restated in fiscal year 2021, beginning balance of Governmental Activities reflected the impact of GASB Statement 84 adoption.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Change in Net Position** 

**Net Position - Ending** 

Net Position - Beginning, as restated\*

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

			Sp					
	General	AB 664 Net Toll Revenue Reserve	State Transit Assistance	Rail Reserves	BART Car Exchange	Bay Area Housing Finance Authority	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash - unrestricted	\$ 51,986,633	\$ 71,912,483	\$ 105,781,174	\$ 16,321,708	\$ - \$	19,841,704	\$ 71,525,760	\$ 337,369,462
Cash - restricted	7,878,503	-	-	-	3,776,582	-	-	11,655,085
Investments - unrestricted	-	50,083,704	-	15,347,304	-	-	10,325,072	75,756,080
Investment - restricted	-	-	-	-	352,867,225	-	-	352,867,225
Accounts receivable	2,395,153	-	-	-	-	-	42,990	2,438,143
Interest receivable	39,767	150,417	237,212	23,868	623,003	-	35,471	1,109,738
State / Caltrans funding receivable	2,487,697	-	21,656,001	-	-	-	-	24,143,698
Federal funding receivable	20,425,335	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,425,335
Due from Other Funds	1,940,679	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,940,679
Due from other governments	3,100,442	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,100,442
Pension 115 Trust	2,900,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,900,000
Prepaid items and other assets	1,027,203					-		1,027,203
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 94,181,412	\$ 122,146,604	\$ 127,674,387	\$ 31,692,880	\$ 357,266,810 \$	19,841,704	\$ 81,929,293	\$ 834,733,090
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$ 16,903,580	\$ 18,407,351	\$ 8,854,121	\$ 62,615	\$ 7,981,322 \$	27,887	\$ 107,183	\$ 52,344,059
Accrued interest payable	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	65
Deposit payable	250,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250,000
Unearned revenue	9,238,582	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,238,582
Retention payable	597,955	-	-	-	-	-	-	597,955
Due to other funds	2,302,830		4,081,475			41,246	302,100	6,727,651
TOTAL LIABILITIES	29,293,012	18,407,351	12,935,596	62,615	7,981,322	69,133	409,283	69,158,312
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred revenue		137,601,032		110,522,902	<u> </u>	-	32,701,351	280,825,285
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	137,601,032		110,522,902		-	32,701,351	280,825,285

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		General	AB 664 Net Toll Revenue Reserve	State Transit Assistance	F	Rail Reserves	BART Car Exchange	Bay Area Housing Finance Authority	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable										
Prepaid items	\$	1,027,203	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,027,203
Restricted for:										
Transportation projects		-	-	114,738,791		-	-	-	26,374,926	141,113,717
Rail projects		-	-	-		-	349,285,488	-	-	349,285,488
Housing projects		-	-	-		-	-	19,772,571	-	19,772,571
Pension		2,900,000	-	-		-	-	-	-	2,900,000
Committed to:										
Benefits reserve		2,208,732	-	-		-	-	-	-	2,208,732
Liability reserve		1,171,720	-	-		-	-	-	-	1,171,720
Transportation projects		4,836,487	-	-		-	-	-	22,443,733	27,280,220
Unassigned	_	52,744,258	(33,861,779)			(78,892,637)				(60,010,158)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		64,888,400	(33,861,779)	114,738,791		(78,892,637)	349,285,488	19,772,571	48,818,659	484,749,493
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	94,181,412	\$ 122,146,604	<u>\$ 127,674,387</u>	\$	31,692,880	\$ 357,266,810	<u>\$ 19,841,704</u>	\$ 81,929,293	\$ 834,733,090

## Metropolitan Transportation Commission Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Governmental funds balance	\$ 484,749,493
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statement.	302,540
Underabsorption of applied overhead is recorded as unearned revenue as it is not available in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the fund statement.	(2,491,595)
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statement.	(5,810,169)
Net pension liability / (asset) and related accounts (deferred outflows/inflows) are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statement.	989,684
Net OPEB liability/asset and related accounts (deferred outflows/inflows) are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statement.	 4,862,939
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 482,602,892

## Metropolitan Transportation Commission Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2021 (For comparative information purposes)

	 General	664 Net Toll venue Reserve	State Transit Assistance	Rail Reserves	BART Car Exchange	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash - unrestricted	\$ 41,183,708	\$ 89,136,654 \$	92,249,748 \$	\$ 24,275,239 \$	- 5	5 70,969,234 \$	317,814,583
Cash - restricted	5,787,317	-	-	-	110,185	-	5,897,502
Investments - unrestricted	-	49,997,650	-	7,349,787	-	10,399,585	67,747,022
Investment - restricted	-	-	-	-	367,459,705	-	367,459,705
Accounts receivable	1,645,350	-	-	-	-	-	1,645,350
Interest receivable	191	50,336	287,487	8,342	13,805	254	360,415
State/ Caltrans funding receivable	2,386,880	-	15,632,905	-	-	-	18,019,785
Federal funding receivable	19,622,506	-	-	-	-	-	19,622,506
Due from Other Funds	2,736,063	-	-	-	-	-	2,736,063
Due from other governments	3,994,112	-	-	-	-	-	3,994,112
Pension 115 Trust	2,900,000	-	-	-	-	-	2,900,000
Prepaid items and other assets	 979,822	 				_	979,822
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 81,235,949	\$ 139,184,640 \$	108,170,140 \$	\$ 31,633,368 \$	367,583,695	8 81,369,073	809,176,865
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$ 12,352,533	\$ 12,637,906 \$	7,621,957 \$	\$ 445 \$	3,827,645	5 1,301,481 \$	37,741,967
Accrued interest payable	39	-	-	-	-	-	39
Deposit payable	250,000	-	-	-	-	-	250,000
Unearned revenue	7,101,030	-	-	-	-	-	7,101,030
Retention payable	589,313	-	-	-	-	-	589,313
Due to other funds	3,118,196	-	1,908,227	-	-	588,506	5,614,929
Due to other governments	 235,758	 -	-	-	-	-	235,758
TOTAL LIABILITIES	23,646,869	 12,637,906	9,530,184	445	3,827,645	1,889,987	51,533,036
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>							
Deferred revenue	 -	 144,916,493		116,462,635		34,425,769	295,804,897
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 -	 144,916,493		116,462,635		34,425,769	295,804,897

# Metropolitan Transportation Commission Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

# (For comparative information purposes)

	-	General	B 664 Net Toll	State Transit Assistance		Rail Reserves	BART Car Exchange	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable									
Prepaid items	\$	979,822	\$ - \$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$ - \$	979,822
Restricted for:									
Transportation projects		-	-	98,639,956		-	-	22,050,487	120,690,443
Rail projects		-	-	-		-	363,756,050	-	363,756,050
Pension		2,900,000	-	-		-	-	-	2,900,000
Committed to:									
Benefits reserve		5,534,545	-	-		-	-	-	5,534,545
Liability reserve		124,279	-	-		-	-	-	124,279
Transportation projects		3,776,578	-	-		-	-	23,002,830	26,779,408
Unassigned	_	44,273,856	 (18,369,759)	-		(84,829,712)			(58,925,615)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		57,589,080	 (18,369,759)	98,639,956	-	(84,829,712)	363,756,050	45,053,317	461,838,932
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF									
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	81,235,949	\$ 139,184,640 \$	108,170,140	\$	31,633,368 \$	367,583,695	\$ 81,369,073 \$	809,176,865

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021 (For comparative information purposes)

Governmental funds balance	\$ 461,838,932
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statement.	415,897
Underabsorption of applied overhead is recorded as unearned revenue as it is not available in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the fund statement.	(1,301,053)
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statement.	(6,427,839)
Net pension liability and related accounts (deferred outflows/inflows) are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statement.	(8,561,829)
Net OPEB liability and related accounts (deferred outflows/inflows) are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statement.	 4,924,864
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 450,888,972

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES         Substrate         Bay Area Hossistance         Bay Area Hossistance         Bay Area Hossistance         Bay Area Hossistance         Bay Area Hossistance         Bay Area Hossistance         Bow-Major Exchange         Total Governmental Finance           Substrates         Sales				Speci	al Revenue Fund	ls		_	
Sales Taxes       \$ 16,821,183       \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		General			Rail Reserves		Housing Finance	Governmental	Governmental
Sales Taxes       \$ 16,821,183       \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	REVENHES								
Federal Grants       53,469,915       - <td></td> <td>\$ 16.821.183</td> <td>s -</td> <td>s -</td> <td>s -</td> <td>s - s</td> <td>-</td> <td>s - s</td> <td>16.821.183</td>		\$ 16.821.183	s -	s -	s -	s - s	-	s - s	16.821.183
State Grants         26,532,642         -         80,870,728         -         -         -         3,411,000         110,814,370           Local agencies revenues and refunds         11,287,958         5,246         2,049,381         3,739         -         -         4,542         13,350,866           Investment income - unrestricted         64,124         299,572         (2,581,532)         57,552         -         3,211         7,11,53         (2,085,520)           TOTAL REVENUES         108,175,822         304,818         80,338,577         61,291         769,695         3,211         3,486,695         193,140,109           EXPENDITURES         0         0         0.78,933         5,013         -         1,979         4,875         230,640         67,750         80,389,190           Allocations to other agencies         19,650,838         23,107,286         49,558,530         61,970         15,225,382         -         155,526         107,769,532           Capital outlay         10,783         -         -         -         -         -         -         10,883           Current:         99,740,554         23,112,299         49,558,530         63,949         15,240,257         230,640         223,276         188,169,505		. , ,	-	-	÷ -	-	_	φ φ -	, ,
Investment income - unrestricted         64,124         299,572         (2,581,532)         57,552         -         3,211         71,153         (2,085,920)           TOTAL REVENUES         108,175,822         304,818         80,338,577         61,291         769,695         3,211         3,486,695         193,140,109           EXPENDITURES         108,175,822         304,818         80,338,577         61,291         769,695         3,211         3,486,695         193,140,109           EXPENDITURES         Current:         General Government         80,078,933         5,013         -         1.979         4,875         230,640         67,750         80,389,190           Allocations to other agencies         19,650,838         23,107,286         49,558,530         61,970         15,235,382         -         155,526         107,769,532           Capital outlay         10,783         -         -         -         -         10,783         -         10,783           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         99,740,554         23,112,299         49,558,530         63,949         15,240,257         230,640         223,276         188,169,505           OVER/(WDER) EXPENDITURES         8,435,268         (22,807,481)         30,780,047         (2,658)         (14,470,562)	State Grants		-	80,870,728	-	-	-	3,411,000	, ,
Investment income - restricted         Image: Comparison of the second of the seco	Local agencies revenues and refunds	11,287,958	5,246	2,049,381	3,739	-	-	4,542	13,350,866
TOTAL REVENUES         108,175,822         304,818         80,338,577         61,291         769,695         3,211         3,486,695         193,140,109           EXPENDITURES           Current: General Government Allocations to other agencies Capital outlay         80,078,933         5,013         -         1,979         4,875         230,640         67,750         80,389,190           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         99,650,838         23,107,286         49,558,530         61,970         15,235,382         -         155,526         107,769,532           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         99,740,554         23,112,299         49,558,530         63,949         15,240,257         230,640         223,276         188,169,505           EXCESS/(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER/(UNDER) EXPENDITURES         8,435,268         (22,807,481)         30,780,047         (2,658)         (14,470,562)         (227,429)         3,263,419         4,970,604           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         18,864,052         7,315,461         -         5,939,733         -         20,000,000         1,724,418         53,843,664           Transfers In Transfers Out         11,135,948         7,315,461         -         5,939,733         -         20,000,000         501,923         17,939,957           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES<	Investment income - unrestricted	64,124	299,572	(2,581,532)	57,552	-	3,211	71,153	(2,085,920)
EXPENDITURES           Current: General Government Allocations to other agencies Capital outlay         80,078,933 19,650,838 23,107,286 19,650,838 23,107,286 19,558,530 10,770 15,235,382 10,783 10,783 10,783 10,783 10,783 10,783 10,783 10,783 10,783 10,783 10,783 10,783 10,783 10,783 10,783 10,783 10,783 10,780,047         1,979 4,875 230,640 15,235,382 10,770 15,235,382 10,770 15,235,382 10,770 10,783 10,780,047         15,556 107,769,532 10,776 15,556 107,769,532 10,776 10,783 10,783 10,783 10,780,047           EXCESS/(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER/(UNDER) EXPENDITURES         99,740,554 23,112,299 49,558,530 63,949 15,240,257 230,640 223,276 188,169,505         188,169,505 188,169,505           EXCESS/(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER/(UNDER) EXPENDITURES         8,435,268 (22,807,481) 30,780,047 (2,658) (14,470,562) (12,7429) 3,263,419 4,970,604         4,970,604 223,276 188,169,505           Transfers In Transfers Out         18,864,052 (20,000,000) - (14,681,212) (1,222,495) (35,903,707)         1,724,418 (35,903,707) - (1,222,495) (35,903,707)           TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         (1,135,948) 7,315,461 (14,681,212) (1,222,495) (35,903,707)         20,000,000 (501,923 (17,939,957)           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES         7,299,320 (15,492,020) 16,098,835 (18,369,759) 98,639,956 (84,829,712) 363,756,050 - 45,053,317 461,838,932	Investment income - restricted		-	-	-	769,695	-	-	769,695
Current:       General Government       80,078,933       5,013       -       1,979       4,875       230,640       67,750       80,389,190         Allocations to other agencies       19,650,838       23,107,286       49,558,530       61,970       15,235,382       -       155,526       107,769,532         Capital outlay       10,783       -       -       -       10,783       -       -       10,783         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       99,740,554       23,112,299       49,558,530       63,949       15,240,257       230,640       223,276       188,169,505         EXCESS/(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES       99,740,554       23,112,299       49,558,530       63,949       15,240,257       230,640       223,276       188,169,505         EXCESS/(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES       99,740,554       23,112,299       49,558,530       63,949       15,240,257       230,640       223,276       188,169,505         Transfers In       18,864,052       7,315,461       -       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       1,724,418       53,843,664         Transfers Out       11,35,948       7,315,461       (14,681,212)       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       501,923       17,939,957         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       7,	TOTAL REVENUES	108,175,822	304,818	80,338,577	61,291	769,695	3,211	3,486,695	193,140,109
General Government       80,078,933       5,013       -       1,979       4,875       230,640       67,750       80,389,190         Allocations to other agencies       19,650,838       23,107,286       49,558,530       61,970       15,235,382       -       155,526       107,769,532         Capital outlay       10,783       -       -       -       -       -       10,783         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       99,740,554       23,112,299       49,558,530       63,949       15,240,257       230,640       223,276       188,169,505         EXCESS/(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER/(UNDER) EXPENDITURES       8,435,268       (22,807,481)       30,780,047       (2,658)       (14,470,562)       (227,429)       3,263,419       4,970,604         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       18,864,052       7,315,461       -       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       1,724,418       53,843,664         Transfers In Transfers Out       18,864,052       7,315,461       -       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       1,724,418       53,843,664         ToTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       (1,135,948)       7,315,461       (14,681,212)       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       501,923       17,939,957         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	EXPENDITURES								
Allocations to other agencies       19,650,838       23,107,286       49,558,530       61,970       15,235,382       -       155,526       107,769,532         Capital outlay       10,783       -       -       -       -       -       10,783         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       99,740,554       23,112,299       49,558,530       63,949       15,240,257       230,640       223,276       188,169,505         EXCESS/(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES       99,740,554       23,112,299       49,558,530       63,949       15,240,257       230,640       223,276       188,169,505         EXCESS/(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES       99,740,554       23,112,299       49,558,530       63,949       15,240,257       230,640       223,276       188,169,505         EXCESS/(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES       8,435,268       (22,807,481)       30,780,047       (2,658)       (14,470,562)       (227,429)       3,263,419       4,970,604         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       18,864,052       7,315,461       -       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       1,724,418       53,843,664         Transfers Out       10,783       7,315,461       (14,681,212)       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       501,923       17,939,957         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	Current:								
Capital outlay       10,783       -       -       -       -       10,783         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       99,740,554       23,112,299       49,558,530       63,949       15,240,257       230,640       223,276       188,169,505         EXCESS/(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER/(UNDER) EXPENDITURES       8,435,268       (22,807,481)       30,780,047       (2,658)       (14,470,562)       (227,429)       3,263,419       4,970,604         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       18,864,052       7,315,461       -       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       1,724,418       53,843,664         Transfers Out       10,783       113,5948       7,315,461       -       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       1,724,418       53,843,664         SOURCES (USES)       113,5948       7,315,461       (14,681,212)       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       501,923       17,939,957         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       7,299,320       (15,492,020)       16,098,835       5,937,075       (14,470,562)       19,772,571       3,765,342       22,910,561         Fund balances - beginning       57,589,080       (18,369,759)       98,639,956       (84,829,712)       363,756,050       -       45,053,317       461,838,932	General Government	80,078,933	5,013	-	1,979	4,875	230,640	67,750	80,389,190
TOTAL EXPENDITURES       99,740,554       23,112,299       49,558,530       63,949       15,240,257       230,640       223,276       188,169,505         EXCESS/(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER/(UNDER) EXPENDITURES       8,435,268       (22,807,481)       30,780,047       (2,658)       (14,470,562)       (227,429)       3,263,419       4,970,604         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out       18,864,052       7,315,461       -       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       1,724,418       53,843,664         Transfers In Transfers Out       18,864,052       7,315,461       -       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       1,724,418       53,843,664         Transfers Out       0.11,135,948       7,315,461       -       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       501,923       17,939,957         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       7,299,320       (15,492,020)       16,098,835       5,937,075       (14,470,562)       19,772,571       3,765,342       22,910,561         Fund balances - beginning       57,589,080       (18,369,759)       98,639,956       (84,829,712)       363,756,050       -       45,053,317       461,838,932	Allocations to other agencies	19,650,838	23,107,286	49,558,530	61,970	15,235,382	-	155,526	107,769,532
EXCESS/(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER/(UNDER) EXPENDITURES       8,435,268       (22,807,481)       30,780,047       (2,658)       (14,470,562)       (227,429)       3,263,419       4,970,604         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out       18,864,052       7,315,461       -       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       1,724,418       53,843,664         Transfers Out       (20,000,000)       -       (14,681,212)       -       -       (1,222,495)       (35,903,707)         TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       (1,135,948)       7,315,461       (14,681,212)       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       501,923       17,939,957         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       7,299,320       (15,492,020)       16,098,835       5,937,075       (14,470,562)       19,772,571       3,765,342       22,910,561         Fund balances - beginning       57,589,080       (18,369,759)       98,639,956       (84,829,712)       363,756,050       -       45,053,317       461,838,932	Capital outlay	10,783	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,783
OVER/UNDER) EXPÉNDITURES         8,435,268         (22,807,481)         30,780,047         (2,658)         (14,470,562)         (227,429)         3,263,419         4,970,604           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Transfers In         18,864,052         7,315,461         -         5,939,733         -         20,000,000         1,724,418         53,843,664           Transfers Out         (11,135,948)         7,315,461         -         (14,681,212)         -         -         (1,222,495)         (35,903,707)           TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         (1,135,948)         7,315,461         (14,681,212)         5,939,733         -         20,000,000         501,923         17,939,957           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES         7,299,320         (15,492,020)         16,098,835         5,937,075         (14,470,562)         19,772,571         3,765,342         22,910,561           Fund balances - beginning         57,589,080         (18,369,759)         98,639,956         (84,829,712)         363,756,050         -         45,053,317         461,838,932	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	99,740,554	23,112,299	49,558,530	63,949	15,240,257	230,640	223,276	188,169,505
Transfers In Transfers Out       18,864,052       7,315,461       -       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       1,724,418       53,843,664         Transfers Out       . <td></td> <td>8,435,268</td> <td>(22,807,481)</td> <td>30,780,047</td> <td>(2,658)</td> <td>(14,470,562)</td> <td>(227,429)</td> <td>3,263,419</td> <td>4,970,604</td>		8,435,268	(22,807,481)	30,780,047	(2,658)	(14,470,562)	(227,429)	3,263,419	4,970,604
Transfers In Transfers Out       18,864,052       7,315,461       -       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       1,724,418       53,843,664         Transfers Out       . <td>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers Out       (20,000,000)       -       (14,681,212)       -       -       -       (1,222,495)       (35,903,707)         TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       (1,135,948)       7,315,461       (14,681,212)       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       501,923       17,939,957         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       7,299,320       (15,492,020)       16,098,835       5,937,075       (14,470,562)       19,772,571       3,765,342       22,910,561         Fund balances - beginning       57,589,080       (18,369,759)       98,639,956       (84,829,712)       363,756,050       -       45,053,317       461,838,932		18 864 052	7 315 461		5 030 733		20,000,000	1 724 418	53 843 664
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         (1,135,948)         7,315,461         (14,681,212)         5,939,733         -         20,000,000         501,923         17,939,957           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES         7,299,320         (15,492,020)         16,098,835         5,937,075         (14,470,562)         19,772,571         3,765,342         22,910,561           Fund balances - beginning         57,589,080         (18,369,759)         98,639,956         (84,829,712)         363,756,050         -         45,053,317         461,838,932		, ,	7,515,401	$(14\ 681\ 212)$			20,000,000	· · ·	· · ·
SOURCES (USES)       (1,135,948)       7,315,461       (14,681,212)       5,939,733       -       20,000,000       501,923       17,939,957         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES       7,299,320       (15,492,020)       16,098,835       5,937,075       (14,470,562)       19,772,571       3,765,342       22,910,561         Fund balances - beginning       57,589,080       (18,369,759)       98,639,956       (84,829,712)       363,756,050       -       45,053,317       461,838,932		(20,000,000)		(17,001,212)				(1,222,775)	(33,703,707)
Fund balances - beginning       57,589,080       (18,369,759)       98,639,956       (84,829,712)       363,756,050       -       45,053,317       461,838,932		(1,135,948)	7,315,461	(14,681,212)	5,939,733		20,000,000	501,923	17,939,957
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	7,299,320	(15,492,020)	16,098,835	5,937,075	(14,470,562)	19,772,571	3,765,342	22,910,561
Fund balances - ending \$ 64.888.400 \$ (33.861.779) \$ 114.738.791 \$ (78.892.637) \$ 349.285.488 \$ 19.772.571 \$ 48.818.659 \$ 484.749.493	Fund balances - beginning	57,589,080	(18,369,759)	98,639,956	(84,829,712)	363,756,050	-	45,053,317	461,838,932
	Fund balances - ending	\$ 64.888.400	\$ (33.861.779)	\$ 114,738,791	\$ (78.892.637)	\$ 349.285.488 \$	19.772.571	\$ 48.818.659 \$	484,749,493

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (For comparative information purposes)

			Special Rev	venue Funds			
		AB 664 Net Toll Revenue Reserve	State Transit Assistance	Rail Reserves	BART Car Exchange	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Sales Taxes Federal Grants State Grants Local agencies revenues and refunds Investment income - unrestricted Investment income - restricted TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 14,117,813 \$ 56,689,023 7,499,903 9,982,579 17,400 	412,662	\$ - 64,509,346 3,079,356 1,765,125 - 69,353,827	\$ - \$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	380,218	\$ - \$ 3,374,680 36,762 3,411,442	14,117,813 56,689,023 75,383,929 13,061,935 2,298,874 380,218 161,931,792
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current: General Government Allocations to other agencies Capital outlay	81,997,085 18,632,562 316,647	6,262 28,356,967	40,797,424	1,929 2,316,843	4,770 38,096,083	904,248 730,570	82,914,294 128,930,449 316,647
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	100,946,294	28,363,229	40,797,424	2,318,772	38,100,853	1,634,818	212,161,390
EXCESS/(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER/(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(12,639,576)	(27,950,567)	28,556,403	(2,251,847)	(37,720,635)	1,776,624	(50,229,598)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	19,297,306	7,614,184	(7,284,109)	6,182,279	-	1,794,835 (2,528,933)	34,888,604 (9,813,042)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	19,297,306	7,614,184	(7,284,109)	6,182,279	-	(734,098)	25,075,562
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	6,657,730	(20,336,383)	21,272,294	3,930,432	(37,720,635)	1,042,526	(25,154,036)
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	50,931,350	1,966,624	77,367,662 *		401,476,685	44,010,791	486,992,968
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 57,589,080 </u> \$	(18,369,759)	\$ 98,639,956	\$ (84,829,712) \$	363,756,050	\$ 45,053,317 \$	461,838,932

\*In fiscal year 2021, beginning balance was restated due to the adoption of GASB Statement 84.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With comparative information for the prior year)

	2022	2021
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances)	\$ 22,910,561	\$ (25,154,036)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation expense exceeds (does not exceed) non capital lease capital outlays in the current period. See Note 1.N.	(113,357)	170,516
Principal repayment on capital leases is an expenditure in the governmental funds; however, the principal element of the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. The amount is the effect of the differing treatment of capital lease principal repayment.	-	51,287
Governmental funds report under absorption of applied overhead as unearned revenue; however, in the Statement of Activities, the underabsorption is reported as revenue.	(1,190,548)	(1,953,734)
Some items do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Change in compensated absences	617,670	(1,462,672)
Change in net pension liability/asset and related accounts	9,551,514	3,556,424
Change in net OPEB liability/asset and related accounts	(61,920)	(874,418)
Change in net position of governmental activities (per Statement of Activities)	\$ 31,713,920	<u>\$ (25,666,633)</u>

	1	Bay Area Toll Authority	Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways	BAIFA	Non-major Proprietary Fund MTC-Clipper <sup>®</sup>	Total Enterprise Funds
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash - unrestricted	\$	130,829,793	\$ 15,633,527 \$	70,203,277	\$ 31,952,012 \$	248,618,609
Cash - restricted		139,909,388	-	-	1,436,739	141,346,127
Due from other funds		15,261,992	2,302,830	2,919,186	6,913,925	27,397,933
Due from other governments		618,922	-	-	-	618,922
Accounts receivables		30,016,660	-	3,040,313	3,461,770	36,518,743
Accrued interest		22,951,978	5,648	172,928	-	23,130,554
Prepaid expenses and other assets		235,496	3,027	488	875	239,886
Funding due from State/ Caltrans		6,169,249	4,990,067	-	995	11,160,311
Funding due from Federal			<u> </u>		3,867,959	3,867,959
Total current assets		345,993,478	22,935,099	76,336,192	47,634,275	492,899,044
Non-current assets:						
Cash - restricted		122,612,335	-	5,796,181	-	128,408,516
Investments - restricted		2,276,690,332	-	70,023,256	-	2,346,713,588
Net pension asset		8,075,521	134,856	330,948	443,576	8,984,901
Net OPEB asset		580,512	40,633	99,715	133,651	854,511
Capital assets not being depreciated		769,688	-	7,873,447	59,967,141	68,610,276
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization		2,991,305	187,890	120,701,148	22,106,237	145,986,580
Total non-current assets		2,411,719,693	363,379	204,824,695	82,650,605	2,699,558,372
TOTAL ASSETS		2,757,713,171	23,298,478	281,160,887	130,284,880	3,192,457,416
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred amount of refunding		431,468,732	-	-	-	431,468,732
Deferred charges		280,825,285	-	-	-	280,825,285
Deferred outflows from pensions		1,953,945	226,686	556,297	745,618	3,482,546
Deferred outflows from OPEB		1,452,434	101,664	249,487	334,394	2,137,979
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		715,700,396	328,350	805,784	1,080,012	717,914,542

	H	Bay Area Toll Authority	Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways	BAIFA	Non-major Proprietary Fund MTC-Clipper <sup>®</sup>	Total Enterprise Funds
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	121,618,995	\$ 2,253,600	\$ 7,666,624	\$ 10,789,800 \$	142,329,019
Accrued interest payable		94,491,382	-	-	-	94,491,382
Due to other funds		7,348,969	-	261,992	15,000,000	22,610,961
Unearned revenue		130,086,462	-	-	-	130,086,462
Retention payable		357,475	-	1,993,726	3,609,556	5,960,757
Long term debt - current		86,155,000	-	-	-	86,155,000
Compensated absences - current		994,424	60,117	155,540	202,741	1,412,822
Lease liability - current		1,424,030	<u> </u>	-	-	1,424,030
Total current liabilities		442,476,737	2,313,717	10,077,882	29,602,097	484,470,433
Non-current liabilities:						
Unearned revenue/ Patron deposits		3,762,891	-	-	-	3,762,891
Long term debt, net		9,640,641,699	-	-	-	9,640,641,699
Derivative instruments		261,589,656	-	-	-	261,589,656
Compensated absences		1,440,241	87,068	225,271	293,634	2,046,214
Lease liability		602,222			-	602,222
Total non-current liabilities		9,908,036,709	87,068	225,271	293,634	9,908,642,682
TOTAL LIABILITIES		10,350,513,446	2,400,785	10,303,153	29,895,731	10,393,113,115
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows from pensions		4,872,924	341,082	837,030	1,121,887	7,172,923
Deferred inflows from OPEB		596,503	41,752	102,462	137,333	878,050
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		5,469,427	382,834	939,492	1,259,220	8,050,973
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		1,534,741	187,890	125,441,891	73,398,416	200,562,938
Restricted for:		, ,	,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Capital Projects		-	-	75,819,437	1,436,739	77,256,176
Operations & Maintenance, under debt covenant		174,000,000	-	-	-	174,000,000
Extraordinary loss reserve, under Caltrans Coop		50,000,000	-	-	-	50,000,000
Regional Measure 3		431,119,100	-	-	-	431,119,100
Unrestricted		(7,539,223,147)	20,655,319	69,462,698	25,374,786	(7,423,730,344)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(6,882,569,306)	\$ 20,843,209	\$ 270,724,026	\$ 100,209,941 \$	(6,490,792,130)

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021 (For comparative information purposes)

	M	TC-Clipper <sup>®</sup>	S Bay Area Toll Authority	Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways	Total Enterprise Funds
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash - unrestricted	\$	10,373,751 \$	117,779,344 \$	14,638,273 \$	142,791,368
Cash - restricted		2,701,378	136,218,342	-	138,919,720
Due from other Funds		3,864,478	-	3,118,196	6,982,674
Due from other governments		-	758,806	-	758,806
Accounts receivables		2,491,863	40,549,996	-	43,041,859
Accrued interest		-	19,127,585	94	19,127,679
Prepaid expenses and other assets		875	375,477	76,589	452,941
Funding due from State/ Caltrans		358,346	9,565,138	5,481,698	15,405,182
Funding due from Federal		6,079,023			6,079,023
Total current assets		25,869,714	324,374,688	23,314,850	373,559,252
Non-current assets:					
Cash - restricted		-	462,949,747	-	462,949,747
Investments - restricted		-	1,364,149,108	-	1,364,149,108
Net Pension Asset		-	1,864,330	-	1,864,330
Net OPEB Assets		301,400	1,274,955	97,714	1,674,069
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/ amortization			1,637,540	333,516	1,971,056
Total non-current assets		301,400	1,831,875,680	431,230	1,832,608,310
TOTAL ASSETS		26,171,114	2,156,250,368	23,746,080	2,206,167,562
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amount of refunding		-	441,653,844	-	441,653,844
Deferred charges		-	295,804,897	-	295,804,897
Deferred outflows from pension		912,850	2,646,536	295,944	3,855,330
Deferred outflows from OPEB		187,273	792,186	60,712	1,040,171
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,100,123	740,897,463	356,656	742,354,242

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021 (For comparative information purposes)

	M	TC-Clipper <sup>®</sup>	Bay Area Toll Authority	Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways	Total Enterprise Funds
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$	5,499,795 \$	84,555,755	5 1,597,425 \$	91,652,975
Accrued interest payable		-	92,363,953	-	92,363,953
Due to other funds		-	4,103,808	-	4,103,808
Due to other governments		-	2,488,106	-	2,488,106
Unearned revenue		-	116,496,041	-	116,496,041
Retention payable		2,301,226	766,718	-	3,067,944
Long term debt - current		-	39,905,000	-	39,905,000
Compensated absences - current		269,309	1,169,744	81,877	1,520,930
Total current liabilities		8,070,330	341,849,125	1,679,302	351,598,757
Non-current liabilities:					
Unearned revenue/ Patron deposits		-	12,140,232	-	12,140,232
Long term debt, net		-	9,039,470,391	-	9,039,470,391
Derivative instruments		-	524,706,323	-	524,706,323
Compensated absences		167,807	728,867	51,017	947,691
Net pension liability		1,339,599	-	434,297	1,773,896
Total non-current liabilities		1,507,406	9,577,045,813	485,314	9,579,038,533
TOTAL LIABILITIES		9,577,736	9,918,894,938	2,164,616	9,930,637,290
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows from pensions		138,953	587,786	45,049	771,788
Deferred inflows from OPEB		163,274	690,665	52,934	906,873
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		302,227	1,278,451	97,983	1,678,661
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		-	1,437,540	333,516	1,771,056
Restricted for:					
Capital projects		2,701,378	-	-	2,701,378
Operations & Maintenance, under debt covenant		-	180,000,000	-	180,000,000
Extraordinary loss reserve, under Caltrans Coop		-	50,000,000	-	50,000,000
Regional Measure 3		-	275,543,252	-	275,543,252
Unrestricted		14,689,896	(7,530,006,350)	21,506,621	(7,493,809,833)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	17,391,274 \$	(7,023,025,558)	\$ 21,840,137 \$	(6,983,794,147)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position -Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Bay Area Toll Authority	Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways	BAIFA	Non-major Proprietary Fund MTC-Clipper®	Total Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES Toll revenues collected Department of Motor Vehicles registration fees Revenues from operators Other operating revenues	\$	756,197,028 - - 19,936,529	\$ 6,490,693 	\$ 52,398,523 	\$ - \$ 11,578,160	808,595,551 6,490,693 11,578,160 27,791,188
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	_	776,133,557	6,490,693	60,253,182	11,578,160	854,455,592
OPERATING EXPENSES Operating expense incurred by Caltrans Operating expenses - Transbay JPA Towing contracts Professional fees Allocations to other agencies Salaries and benefits Repairs and maintenance Communication charges Depreciation and amortization Other operating expenses		2,701,257 5,572,468 91,394,302 40,768,961 14,592,199 2,9,409 2,137,211 33,150,851	- 16,716,968 984,115 - 866,475 447,357 250,005 145,626 665,899	15,654,158 2,156,932 11,204,317 2,343,451	26,146,687 1,991,242 2,700,277 3,953,292 1,661,882	$\begin{array}{c} 2,701,257\\ 5,572,468\\ 16,716,968\\ 134,179,262\\ 42,760,203\\ 20,315,883\\ 447,357\\ 279,414\\ 17,440,446\\ 37,822,083\end{array}$
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		190,346,658	20,076,445	31,358,858	36,453,380	278,235,341
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		585,786,899	(13,585,752)	28,894,324	(24,875,220)	576,220,251

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position -Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Non-major	
			Service Authority for		Proprietary Fund	T ( 1 F ( )
		Bay Area Toll Authority	Freeways and Expressways	BAIFA	MTC-Clipper <sup>®</sup>	Total Enterprise Funds
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment income (loss)	\$	223,081,162 \$	10,957	\$ 228,156 \$	120,193 \$	223,440,468
Build America Bonds (BABs) interest subsidy		71,326,571	-	-	-	71,326,571
Interest expense		(434,113,841)	-	-	-	(434,113,841)
Financing fees and bond issuance costs		(15,502,709)	-	-	-	(15,502,709)
Other non-operating expense		(6,038,810)	-	-	-	(6,038,810)
Caltrans/other agency grants and reimbursements		11,847,655	13,365,423	-	-	25,213,078
Federal grants		-	-	-	3,629,189	3,629,189
Distribution to other agencies		(54,900,429)	-	(17,163,246)	(3,085,683)	(75,149,358)
Capital, operating and maintenance expenses for other agencies		-	-	(17,016,040)	-	(17,016,040)
Distribution to Caltrans for their capital purposes		(85,229,126)	-	-	-	(85,229,126)
Return of contribution from BAHA		1,080,623	-	-	-	1,080,623
Other nonoperating revenues		5,659,709	8,162	 942,807	6,737,039	13,347,717
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES						
(EXPENSES)		(282,789,195)	13,384,542	 (33,008,323)	7,400,738	(295,012,238)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS, SPECIAL ITEMS, AND						
TRANSFERS		302,997,704	(201,210)	(4,113,999)	(17,474,482)	281,208,013
CONTRIBUTIONS, SPECIAL ITEMS, AND TRANSFERS						
Capital grants		-	-	-	23,443,206	23,443,206
Violation penalty refund (special item)		(26,741,329)	-	-	-	(26,741,329)
Transfers out		(30,332,843)	(795,718)	-	-	(31,128,561)
Transfers in		-	-	-	13,188,604	13,188,604
Transfer between programs		(105,467,280)	-	 95,000,000	10,467,280	-
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS, SPECIAL ITEMS, AND TRANSFERS		(162,541,452)	(795,718)	 95,000,000	47,099,090	(21,238,080)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		140,456,252	(996,928)	90,886,001	29,624,608	259,969,933
Total net position - beginning, as restated*		(7,023,025,558)	21,840,137	 179,838,025	70,585,333	(6,750,762,063)
Total net position - ending	\$	(6,882,569,306) \$	20,843,209	\$ 270,724,026 \$	100,209,941 \$	(6,490,792,130)
	_					

\* See Note 1 AE for further information.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position-Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (For comparative information purposes)

	MTC-Clipper <sup>®</sup>	Bay Area Toll Authority	Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways	Total Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES Toll revenues collected Department of Motor Vehicles registration fees Revenues from operators Other operating revenues	\$ - \$ 7,660,541 3,654	830,404,755 - - 32,416,017	6,697,594 - -	8 830,404,755 6,697,594 7,660,541 32,419,671
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	7,664,195	862,820,772	6,697,594	877,182,561
OPERATING EXPENSES Operating expenses incurred by Caltrans Operating expenses - Transbay JPA Towing contracts Professional fees Allocations to other agencies Salaries and benefits Repairs and maintenance Communication charges Depreciation and amortization Other operating expenses	20,328,105 1,577,297 2,964,969 1,826,923	1,853,406 5,384,027 71,409,971 32,954,751 13,339,813 - 53,177 1,576,138 22,695,871	14,161,434 649,125 944,601 154,369 289,904 156,215 633,829	$\begin{array}{c} 1,853,406\\ 5,384,027\\ 14,161,434\\ 92,387,201\\ 34,532,048\\ 17,249,383\\ 154,369\\ 343,081\\ 1,732,353\\ 25,156,623\end{array}$
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	26,697,294	149,267,154	16,989,477	192,953,925
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(19,033,099)	713,553,618	(10,291,883)	684,228,636

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position-Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (For comparative information purposes)

		MTC-Clipper <sup>®</sup>	Bay Area Toll Authority	Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways	Total Enterprise Funds
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	<u>_</u>			· · · · · · · ·	
Investment income (charge)	\$	50,568 \$	123,439,058	\$ 5,707 \$	123,495,333
Build America Bonds (BABs) interest subsidy		-	71,722,983	-	71,722,983
Interest expense		-	(436,732,299)	-	(436,732,299)
Financing fees and bond issuance costs Caltrans/ other agency grants		-	(11,070,782) 7,876,473	11,378,429	(11,070,782) 19,254,902
Federal grants		9.895.908	7,870,473	11,378,429	9,895,908
Distribution to other agencies for their capital purposes		(25,687,604)	(101,687,453)	-	(127,375,057)
Distribution to Caltrans for their capital purpose		(23,007,001)	(48,358,237)	-	(48,358,237)
Return of contribution from BAHA		-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Other nonoperating revenues		1,959,706	12,934,564	16,119	14,910,389
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		(13,781,422)	(380,875,693)	11,400,255	(383,256,860)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS, SPECIAL ITEMS AND TRANSFERS		(32,814,521)	332,677,925	1,108,372	300,971,776
CONTRIBUTIONS, SPECIAL ITEMS AND TRANSFERS					
Capital Grants		11,122,129	-	-	11,122,129
Transfers out		-	(30,600,345)	(557,421)	(31,157,766)
Transfers in		6,082,204	-	-	6,082,204
Transfer between programs		11,442,236	(11,442,236)	-	-
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS, SPECIAL ITEMS, AND TRANSFERS		28,646,569	(42,042,581)	(557,421)	(13,953,433)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(4,167,952)	290,635,344	550,951	287,018,343
Total net position - beginning		21,559,226	(7,313,660,902)	21,289,186	(7,270,812,490)
Total net position - ending	\$	17,391,274 \$	(7,023,025,558)	\$ 21,840,137 \$	(6,983,794,147)

# **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Bay Area Toll Authority	F	Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways	BAIFA		ajor Fund Clipper®	Total
Cash flows from operating activities Cash receipts from users / operations Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments for employee salaries and benefits Cash receipts for interfund services Cash payments for interfund services Other cash receipts Other cash payments Net cash provided by/(used in)	\$	793,091,071 (158,094,318) (15,349,574) 2,119,076 (2,488,106) 5,145,561	\$	6,525,212 \$ (18,326,420) (989,638) 8,162 (50,000)	61,384,477 (33,403,333) (2,615,878) - - (44,376)	(27 (3 13	,390,642 \$ ,937,940) ,279,340) ,513,398 ,737,039	872,391,402 (237,762,011) (22,234,430) 15,640,636 (2,538,106) 11,882,600 (44,376)
operating activities	_	624,423,710		(12,832,684)	25,320,890		423,799	637,335,715
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities Caltrans and other state and local agency grants Proceeds from issuance of bonds Build America Bonds interest subsidy Interest paid on bonds Financing fees Federal grants Transfers (to)/from other Funds Due to/(from) other Funds Bond principal payments Proceeds for refunding bonds Distributions to Caltrans Distributions to other agencies Return of contribution from BAHA Contribution from BATA to BAIFA Net cash provided by/(used in) non-capital financing activities	_	9,746,320 700,000,000 71,437,383 (411,454,789) (16,186,983) (24,694,426) (15,000,000) (76,705,000) 13,779,797 (81,414,524) (66,514,504) 1,080,623 (95,000,000) 9,073,897		13,822,534	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	(3	,218,523 ,093,038 ,095,683) ,085,683) ,225,878	23,568,854 700,000,000 71,437,383 (411,454,789) (16,186,983) 7,218,523 (2,601,388) (15,000,000) (76,705,000) 13,779,797 (81,414,524) (92,901,165) 1,080,623
<b>Cash flows from capital and related financing activities</b> Capital grant Acquisition of capital assets	_	(581,589)		-	(9,807,289)		,639,897 ,096,145)	21,639,897 (38,485,023)
Net cash provided by/(used in) capital and related financing activities		(581,589)			(9,807,289)	(6	,456,248)	(16,845,126)
Cash flows from investing activities Proceeds from maturities of investments Purchase of investments Interest and dividends received Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	_	2,828,887,849 (3,791,311,950) 5,912,166 (956,511,935)		5,404	74,671,630 (134,895,131) 55,476 (60,168,025)		120,193	2,903,559,479 (3,926,207,081) 6,093,239 (1,016,554,363)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash		(323,595,917)		995,254	27,044,598	20	,313,622	(275,242,443)
Balances - beginning of year		716,947,433		14,638,273	48,954,860	13	,075,129	793,615,695
Balances - end of year	\$	393,351,516	\$	15,633,527 \$	\$ 75,999,458	\$ 33	,388,751 \$	518,373,252

## **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds, *continued* For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Bay Area Toll Authority	I	Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways	BAIFA		on-major Fund ITC-Clipper <sup>®</sup>	Total
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	585,786,899	¢	(13,585,752) \$	28,894,324	¢	(24,875,220)\$	576,220,251
Adjustments to reconcile operating net	Ф	363,760,699	Ф	(15,585,752) \$	20,094,524	Ф	(24,873,220)\$	570,220,251
cash provided by/(used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		2,137,210		145,625	11,204,317		3,953,292	17,440,444
Other revenues		4,296,239		8,162	11,204,517		6,737,039	17,440,444
Other expenses		4,290,239		8,102	(44,376)		0,757,059	(44,376)
Capital, operating and maintenance expenses for other agencies		-		-	(17,082,240)		-	(17,082,240)
Net effect of changes in:		-		-	(17,082,240)		-	(17,082,240)
Due (to)/from other Funds		2.118.779		19,648	(2,657,194)		13,513,398	12,994,631
Due from other governments		(2,348,222)		19,048	2,255,709		15,515,598	(92,513)
Accounts receivable		12.333.601		_	1.532.780		(440,748)	13,425,633
Prepaid expenses and other assets		132,482		73,562	(488)		(110,710)	205,556
Due from Caltrans		(666,279)		-	(100)		_	(666,279)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		16,056,728		656,175	1,656,420		1,861,870	20,231,193
Unearned revenue		13,590,421		-			-	13,590,421
Patron deposits		(8,504,338)		-	-		-	(8,504,338)
State funding due		247,565		34,520	-		253,231	535,316
Deferred outflows from pension		692,591		69,258	190,489		167,232	1,119,570
Deferred outflows from OPEB		(660,248)		(40,952)	(96,282)		(147,121)	(944,603)
Net pension asset / liability		(6,211,191)		(569,153)	(1,426,853)		(1,783,175)	(9,990,372)
Net OPEB asset		694,443		57,081	146,855		167,749	1,066,128
Compensated absences liability		536,054		14,291	54,957		59,259	664,561
Deferred inflows from pension		4,285,138		296,033	723,580		982,934	6,287,685
Deferred inflows from OPEB		(94,162)	_	(11,182)	(31,108)		(25,941)	(162,393)
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	\$	624,423,710	\$	(12,832,684) \$	25,320,890	\$	423,799 \$	637,335,715

#### Significant Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities

Acquisition of capital assets under accounts payable/accrued						
liabilities	\$	- \$	- \$	3,132,704 \$	8,674,962 \$	11,807,666
Deferred amount on refunding	(1	0,185,112)	-	-	-	(10,185,112)
Amortization of Bond premium/discount	42	2,223,692	-	-	-	42,223,692
Amortization of deferred charge	(1-	4,979,612)	-	-	-	(14,979,612)
Net increase in fair value of derivative instruments	26.	3,116,667	-	-	-	263,116,667

# Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

(For comparative information purposes)

Cash flows from operating activities         \$ 8,256,392 \$ 680,944,767 \$ 6,701,387 \$ 695,902,546           Cash payments to supplies for miter supplies for miterfund services         (24,829,078)         (115,661,847)         (16,510,922)         (157,001,847)           Cash payments for interfund services         (24,829,078)         (115,661,847)         (16,519,922)         (157,001,847)           Cash payments for interfund services         (24,760,66         -24,776,066         -24,776,066         -24,776,066           Cash payments for interfund services         (19,597,176)         571,187,690         (11,782,844)         539,807,670           Cash flows from non-capital financing activities         (19,597,176)         571,187,690         (11,782,844)         539,807,670           Cash flows from non-capital financing activities         (19,597,176)         571,187,690         (11,782,844)         539,807,670           Cash flows from non-capital financing activities         (11,281,752)         (11,281,752)         (11,281,752)           Federal grants         (19,597,176)         571,187,690         (11,281,752)         (11,281,752)           Transfers (to)/from MTC and SAFE         12,160,486         (24,793,441)         (12,652,955)         (14,174,266)         (18,17,782)           Bond principal payments         (3,144,599)         (599,048,824)         (10,751,807 </th <th></th> <th>M</th> <th>ſC-Clipper<sup>®</sup></th> <th>Bay Area Toll Authority</th> <th>Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways</th> <th>Total</th>		M	ſC-Clipper <sup>®</sup>	Bay Area Toll Authority	Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways	Total
Cash provided by/(used in) operating activities       \$ 8,256,392.5       680,944,767.5       6,701,387.5       695,902,546         Cash provided by/(used in) operating activities       (115,661,847)       (16,51,847)       (16,51,847)       (16,383,868)         Cash provided by/(used in) operating activities       -       2,176,066       -       2,176,066         Cash provided by/(used in) operating activities       -       1,100,001       (11,100,001)       1,100,001         Cathram and local agency grants       1,959,706       5,977,372       10,751,807       18,688,885         Build America Bonds interest subsidy       -       -       -       6,178,765         Transfers (by/from MTC and SAFE       1,959,706       5,977,372       10,751,807       18,688,885         Distributions to Caltrans       6,878,765       -       -       6,878,765         Transfers (by/from MTC and SAFE       12,160,486       (24,793,441)       -       (12,632,955)         Distributions to Caltrans       -       -       -       6,878,765       -       6,878,765         Distributions to Caltrans       -       -       (24,143,556)       -       -       6,878,765         Distributions to Caltrans       -       -       -       1,263,2953       - <td< th=""><th>Cash flows from operating activities</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>	Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services       (24,829,078)       (115,661,847)       (16,510,922)       (157,001,847)         Cash payments for interfund services		\$	8 256 392 \$	680 944 767	\$ 6 701 387	\$ 695 902 546
Cash payments for employce salaries and benefits       (3,028,144)       (12,466,297)       (889,427)       (16,383,868)         Cash provided by/cused in)       2,176,066       -       2,176,066       -       2,176,066         Cash provided by/cused in)       3,654       16,195,001       16,119       16,214,774         Net cash provided by/cused in)       (19,597,176)       571,187,690       (11,782,844)       539,807,670         Cash nows from non-capital financing activities       (19,597,176)       571,187,690       (11,782,844)       539,807,670         Cash nows from non-capital financing activities       (19,597,176)       571,187,690       11,782,844)       539,807,670         Cash merica Bonds interest subsidy       -       71,791,050       71,791,050       71,791,050         Interest paid on bonds       -       (11,281,752)       -       (11,281,752)         Federal grants       -       (11,281,752)       -       (11,281,752)         Franciers (to/from MTC and SAFE       12,160,486       -       (52,432,486)       -       (52,432,486)         Distributions to other agencies       (24,143,556)       (94,174,226)       -       (11,81,782)         Return of contribution from BAHA       -       1,000,000       -       1,000,000       -		Ψ		· · ·		
Cash roccipts for interfund services       2,176,066       2,176,066         Cash payments for interfund services       1,100,001         Other cash provided by/(used in)       16,119         operating activities       (19,597,176)         Cash nows from non-capital financing activities       (19,597,176)         Caltrans and other state and local agency grants       1,959,706         Build America Bonds interest subsidy       -         Interest paid on bonds       -         Federal grants       6,878,765         Transfers (to)/from MTC and SAFE       12,100,486         12,100,486       (24,793,441)         0 principal payments       -         0 provided by/(used in)       -         0 capital and related financing activities       -         Capital grant       -         Acquisition of capital assets       -         Net cash provided by/(used in)       <						
Cash payments for interfund services			-		-	
Other cash receipts $3,654$ $16,195,001$ $16,119$ $16,214,774$ Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities $(19,597,176)$ $571,187,690$ $(11,782,844)$ $539,807,670$ Cash flows from non-capital financing activities $1,959,706$ $5.977,372$ $10,751,807$ $18,688,885$ Build America Bonds interest subsidy         - $71,791,050$ - $71,791,050$ Interest paid on bonds $6,878,765$ - $(11,281,752)$ - $(11,281,752)$ Federal grants $6,878,765$ - $6,878,765$ - $6,878,765$ Transfers (to)/from MTC and SAFE $12,160,486$ $(24,793,441)$ - $(12,632,955)$ Distributions to Caltrans         - $(79,040,000)$ - $(79,040,000)$ Distributions to Caltrans         - $(24,143,556)$ $(94,174,226)$ - $(11,831,7782)$ Return of contribution from BAHA         - $1,000,000$ - $1,000,000$ - $1,000,000$ - $1,000,000$ - $1,000,000$ - $1,000,000$ -			-	-	(1,100,001)	, ,
operating activities         (19,597,176)         571,187,690         (11,782,844)         539,807,670           Cash flows from non-capital financing activities         1,959,706         5,977,372         10,751,807         18,688,885           Build America Bonds interest subsidy         -         71,791,050         -         71,791,050           Interest paid on bonds         -         (416,095,341)         -         (416,095,341)           Financing fees         -         6.878,765         -         6.878,765           Transfers (to)/from MTC and SAFE         12,160,486         (24,793,441)         -         (12,623,2955)           Bond principal payments         -         79,040,0000         -         (79,040,000)         -         (79,040,000)         -         (79,040,000)         -         (79,040,000)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (79,040,000)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -			3,654	16,195,001	16,119	16,214,774
operating activities         (19,597,176)         571,187,690         (11,782,844)         539,807,670           Cash flows from non-capital financing activities         1,959,706         5,977,372         10,751,807         18,688,885           Build America Bonds interest subsidy         -         71,791,050         -         71,791,050           Interest paid on bonds         -         (416,095,341)         -         (416,095,341)           Financing fees         -         6.878,765         -         6.878,765           Transfers (to)/from MTC and SAFE         12,160,486         (24,793,441)         -         (12,623,2955)           Bond principal payments         -         79,040,0000         -         (79,040,000)         -         (79,040,000)         -         (79,040,000)         -         (79,040,000)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (79,040,000)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -         (10,000,00)         -	Net cash provided by/(used in)					
Caltrans and other state and local agency grants       1,959,706       5,977,372       10,751,807       18,688,885         Build America Bonds interest subsidy       -       71,791,050       -       71,791,050         Interest paid on bonds       -       (416,095,341)       -       (416,095,341)         Financing fees       -       (11,281,752)       -       (11,281,752)         Federal grants       6,878,6765       -       -       6,878,765         Distributions to Caltrans       -       (52,432,486)       -       (52,432,486)         Distributions to Caltrans       -       (10,0000)       -       (79,040,000)         Distributions to Caltrans       -       (24,143,556)       (94,174,226)       -       (11,831,782)         Return of contribution from BAHA       -       1,000,000       -       (10,014,018)         Net cash provided by/(used in)       -       -       10,014,218       -       -       10,014,218         Acquisition of capital and related financing activities       -       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,885,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,			(19,597,176)	571,187,690	(11,782,844)	539,807,670
Caltrans and other state and local agency grants       1,959,706       5,977,372       10,751,807       18,688,885         Build America Bonds interest subsidy       -       71,791,050       -       71,791,050         Interest paid on bonds       -       (416,095,341)       -       (416,095,341)         Financing fees       -       (11,281,752)       -       (11,281,752)         Federal grants       6,878,6765       -       -       6,878,765         Distributions to Caltrans       -       (52,432,486)       -       (52,432,486)         Distributions to Caltrans       -       (10,0000)       -       (79,040,000)         Distributions to Caltrans       -       (24,143,556)       (94,174,226)       -       (11,831,782)         Return of contribution from BAHA       -       1,000,000       -       (10,014,018)         Net cash provided by/(used in)       -       -       10,014,218       -       -       10,014,218         Acquisition of capital and related financing activities       -       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,885,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,	Cash flows from non-capital financing activities					
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1,959,706	5,977,372	10,751,807	18,688,885
Financing fees- $(11,281,752)$ - $(11,281,752)$ Federal grants6,878,7656,878,765Transfers (to)/from MTC and SAFE12,160,486 $(24,793,441)$ - $(12,632,955)$ Bond principal payments- $(79,040,000)$ - $(79,040,000)$ Distributions to other agencies $(24,143,556)$ $(94,174,226)$ - $(118,817,782)$ Return of contribution from BAHA- $1,000,000$ - $1,000,000$ Net cash provided by/(used in)- $1,000,000$ - $1,000,000$ Net cash provided by/(used in)- $(3,144,599)$ $(599,048,824)$ $10,751,807$ $(591,441,616)$ Cash flows from capital and related financing activities- $(434,706)$ $(63,940)$ $(498,646)$ Net cash provided by/(used in) $(3,814,287,766)$ - $(3,814,287,746)$ Net cash from investing activities- $3,985,294,691$ - $3,985,294,691$ Proceeds from maturities of investments- $3,985,294,691$ - $3,985,294,691$ Purchase of investments- $3,985,294,691$ - $3,985,294,691$ -Net cash provided by/(used in) $(12,676,989)$ $154,041,736$ $(1,088,946)$ Interest and dividends received- $50,568$ $182,337,576$ $6.031$ $11,327,230$ Net increase/(decrease) in cash $(12,676,989)$ $154,041,736$ $(1,088,946)$ $140,275,801$ Balances - beginning of year $25,752,118$ $562,905,697$			-		-	
Federal grants $6,878,765$ $  6,878,765$ Transfers (to)/from MTC and SAFE $12,160,486$ $(24,793,441)$ $ (12,632,955)$ Bond principal payments $ (79,040,000)$ $ (79,040,000)$ Distributions to Caltrans $ (52,432,486)$ $ (52,432,486)$ Distributions to other agencies $(24,143,556)$ $(94,174,226)$ $ (118,317,782)$ Return of contribution from BAHA $ 1,000,000$ $ 1,000,000$ Net cash provided by/(used in) non-capital financing activities $(3,144,599)$ $(599,048,824)$ $10,751,807$ $(591,441,616)$ Cash flows from capital and related financing activities $(3,144,599)$ $(599,048,824)$ $10,751,807$ $(591,441,616)$ Cash flows from capital and related financing activities $ (434,706)$ $(63,940)$ $9,515,572$ Cash flows from investing activities $ 3,985,294,691$ $ 3,985,294,691$ $-$ Proceeds from maturities of investments $ 3,985,294,691$ $ 3,985,294,691$ $-$ Proceeds from maturities of investments $ 3,985,294,691$ $ 3,985,294,691$ $-$ Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities $50,568$ $11,330,631$ $6,031$ $11,387,230$ Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities $50,568$ $182,337,576$ $6,031$ $182,394,175$ Net increase/(decrease) in cash $(12,676,989)$ $154,041,736$ $(1,088,946)$ $140,275,801$ <	Interest paid on bonds		-			
Transfers (to)/from MTC and SAFE12,160,486 $(24,793,441)$ - $(12,632,955)$ Bond principal payments- $(79,040,000)$ - $(79,040,000)$ Distributions to Caltrans- $(52,432,486)$ - $(52,432,486)$ Distributions to caltrans- $(24,143,556)$ $(94,174,226)$ - $(118,317,782)$ Return of contribution from BAHA-1,000,000-1,000,000Net cash provided by/(used in) non-capital financing activities(3,144,599) $(599,048,824)$ 10,751,807 $(591,441,616)$ Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Capital grant10,014,21810,014,218Acquisition of capital assets- $(434,706)$ $(63,940)$ $9,515,572$ Cash flows from investing activities Proceeds from maturities of investments- $3,985,294,691$ - $3,985,294,691$ Interest and dividends received $50,568$ $11,330,631$ $6,031$ $11,387,230$ Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities $50,568$ $182,337,576$ $6,031$ $11,387,230$ Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities $50,568$ $182,337,576$ $6,031$ $182,394,175$ Net increase/(decrease) in cash $(12,676,989)$ $154,041,736$ $(1,088,946)$ $140,275,801$ Balances - beginning of year $25,752,118$ $562,905,697$ $15,727,219$ $604,385,034$			-	(11,281,752)	-	
Bond principal payments       -       (79,040,000)       -       (79,040,000)         Distributions to Caltrans       -       (52,432,486)       -       (52,432,486)         Distributions to other agencies       (24,143,556)       (94,174,226)       -       (118,317,782)         Return of contribution from BAHA       -       1,000,000       -       1,000,000         Net cash provided by/(used in)       -       (3,144,599)       (599,048,824)       10,751,807       (591,441,616)         Cash flows from capital and related financing activities       -       -       -       10,0014,218         Acquisition of capital assets       10,014,218       -       -       10,014,218         Acquisition of capital assets       10,014,218       -       -       10,014,218         Acquisition of capital assets       10,014,218       -       -       10,014,218         Acquisition of capital assets       10,014,218       -       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691				-	-	
Distributions to Caltrans       - (52,432,486)       - (52,432,486)         Distributions to other agencies       (24,143,556)       (94,174,226)       - (118,317,782)         Return of contribution from BAHA       - 1,000,000       - 1,000,000         Net cash provided by/(used in)       - 1,000,000       - 0,014,218         Cash flows from capital and related financing activities       (3,144,599)       (599,048,824)       10,751,807       (591,441,616)         Cash flows from capital and related financing activities       - (434,706)       (63,940)       (498,646)         Net cash provided by/(used in)       - (434,706)       (63,940)       9,515,572         Cash flows from investing activities       10,014,218       - 3,985,294,691       - 3,985,294,691         Proceeds from maturities of investments       - 3,985,294,691       - 3,985,294,691       - 3,985,294,691         Purchase of investments       - 3,985,294,691       - 3,985,294,691       - 3,985,294,691         Interest and dividends received       - 3,985,294,691       - (3,814,287,746)       - (3,814,287,746)         Net cash provided by/(used in)       - 50,568       11,330,631       6,031       11,387,230         Net cash provided by/(used in)       - 50,568       182,337,576       6,031       1182,394,175         Net increase/(decrease) i			12,160,486			
Distributions to other agencies $(24,143,556)$ $(94,174,226)$ - $(118,317,782)$ Return of contribution from BAHA-1,000,000-1,000,000Net cash provided by/(used in)(3,144,599)(599,048,824)10,751,807(591,441,616)Cash flows from capital and related financing activities(3,144,599)(599,048,824)10,751,807(591,441,616)Cash flows from capital and related financing activities10,014,21810,014,218Acquisition of capital and related financing activities-(434,706)(63,940)(498,646)Net cash provided by/(used in) capital and related financing activities10,014,218(434,706)(63,940)9,515,572Cash flows from investing activities10,014,218(434,706)(63,940)9,515,572Proceeds from maturities of investments-3,985,294,691-3,985,294,691Purchase of investments-(3,814,287,746)-(3,814,287,746)Interest and dividends received50,56811,330,6316,03111,387,230Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities50,568182,337,5766,031182,394,175Net increase/(decrease) in cash(12,676,989)154,041,736(1,088,946)140,275,801Balances - beginning of year25,752,118562,905,69715,727,219604,385,034			-			
Return of contribution from BAHA       -       -       1,000,000       -       1,000,000         Net cash provided by/(used in)			-			
Net cash provided by/(used in) non-capital financing activities         (3,144,599)         (599,048,824)         10,751,807         (591,441,616)           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities         (3,144,599)         (599,048,824)         10,751,807         (591,441,616)           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities         (3,144,599)         (599,048,824)         10,751,807         (591,441,616)           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities         (434,706)         (63,940)         (498,646)           Net cash provided by/(used in) capital and related financing activities         10,014,218         (434,706)         (63,940)         9,515,572           Cash flows from investing activities         10,014,218         (434,706)         (63,940)         9,515,572           Cash flows from investing activities         10,014,218         (434,706)         (63,940)         9,515,572           Cash flows from investing activities         2,398,294,691         3,985,294,691         3,985,294,691         3,985,294,691         3,985,294,691           Purchase of investments         2,388,237,576         6,031         11,387,230         11,387,230           Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities         50,568         182,337,576         6,031         182,394,175           Net increase/(decrease) in cash			(24,143,556)		-	
non-capital financing activities         (3,144,599)         (599,048,824)         10,751,807         (591,441,616)           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities         10,014,218         -         -         10,014,218           Acquisition of capital assets         -         (434,706)         (63,940)         (498,646)           Net cash provided by/(used in)         -         -         10,014,218         -         -         10,014,218           Cash flows from investing activities         -         -         (434,706)         (63,940)         9,515,572           Cash flows from investing activities         -         -         3,985,294,691         -         3,985,294,691           Proceeds from maturities of investments         -         -         (3,814,287,746)         -         (3,814,287,746)           Interest and dividends received         -         -         3,985,294,691         -         3,985,294,691           Net cash provided by/(used in)         -         (3,814,287,746)         -         (3,814,287,746)           Interest and dividends received         -         50,568         1182,337,576         6,031         11,387,230           Net increase/(decrease) in cash         (12,676,989)         154,041,736         (1,088,946)         140,275,801 <th></th> <th></th> <th><u> </u></th> <th>1,000,000</th> <th></th> <th>1,000,000</th>			<u> </u>	1,000,000		1,000,000
Capital grant       10,014,218       -       -       10,014,218         Acquisition of capital assets       -       (434,706)       (63,940)       (498,646)         Net cash provided by/(used in)       -       0,014,218       -       -       10,014,218         Capital and related financing activities       10,014,218       (434,706)       (63,940)       9,515,572         Cash flows from investing activities       10,014,218       (434,706)       (63,940)       9,515,572         Cash flows from investing activities       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691         Proceeds from maturities of investments       -       (3,814,287,746)       -       (3,814,287,746)         Interest and dividends received       50,568       11,330,631       6,031       11,387,230         Net cash provided by/(used in)       investing activities       50,568       182,337,576       6,031       182,394,175         Net increase/(decrease) in cash       (12,676,989)       154,041,736       (1,088,946)       140,275,801         Balances - beginning of year       25,752,118       562,905,697       15,727,219       604,385,034			(3,144,599)	(599,048,824)	10,751,807	(591,441,616)
Capital grant       10,014,218       -       -       10,014,218         Acquisition of capital assets       -       (434,706)       (63,940)       (498,646)         Net cash provided by/(used in)       -       0,014,218       -       -       10,014,218         Capital and related financing activities       10,014,218       (434,706)       (63,940)       9,515,572         Cash flows from investing activities       10,014,218       (434,706)       (63,940)       9,515,572         Cash flows from investing activities       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691         Proceeds from maturities of investments       -       (3,814,287,746)       -       (3,814,287,746)         Interest and dividends received       50,568       11,330,631       6,031       11,387,230         Net cash provided by/(used in)       investing activities       50,568       182,337,576       6,031       182,394,175         Net increase/(decrease) in cash       (12,676,989)       154,041,736       (1,088,946)       140,275,801         Balances - beginning of year       25,752,118       562,905,697       15,727,219       604,385,034	Cash flows from capital and related financing activities					
Net cash provided by/(used in) capital and related financing activities         10,014,218         (434,706)         (63,940)         9,515,572           Cash flows from investing activities         -         3,985,294,691         -         3,985,294,691           Purchase of investments         -         (3,814,287,746)         -         (3,814,287,746)           Interest and dividends received         50,568         11,330,631         6,031         11,387,230           Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities         50,568         182,337,576         6,031         182,394,175           Net increase/(decrease) in cash         (12,676,989)         154,041,736         (1,088,946)         140,275,801           Balances - beginning of year         25,752,118         562,905,697         15,727,219         604,385,034			10,014,218	-	-	10,014,218
Net cash provided by/(used in) capital and related financing activities         10,014,218         (434,706)         (63,940)         9,515,572           Cash flows from investing activities         -         3,985,294,691         -         3,985,294,691           Purchase of investments         -         (3,814,287,746)         -         (3,814,287,746)           Interest and dividends received         50,568         11,330,631         6,031         11,387,230           Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities         50,568         182,337,576         6,031         182,394,175           Net increase/(decrease) in cash         (12,676,989)         154,041,736         (1,088,946)         140,275,801           Balances - beginning of year         25,752,118         562,905,697         15,727,219         604,385,034			-	(434,706)	(63,940)	(498,646)
Cash flows from investing activities       - 3,985,294,691       - 3,985,294,691         Purchase of investments       - (3,814,287,746)       - (3,814,287,746)         Interest and dividends received       50,568       11,330,631       6,031       11,387,230         Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities       50,568       182,337,576       6,031       182,394,175         Net increase/(decrease) in cash       (12,676,989)       154,041,736       (1,088,946)       140,275,801         Balances - beginning of year       25,752,118       562,905,697       15,727,219       604,385,034				· · · ·		i
Proceeds from maturities of investments       -       3,985,294,691       -       3,985,294,691         Purchase of investments       -       (3,814,287,746)       -       (3,814,287,746)         Interest and dividends received       50,568       11,330,631       6,031       11,387,230         Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities       50,568       182,337,576       6,031       182,394,175         Net increase/(decrease) in cash       (12,676,989)       154,041,736       (1,088,946)       140,275,801         Balances - beginning of year       25,752,118       562,905,697       15,727,219       604,385,034	capital and related financing activities		10,014,218	(434,706)	(63,940)	9,515,572
Purchase of investments       - (3,814,287,746)       - (3,814,287,746)         Interest and dividends received       50,568       11,330,631       6,031       11,387,230         Net cash provided by/(used in)       investing activities       50,568       182,337,576       6,031       182,394,175         Net increase/(decrease) in cash       (12,676,989)       154,041,736       (1,088,946)       140,275,801         Balances - beginning of year       25,752,118       562,905,697       15,727,219       604,385,034	Cash flows from investing activities					
Interest and dividends received       50,568       11,330,631       6,031       11,387,230         Net cash provided by/(used in)       investing activities       50,568       182,337,576       6,031       182,394,175         Net increase/(decrease) in cash       (12,676,989)       154,041,736       (1,088,946)       140,275,801         Balances - beginning of year       25,752,118       562,905,697       15,727,219       604,385,034	Proceeds from maturities of investments		-	3,985,294,691	-	3,985,294,691
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities         50,568         182,337,576         6,031         182,394,175           Net increase/(decrease) in cash         (12,676,989)         154,041,736         (1,088,946)         140,275,801           Balances - beginning of year         25,752,118         562,905,697         15,727,219         604,385,034			-		-	
investing activities         50,568         182,337,576         6,031         182,394,175           Net increase/(decrease) in cash         (12,676,989)         154,041,736         (1,088,946)         140,275,801           Balances - beginning of year         25,752,118         562,905,697         15,727,219         604,385,034			50,568	11,330,631	6,031	11,387,230
Net increase/(decrease) in cash(12,676,989)154,041,736(1,088,946)140,275,801Balances - beginning of year25,752,118562,905,69715,727,219604,385,034						
Balances - beginning of year         25,752,118         562,905,697         15,727,219         604,385,034	investing activities		50,568	182,337,576	6,031	182,394,175
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash		(12,676,989)	154,041,736	(1,088,946)	140,275,801
Balances - end of year       \$ 13,075,129       \$ 716,947,433       \$ 14,638,273       \$ 744,660,835	Balances - beginning of year		25,752,118	562,905,697	15,727,219	604,385,034
	Balances - end of year	\$	13,075,129 \$	5 716,947,433	\$ 14,638,273	\$ 744,660,835

## Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds, *continued* For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (For comparative information purposes)

Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities\$ (19,033,099) \$ 713,553,618 \$ (10,291,883) \$ 684,228,636Operating income/(loss)\$ (19,033,099) \$ 713,553,618 \$ (10,291,883) \$ 684,228,636Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization- 1,576,138 156,215 1,732,353Other revenues- 13,106,458 16,119 13,122,577Other expenses- (639) - (639)
Operating income/(loss)       \$ (19,033,099) \$ 713,553,618 \$ (10,291,883) \$ 684,228,636         Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities:       -       1,576,138 156,215 1,732,353         Depreciation and amortization       -       1,576,138 156,215 1,732,353         Other revenues       -       13,106,458 16,119 13,122,577
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization-1,576,138156,2151,732,353Other revenues-13,106,45816,11913,122,577
cash provided by/(used in) operating activities:         Depreciation and amortization         Other revenues         -       1,576,138         156,215       1,732,353         0,159       16,119         13,102,577
Depreciation and amortization         -         1,576,138         156,215         1,732,353           Other revenues         -         13,106,458         16,119         13,122,577
Other revenues - 13,106,458 16,119 13,122,577
Other expenses $-$ (639) $-$ (639)
Net effect of changes in:
Due (to)/from MTC - 2,176,066 (1,006,889) 1,169,177
Due from other governments         -         2,235,551         -         2,235,551
Accounts receivable 833,031 (7,544,785) - (6,711,754)
Prepaid expenses and other assets (875) (157,472) (42,423) (200,770)
Due to Caltrans - 955,589 - 955,589
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (1,073,478) 17,891,238 (588,025) 16,229,735
Unearned revenue         -         7,587,354         -         7,587,354           Patron deposits         -         809,455         -         809,455
State funding due (237,180) 849,036 3,793 615,649
Deferred outflows from pension 254.535 9.630,477 64.249 9.949.261
Deferred outflows from OPEB 200.751 809.690 59.011 1.069.452
Net pension asset / liability (372,740) (8,933,348) (94,039) (9,400,127)
Net OPEB asset (159,827) (690,502) (54,032) (904,361)
Compensated absences liability         109,053         510,868         26,536         646,457
Regional Measure 3 collection liability         -         (182,723,433)         -         (182,723,433)
Deferred inflows from pension (150,184) (605,852) (44,164) (800,200)
Deferred inflows from OPEB 32,837 152,183 12,688 197,708
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities       \$ (19,597,176) \$ 571,187,690 \$ (11,782,844) \$ 539,807,670
Significant Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities
Refunding bond proceeds received in escrow/redemption fund \$ - \$ 721,561,904 \$ - \$ 721,561,904
Debt refunded through escrow/redemption fund - (721,561,904) - (721,561,904)
Deferred amount on refunding - (4,733,235) - (4,733,235)
Amortization of Bond premium/discount - 38,500,280 - 38,500,280
Amortization of deferred charge - (15,591,298) - (15,591,298)
Net increase in fair value of derivative instruments-119,999,432-119,999,432

# **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2022

	Clipper <sup>®</sup> Custodial Fund
ASSETS Cash	\$ 165,395,256
Accounts receivable Due from operators	4,536,774 718,329
Total assets	170,650,359
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	27,929,900
Due to operators	2,294,345
Due to other governments	688,334
Total liabilities	30,912,579
NET POSITION	<u>\$ 139,737,780</u>

# **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Clipper <sup>®</sup> Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS Clipper card deposits Third party deposits Others Total additions	\$ 84,779,862 42,487,338 2,588,757 129,855,957
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Distribution to operators Distribution to third party Other deductions Total deductions	97,165,361 9,743,831 3,690,983 110,600,175
Net change in fiduciary net position	19,255,782
Net position - beginning, as restated* Net position - ending	120,481,998 \$ 139,737,780

\* See Note 1 AE for further information.

# Metropolitan Transportation Commission Table of Contents June 30, 2022

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## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Metropolitan Transportation Commission (MTC) was established under the laws of the State of California in Government Code Section 66500 et seq. in 1970 to provide comprehensive regional transportation planning for the nine counties that comprise the San Francisco Bay Area, which includes the City and County of San Francisco and the counties of Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, Napa, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Solano and Sonoma.

MTC's principal sources of revenue to fund its governmental operations include state grants, a percentage of the sales tax revenues collected in the nine Bay Area counties under the State Transportation Development Act of 1971 (TDA) and grants from the U.S. Department of Transportation, Office of the Secretary of Transportation (U.S. DOT), including the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), Federal Transit Administration (FTA) and other federal, state and local agencies. These are the principal sources of revenues susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual method described later within this note. Fees are the primary source of revenue for the proprietary funds described in this note.

The accompanying financial statements present MTC, its blended component units, and its discretely presented component unit. MTC is the primary government as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 61. Its governing board is separately appointed and is fiscally independent of other governments. The blended component units discussed below are included as part of the reporting entity because their boards are substantially the same as the primary government's board, and the management of the primary government has the operational responsibility for the component units. The blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of MTC's operations and financial data from these units are combined with financial data of MTC in preparing the government-wide financial statements. The MTC board also serves as the governing body for all its blended component units.

MTC has a discretely presented component unit – Bay Area Headquarters Authority (BAHA). BAHA financial statements are presented in a separate column on the face of the government-wide financial statements in the far-right column.

### **Blended** component units

### i.) Bay Area Toll Authority (BATA)

The Bay Area Toll Authority (BATA) is a public agency created by Senate Bill 226 effective January 1, 1998 with responsibilities for the disposition of toll revenues collected from the seven State owned toll bridges in the San Francisco Bay Area. The bridges are the Antioch Bridge, Benicia-Martinez Bridge, Carquinez Bridge, Dumbarton Bridge, Richmond-San Rafael Bridge, San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge and San Mateo-Hayward Bridge. BATA is a proprietary fund as it generates revenue from toll bridge receipts and its debt is pledged solely by toll revenues as more fully described in Note 5, Long-Term Debt.

Pursuant to Senate Bill 226, a five-year Cooperative Agreement was signed on March 2, 1998 defining the roles and responsibilities of BATA and Caltrans with respect to the collection and disposition of toll bridge revenues. The agreement has been extended through several amendments. The most current amendment extended the agreement through July 2025.

Under the terms of the Cooperative Agreement, BATA has responsibility for cash management and electronic toll collection while Caltrans' responsibilities include the ownership, operation and maintenance of the bridges. See Note 1V for information on Caltrans' operating expenses. BATA is presented as a major enterprise fund.

## ii.) MTC Service Authority for Freeways and Expressways (MTC SAFE)

In June 1988, MTC SAFE was created to receive fees collected by the Department of Motor Vehicles pursuant to Streets and Highways Code Section 2555 et seq., which permits the collection of up to \$1 per registered vehicle in participating counties. These fees represent charges for services rendered to external users. MTC SAFE is responsible for administering a freeway motorist aid system in the participating counties, referred to as the Call Box program. All 9 Bay Area counties are participants in the MTC SAFE: Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, Napa, San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Solano and Sonoma.

In 1993, MTC SAFE's responsibilities were expanded, pursuant to a jointly adopted Memorandum of Understanding between MTC SAFE, Caltrans, and the California Highway Patrol (CHP), to participate in the development and implementation of a Freeway Service Patrol (FSP) program in the San Francisco Bay Area. The three principal sources of funding for the FSP program are state grants, federal grants, and funding from federal traffic mitigation programs. MTC SAFE is presented as a major enterprise fund.

### iii.) Bay Area Infrastructure Financing Authority (BAIFA)

BAIFA was established in August 2006 pursuant to the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act (Act) consisting of Sections 6500 through 6599.2 of the California Government Code. The Act provides for the joint exercise of powers common to MTC and BATA. BAIFA is authorized to undertake programs and projects, including the development, financing, and operation of high-occupancy toll lanes in MTC's jurisdiction. In April 2013, MTC delegated its express lanes authority to BAIFA through a cooperative agreement. In April 2022, the Joint Power Agreement between MTC and BATA was amended. Formally BAIFA's board consisted of MTC and BATA Oversight Committee chairs and four Commissioners. The amendment modified the composition of BAIFA's board to match the composition of MTC's board. As a result of the new board composition, BAIFA meets the blending criteria under paragraph 53 of GASB 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB No. 61. In fiscal year 2022, BAIFA is presented as a blended component unit of MTC as a major enterprise fund.

Requests for separately issued financial statements for BAIFA should be addressed to the Treasurer, Bay Area Infrastructure Financing Authority, 375 Beale Street, Suite 800, San Francisco, CA 94105.

### iv.) Bay Area Housing Finance Authority (BAHFA)

On October 8, 2019, the Bay Area Housing Finance Authority (BAHFA) was established pursuant to the California Government Code Section 64510 (a)(1) to provide a regional financing mechanism for affordable housing production, preservation, and tenant protection in the San Francisco Bay area, including charter cities. California Government Code Section 64510 (a)(2) states that BAHFA is a separate legal entity and is governed by the same board that governs the MTC, as such BAHFA meets the blending criteria under paragraph 53 of GASB No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB No. 61. BAHFA is presented as a special revenue major governmental fund.

Requests for separately issued financial statements for BAHFA should be addressed to the Treasurer, Bay Area Housing Finance Authority, 375 Beale Street, Suite 800, San Francisco, CA 94105.

## Discretely presented component unit

A component unit is a legally separate organization for which elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. It can also be an organization whose relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. MTC has one discretely presented component unit, BAHA.

## v.) Bay Area Headquarters Authority (BAHA)

BAHA was established in September 2011 pursuant to the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act, consisting of Sections 6500 through 6599.2 of the California Government Code, which authorizes BAHA to exercise powers common to MTC and BATA. There are six Commissioners on the governing board for BAHA. BAHA's board consists of four MTC Commissioners and two BATA Commissioners. BAHA is authorized to plan, acquire, and develop its office space and facilities directly or through contract. On October 14, 2011 BAHA acquired property located at 375 Beale Street, in San Francisco, California for the purpose of establishing a Bay Area Regional Headquarters for MTC, the Bay Area Air Quality Management District, and the Association of Bay Area Governments. The three agencies moved to the new building, Bay Area Metro Center (BAMC), in fiscal year 2016. BAHA is presented as a discretely presented component unit in the government-wide financial statements of MTC. Although BAHA meets the component unit criteria under paragraph 15 to 33 of the GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* as amended by GASB No. 61, it doesn't meet the blending criteria under paragraph 53; therefore it is reported as a discretely presented component unit.

Requests for separately issued financial statements for BAHA should be addressed to the Treasurer, Bay Area Headquarters Authority, 375 Beale Street, Suite 800, San Francisco, CA 94105.

## B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

### Basis of presentation - government-wide statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of MTC and its component units. The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. *Governmental activities*, which

normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from *business-type activities* which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

### Basis of presentation - fund financial statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Individual governmental funds and individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government reports the following funds:

### i.) MTC General Fund

MTC General Fund is used to account for financial resources not accounted for or reported in another fund.

### ii.) MTC Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. MTC maintains various special revenue funds as follows:

### Major Funds

**AB 664 Net Toll Revenue Reserve Fund** – Under Section 30884 (a) of the Streets and Highways Code, the AB 664 Net Toll Revenue Fund receives 16 percent of the base toll revenues collected on the three southern bridges, San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge, Dumbarton Bridge and San Mateo-Hayward Bridge. These funds are allocated by policy, 70 percent to East Bay and 30 percent to West Bay, to agency capital projects that further the development of public transit in the vicinity of the three southern bridges.

**State Transit Assistance (STA) Fund** – State Transit Assistance Funds are used for transit and paratransit operating assistance, transit capital projects, and regional transit coordination. The revenues are derived from the state sales tax on fuel and apportioned by state statute between population-based and revenue-based accounts. PUC Section 99313 defines the population-based and PUC Section 99314 defines the revenue-based accounts. The STA revenue received by MTC is based on the population of nine counties. On April 28, 2017, Senate Bill (SB) 1 was signed by the Governor to provide additional revenues to the STA Fund for transit infrastructure repair and service improvements. This investment in public transit is referred to as the State of Good Repair (SGR) program. The SGR program follows the same state-wide distribution policies as the regular STA fund, with revenue and population based accounts. However, unlike the regular STA program, recipients of the SGR program must have their projects pre-approved by Caltrans. MTC receives SGR revenue based on the population of nine counties.

**Rail Reserves Fund** – Under Section 30914 (a.4) of the Streets and Highways Code, the Rail Reserves Fund receives 21 percent of base toll revenues collected on the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge. These funds are allocated exclusively for rail transit capital extension and improvement projects that are designed to reduce vehicular traffic congestion on the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge. 70 percent of the Rail Reserves are allocated for East Bay rail improvements and the remaining 30 percent for West Bay rail improvements.

**BART Car Exchange Fund** – Funds deposited are restricted to the purpose of BART car replacement projects. MTC and BART established the funding exchange program whereby MTC will program Federal Funds for current BART projects with BART depositing an equal amount of local funds into an account set aside for the BART car fleet replacement. The project began in fiscal year 2013.

## Non-Major Funds

**Transit Reserve Fund** – MTC maintains a Transit Reserve Fund pursuant to Regional Measure 1. The calculation of the transit reserves is set forth in Section 30913 (b) of the Streets and Highways Code as one third of two percent of base toll revenues collected on all seven Bay Area state-owned bridges.

Caltrans also has a Cooperative Agreement with BATA and MTC whereby Caltrans transfers state funding to MTC for ferry operations and other transit/bicycle projects.

**Exchange Fund** – Exchange Funds are used for MTC projects adopted as part of its Surface Transportation Program (STP) and Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ) program. The restriction is established by Commission resolution.

In fiscal year 2022, the following funds are considered non-major: Transit Reserve Fund, Exchange Fund.

The following funds are considered major governmental funds: MTC General Fund, STA Fund, Rail Reserves Fund, AB 664 Net Toll Revenue Reserve Fund, BART Car Exchange Fund and BAHFA. The balance sheet and statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and budget to actual statements of revenues and change in fund balances are presented for these funds.

### iii.) MTC Non-major Enterprise Fund - Clipper<sup>®</sup>

In July 2010, MTC assumed responsibility for operating Clipper<sup>®</sup>, the region's transit fare payment program, under the Memorandum of Understanding with seven Bay Area transit organizations. Clipper<sup>®</sup> transit fare payment program operating and capital costs are incurred by MTC's Clipper<sup>®</sup> fund. MTC Clipper<sup>®</sup> seeks payment from participating transit operators for service provided related to the operations of this program. MTC Clipper<sup>®</sup> Fund is presented as a non-major fund in the business type activities. The Clipper<sup>®</sup> card patron deposits are held as a custodial fund. See Note 1.B (iv) for information on the Clipper<sup>®</sup> program custodial fund.

### iv.) MTC Fiduciary Fund

The MTC Fiduciary Fund is a Custodial Fund which is used to account for assets held by MTC in a trustee capacity for the benefit of the transit agencies that participate in the Clipper<sup>®</sup> Card Program.

Clipper<sup>®</sup> Card Program is an automated fare payment system for intra- and inter-operator transit trips in the San Francisco Bay Area.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statements Presentation

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and *the accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.* Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectable within the current period or soon enough afterwards to pay liabilities of the current period. MTC considers revenue to be available if they are collected within 270 days after year end. All revenue sources included in the governmental funds, namely federal, state and local grants as well as sales tax revenue, utilize this revenue recognition methodology. Expenditures generally are recorded when liabilities are incurred, under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

### New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, has an objective to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. It requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. MTC adopted this standard for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The adoption of this standard changed the accounting and reporting of BAHA and BATA leases. BAHA is now reporting the present value of future lease receipts in the lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position. BATA reports a right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) and lease liability in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. See note 6 for further information on the impact of the adoption of GASB Statement 87.

GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This statement enhances the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. MTC adopted this statements.

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations. This statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. Management is currently evaluating the effect of this statement on MTC's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for specific issues related to leases, intra-entity transfers of assets, postemployment benefits, government acquisitions, risk financing and insurance related activities of public entity risk pools, fair value measurements, and derivative instruments. The initial requirements of this statement are effective as follows: (a) The requirements in paragraphs 4, 5, 11, and 13 were effective upon issuance. (b) The requirements in paragraphs 6 and 7 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. (c) The requirements in paragraphs 8, 9, and 12 are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. (d) The requirements in paragraph 10 are effective for government acquisitions occurring in reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. MTC adopted paragraphs 4, 5, 11 and 13 of this statement in fiscal year 2020. MTC adopted the remaining paragraphs of this standard for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The adoption of the standard has no impact on MTC's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBOR)*, establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of IBORs in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The requirements of this statement, except for paragraphs 11b, 13, and 14 were effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The requirements in paragraphs 13 and 14 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021, and all reporting periods thereafter. The adoption of the remaining paragraphs 11b, 13, and 14 has no impact on MTC's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships (PPPs) and Availability Payment Arrangements (APAs)*, establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for PPPs and APAs for governments. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Management is currently evaluating the effect of this statement on MTC's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for SBITAs by a government end user (a government). The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. Management is currently evaluating the effect of this statement on MTC's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans,* (a) clarifies how the absence of a governing board should be considered in determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for purposes of evaluating potential component units and (b) modifies the applicability of certain component unit criteria as they relate to defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans (for example, certain Section 457 plans). The requirements of this statement are effective as follows: (a) The requirement in (1) paragraph 4 of this statement as it applies to defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans and (2) paragraph 5 of this statement are effective immediately. (b) The requirements in paragraphs 6–9 of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. (c) All other requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. MTC adopted paragraphs 4 and 5 of this statement in fiscal year 2020 and the remaining paragraphs of this statement in fiscal year 2022. The adoption of the standard has no impact on MTC's financial statements. GASB Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*, establishes the new term *annual comprehensive financial report* and its acronym *ACFR* and replaces instances of *comprehensive annual financial report* and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods ending after December 15, 2021. MTC adopted this standard for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The adoption of this standard changes the term of MTC's report to Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements of this statement are effective as follows: (a) The requirements in paragraph 26-32 related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by the pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63 are effective upon issuance. (b) The requirements in paragraphs 11-25 related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. (c) The requirements within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. MTC adopted paragraphs 26-32 in fiscal year 2022. The adoption of the above requirements has no impact on MTC's financial statements. Management is currently evaluating the effect of the remaining paragraphs of this statement on MTC's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this statement are effective for accounting changes and errors corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Management is currently evaluating the effect of this statement on MTC's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences and associated salary-related payments by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this statements are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Management is currently evaluating the effect of this statement on MTC's financial statements.

## D. Budgetary Accounting

Enabling legislation and adopted policies and procedures provide that MTC and its operating entities approve an annual budget by June 30 of each year. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental and proprietary funds. MTC also approves a life-to-date project budget whenever new projects are approved. MTC presents a preliminary budget in May and a final budget in June. MTC conducts hearings for discussion of the proposed annual budget and at the conclusion of the hearings, but not later than June 30,

## **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 Notes to Financial Statements

adopts the final budget for the following fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, project and expense type. The legal level of control is at the fund level and the governing body must approve additional appropriations. Budget amendments are recommended when needed. Operating appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

MTC employs the following practices and procedures in establishing budgetary data as reflected in the basic financial statements:

- Annual budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental fund types. These include the general fund, plus major and non-major special revenue funds. Capital budgets are adopted on a project life-to-date basis.
- Annual budgets are adopted on the accrual basis for the proprietary fund types.

### E. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in the general and special revenue funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, memoranda of understanding and other commitments outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, provides additional guidance on the classification within the fund balances section of amounts that have been encumbered. Encumbrances of balances within the general fund are classified as committed and are included in the "transportation projects" category. For the fiscal year 2022, these encumbrances, along with encumbrances of balances in funds that are restricted, committed or assigned, are not separately classified in the financial statements, and are summarized as follows:

General Fund	\$ 4,836,487
AB 664 Net Toll Revenue	64,315,128
State Transit Assistance Funds	40,414,455
Rail Reserves	2,186,606
Non-major Governmental Funds	22,699,747

### F. Net Position

Net position, presented in the government-wide financial statements, represents the residual interest in assets plus deferred outflows of resources after liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are deducted. MTC's Net position consists of three sections: net investment in capital assets, as well as restricted and unrestricted. Net position is reported as restricted when constraints are imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations or other governments or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the residual value that is not included in the restricted categories of net position. It is MTC's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

### G. Fund Balances

Fund balances, presented in the governmental fund financial statements, represent the difference between

## **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 Notes to Financial Statements

assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources reported in a governmental fund. GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, establishes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications and clarifies definitions for governmental funds. GASB Statement No. 54 requires that the fund balances be classified into categories based upon the type of restrictions imposed on the use of funds.

MTC evaluated each of its funds at June 30, 2022 and classified fund balances into the following five categories:

- Nonspendable Items that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, are reported in the general fund.
- Restricted Items that are restricted by external parties such as creditors or imposed by grants, law or legislation. MTC has legislative restrictions on amounts collected for various transportation and rail projects included in the AB 664 Toll Revenue, STA, BART Car Exchange, Transit Reserve, Rail Reserves, and BAHFA.
- Committed Items that have been committed by formal action by the entity's highest level of decisionmaking authority, which MTC considers to be Commission resolutions. This level of approval has been reported in the General fund and the Exchange fund.
- Assigned Items that have been allocated by committee action where the government's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose. MTC considers this level of authority to be the Administration Committee. This restriction is currently not used on MTC's fund balances.
- Unassigned This category is the residual classification for the general fund. This category represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The General fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. In other governmental funds, if expenditures exceed amounts restricted or committed, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

MTC reduces restricted amounts first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available. MTC reduces committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

## H. Cash and Investments

MTC invests its available cash under the prudent investor rule. The prudent investor rule states, in essence, that "in investing ... property for the benefit of another, a trustee shall exercise the judgment and care, under the circumstance then prevailing, which people of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs." This policy affords MTC a broad spectrum of investment opportunities as long as the investment is deemed prudent and is authorized under the California Government Code Sections 53600, et seq. Investments allowed under MTC's investment policy include the following:

- Securities of the U.S. Government or its agencies
- Securities of the State of California or its agencies
- Certificates of deposit issued by a nationally or state chartered bank

- Authorized pooled investment programs
- Commercial paper Rated "A1" or "P1"
- Corporate notes Rated "A" or better
- Municipal bonds
- Mutual funds Rated "AAA"
- Other investment types authorized by state law and not prohibited in MTC's investment policy.

MTC applies the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*, as amended (including by GASB Statement No. 72), which generally requires investments to be recorded at fair value with the difference between cost and fair value recorded as an unrealized gain or loss. MTC reports its money market securities and short-term investments at cost. This is permissible under this standard provided those investments have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less and that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the credit standing of the issuer or other factors. Net increases or decreases in the fair value of investments are shown in the Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance for all governmental fund types and in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the proprietary funds. Accounting for derivative investments is described in Note 1.W Investments purchased, but not yet settled in cash, are included in security trade payables in the statement of net position.

### Cash

MTC considers all balances in demand deposit accounts to be cash. Deposits in the cash management pool of the County of Alameda, Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), and California Asset Management Program (CAMP) are presented as cash as they are available for immediate withdrawal or deposit at any time without prior notice or penalty and there is minimal risk of loss of principal.

### **Restricted Cash**

Certain cash is restricted as these assets are either for a specific purpose, escrow accounts with the balance being refunded upon project completion, prepaid customer deposits for the FasTrak<sup>®</sup> program or funds restricted for debt service, or other legal restrictions.

### **Restricted Investments**

Certain investments are classified as restricted on the Statement of Net Position because they are either for a specific purpose, or their use is limited externally by applicable bond covenants, laws or regulations or there exists an imposed restriction through enabling legislation.

### Non-Current Cash and Investments

Certain cash and investments are non-current as these funds are restricted as to withdrawal or use for other than current operations that are designated for disbursement in the acquisition or construction of non-current assets, or that are segregated for the liquidation of long-term debts.

# I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items based on the consumption method.

# J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, right-to-use leased assets, automobiles and call boxes and software, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital asset acquisitions are recorded at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease building, the measurement of which is discussed in Note 1.S). MTC's intangible assets consist of purchased and licensed commercially available computer software and internally developed software. Depreciation and amortization expenses for the governmental activities are charged against general government function.

Capital assets are defined by MTC as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life more than three years. However, capital assets that do not meet the threshold on an individual basis but are material collectively are capitalized. MTC follows the guidance in GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion & Analysis - for State and Local Governments* and GASB Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets* for recording capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset service lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method that is based upon the estimated useful lives of individual capital assets. The estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Years
Buildings and improvements	7-45
Furniture and equipment	3-25
Intangible assets	5-10
Leased equipment	5
Automobiles	5
Call boxes	10
Right-to-use leased building	Lease term

When assets have been evaluated for impairment, in which the use of capital assets is discontinued or a decision has been made to sell assets and the assets are not continuing to be used, the depreciation and amortization ceases.

# K. <u>Retirement Plans</u>

MTC provides a defined benefit pension plan, the Miscellaneous Plan of Metropolitan Transportation Commission (the "Plan"), which provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to Plan members and beneficiaries. The Plan is part of the Public Agency portion of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, and amendment to GASB Statement No. 27, requires that reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used.

Valuation Date (VD)	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date (MD)	June 30, 2021
Measurement Period (MP)	July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

GASB Statement No. 68 requires the actuarial valuations to be performed at least every two years. If a valuation is not performed as of the measurement date, the total pension liability is required to be based on update procedures to roll forward amounts from an earlier actuarial valuation performed within 30 months and 1 day prior to the employer's fiscal year end. Accordingly, for financial reporting purposes, MTC's total pension liability was determined by CalPERS using a valuation date of June 30, 2020. CalPERS then rolled forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021, and this is the basis for reporting MTC's net pension liability at June 30, 2022.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability/asset, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about MTC's fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to / deletions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

MTC allocates the net pension liability/asset, deferred outflows and deferred inflows from pension, and pension expenses to its blended and discretely presented component units and funds based on their share of MTC's payroll cost of the measurement year.

For additional information on the Plan, refer to Note 8.

# L. Post Employment Healthcare Benefits

MTC provides post employment medical coverage to all eligible retired employees and their eligible dependents. MTC post employment medical plan is the same medical plan as for its active employees. MTC established a Section 115 irrevocable benefit trust fund for its post employment benefit plan with the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS). The benefit trust fund is not recorded in a fiduciary fund by MTC as the assets underlying these future benefits are not managed by MTC. The annual determined contribution to the trust fund is recorded in salaries and benefits expense.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability / asset, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about fiduciary net position of MTC's OPEB Plan and additions to / deletions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB 75 requires that reported results must pertain to liability and assets information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used.

Valuation Date (VD)	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date (MD)	June 30, 2021
Measurement Period (MP)	July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

GASB Statement No. 75 requires the actuarial valuations to be performed at least every two years. If a valuation is not performed as of the measurement date, the total OPEB liability is required to be based on update procedures to roll forward amounts from an earlier actuarial valuation performed within 30 months and 1 day prior to the employer's fiscal year end. Accordingly, for financial reporting purposes, MTC's net OPEB liability / asset at June 30, 2022 was determined using the actuarial valuation and measurement date of June 30, 2021.

MTC allocates OPEB liability / asset, deferred outflows and deferred inflows from OPEB, and OPEB expenses to its blended and discretely presented component units and funds based on their share of MTC's payroll cost of the measurement year.

For additional information on the Plan, refer to Note 9.

# M. Compensated Absences

MTC's regular staff employees accumulate vacation pay and sick leave pay based on the agreement with the Committee for Staff Representation pursuant to the Meyers–Milias–Brown Act. A liability exists for accumulated vacation and sick leave. Unused accumulated sick and vacation leave is paid at the time of employment termination up to a maximum of 240 hours for sick leave as well as the total accumulated vacation leave of an employee. See Note 10 for additional information.

# N. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances includes a reconciliation between net change in fund balance – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures." However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful life and reported as depreciation expense.

The details of the fiscal year 2022 reconciling items are as follows:

Capital asset purchases	\$	10,783
Depreciation expense		(124, 140)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances-total governmental		
funds to arrive at change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	(113,357)

# O. Unearned Revenue

The unearned revenue in MTC consists of State and Local grants prior to meeting the revenue recognition criteria. When revenue recognition criteria are met, unearned revenue will be reclassified to revenue earned. The unearned revenue in BATA consists of the funds collected by the Regional Customer Service Center (RCSC). The funds collected by the RCSC are prepayments for tolls or represent a deposit from patrons. The patrons are issued transponders with the prepaid amounts for usage against tolls on the San Francisco Bay Area bridges and Bay Area Express Lanes.

## P. Deferred inflows/outflows of resources - revenue and charges

Deferred revenue includes the unamortized portion of a lump sum payment from BATA to MTC. Details of the transaction are described below.

Streets and Highways codes sections 30890, 30911 and 30914 require BATA to transfer a specific percentage of the net base toll collection to MTC annually. The transfers are called AB 664 Net Toll Revenue Reserve, Transit Reserve and Rail Reserves transfers. In April 2010, MTC entered into a funding agreement with BATA, whereby BATA would make a lump sum payment of \$506,986,537 equal to the present value of the next 50 years of these funds' transfers. The funds were transferred on September 30, 2010. MTC and BATA agreed that the payment would fulfill BATA's entire responsibility to make AB 664 Net Toll Reserve, Transit Reserve, and Rail Reserves fund transfers for the next 50 years. MTC is using the payment to fund the planned essential regional transportation projects.

GASB Statement No. 48, *Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, establishes the criteria to account for the above transactions. The lump sum payment from BATA to MTC met the criteria of the intra-entity sale of future revenues for fiscal year June 30, 2011. GASB Statement No. 48 requires the intra-entity sale of future revenue to be accounted for as a deferred charge and deferred revenue and amortized over the life of the agreement. The balances in the deferred revenue and deferred charge are reported under Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources in accordance with GASB Statement No. 65. The amortization charge for the fiscal year was \$14,979,612.

# Q. Deferred Amount on Refunding

Deferred amount on refunding represents the unamortized amount of the different between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of the old debt from the defeasance of the current and advance bond refundings.

# R. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of resources on Pensions and Other Post-Employment</u> <u>Benefits (OPEB)</u>

Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are recognized for:

- Changes in the total pension and OPEB liability arising from differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors.\*
- The effects of changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or of other inputs.\*
- Difference between projected and actual investment earnings on defined benefit pension and OPEB plan investments.\*\*

\*The balances on these accounts are recognized in pension and OPEB expense using a systematic and rational method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of employees determined as of the beginning of the measurement period.

\*\*The difference between projected and actual earnings amount is recognized in pension and OPEB expense using a systematic and rational method over a closed five-year period.

Deferred outflows of resources are also used to report MTC's contribution to CalPERS and PARS subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension and OPEB liability and before the end of the reporting period. See Notes 8 and 9 for additional information.

# S. <u>Leases</u>

## Lessor

BAHA, the discretely presented component unit of MTC, is a lessor that leases office spaces of Bay Area Metro Center (BAMC) at 375 Beale Street, San Francisco to both governmental and private sector tenants. BAHA recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and its financial statements.

MTC adopted GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases* for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. On the implementation date July 1, 2021, BAHA recorded \$35,706,435 lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources. BAHA measured the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease terms. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the value of the lease receivable plus any payments received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods. The deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

The key estimates and judgments used to determine the discount rate, lease term and lease receipts are as follows:

• BAHA uses the estimated incremental borrowing rate of its tenants as the discount rate or leases. For its governmental tenants, BAHA uses the tax-exempt Municipal Market Data (MMD) rate plus the relevant tax point as the discount rate. For its private sector tenants, BAHA uses the weighted average discount

rate of similar borrowers.

- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease.
- The lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessees.

BAHA monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

## Lessee

BATA is a lessee that leases office space in BAMC from BAHA. BATA recognizes a lease liability and a right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

MTC adopted GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases* for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. On the implementation date July 1, 2021, BATA recorded \$3,390,287 lease payable and right-of-use leased building. BATA measured the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is measured at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. The lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the lease asset.

The key estimates and judgments used to determine the discount rate, lease term and lease receipts are as follows:

- BATA uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The rate was based on the tax-exempt MMD rate plus the relevant tax point.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease.
- The lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments to BAHA.

BATA monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

BATA's lease asset is reported with other capital assets and its lease liability is reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

# T. Toll Revenues Collected

BATA accounts for the electronic tolls collected from the operation of the bridges as revenue. BAIFA accounts for the electronic tolls collected from the operation of the express lanes as revenue. BATA and BAIFA recognize electronic toll revenue as amounts are earned.

# U. Other Operating Revenues

Violation fees and penalties collected and escheatment revenue are recognized as other operating revenues in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for BATA and BAIFA.

## V. Operating Expenses Incurred by Caltrans

In accordance with the Cooperative Agreement between BATA and Caltrans, BATA reimburses Caltrans for certain costs incurred for bridge operating expenses. These expenses include maintenance, administration, operations and overhead costs.

## W. Investment Income and Derivative Instruments

Investment income (loss) is comprised of interest income from investments and the changes in the fair value of investment derivative instruments. The investment derivative instrument component is in accordance with GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*, as amended, which requires the change in fair value of derivative instruments which are not an effective hedge, for accounting purposes, to be reported in investment income. The following table shows the breakdown of investment income and changes in fair values for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	 Governmental Activities	B	Business-Type Activities	 Total 2022
Investment loss	\$ (1,316,225)	\$	(39,676,199)	\$ (40,992,424)
Investment derivatives	 -		263,116,667	 263,116,667
Total Fiscal Year 2022	\$ (1,316,225)	\$	223,440,468	\$ 222,124,243

# X. Distributions to Caltrans for their Capital Purposes

In accordance with the Cooperative Agreement between BATA and Caltrans, BATA reimburses Caltrans for bridge capital expenses. Expenses are recorded or accrued related to the period to the extent the invoices are received by MTC through 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. See Note 2 for further details.

# Y. Distributions to Others for their Capital Purposes / Allocation to Other Agencies

Expenses are recorded or accrued related to the period to the extent the invoices are received by MTC through 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

# Z. Capital, Operating, and Maintenance expenses for other agencies

Expenses incurred by BAIFA for other agencies' capital projects, operating and maintenance costs.

# AA. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# AB. Build America Bonds (BABs) Interest Subsidy

The interest subsidy on the BABs was \$71,326,571 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$17,730,818 was not received as of June 30, 2022, and therefore was included as year-end accrual. The Federal government makes a semiannual payment to MTC on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The two interest subsidy payments in fiscal year 2022 were reduced due to the Federal budget and sequestration constraints. In fiscal year 2022, the payments were impacted by a reduction of 5.7% of the subsidy amount.

## AC. Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those necessary for principal operations of the entity. Operating expenses are those related to user service activities. Nonoperating revenues and expenses are all other revenues and expenses not related to user service activities.

## AD. Violation Penalty Refund

At the October 2021 BATA Board meeting, BATA approved a reduction in violation penalty notices as a part of its Bay Area tolling equity action plan. The penalty for first violation notices dropped to \$5 from the previous \$25 and the penalty for second violation notices falls to \$15 from the previous \$70 and became effective on December 1, 2021. This reduction is retroactive to all violation notices effective January 1, 2021 for outstanding tolls at the San Francisco-Oakland Bay, Antioch, Benicia-Martinez, Carquinez, Dumbarton, Richmond-San Rafael, and San Mateo-Hayward bridges. Bridge patrons who were sent notices on and after January 1, 2021 and paid their toll violation penalties before December 1, 2021, will receive a refund for the difference between the amount paid and the revised amount due.

Under this policy, BATA will be refunding \$26,741,329 of FY21 violation penalties which is reported as a special item in the financial statements. BATA will also refund \$8,126,138 from FY 2022. The FY 2022 refunds are recorded against current year toll revenues.

# AE. Prior Year Restatements

#### **BAIFA Restatement**

BAIFA was previously reported as a discretely presented component unit of MTC because its board was not substantively the same as MTC's board. However, in April 2022, BAIFA's board composition was modified to match the composition of MTC's board. Therefore, because the board is substantively the same as MTC's board, BAIFA meets the blending criteria of paragraph 53 of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* as amended by GASB Statement No. 61. In fiscal year 2022, BAIFA is presented as a blended component unit of MTC.

## **MTC Clipper® Enterprise Fund Restatement**

During fiscal year 2022, management determined that the Clipper fare payment system software and related equipment purchased in the prior year had not been previously capitalized in the MTC Clipper<sup>®</sup> enterprise fund. Therefore, capital assets, net of depreciation is understated by \$53,194,059 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The Clipper<sup>®</sup> enterprise fund net position and business-type activities at July 1, 2021 were restated to reflect the capitalization of the fare payment system software and related equipment. The effect of the restatement of MTC Clipper<sup>®</sup> enterprise fund on the change in net position of the immediately preceding period was approximately \$21,304,524.

The effect of the restatements of both BAIFA and MTC Clipper<sup>®</sup> enterprise fund on the net position are shown below:

	TC Clipper® prietary Fund	Business-Type Activities
Net position at July 1, 2021	\$ 17,391,274	\$ (6,983,794,147)
Add: BAIFA Net Position at July 1, 2021	-	179,838,025
MTC Clipper error correction	 53,194,059	53,194,059
Net position at July 1, 2021, as restated	\$ 70,585,333	\$ (6,750,762,063)

## **Clipper<sup>®</sup> Fiduciary Fund Restatement**

During fiscal year 2022, management determined that the prepaid unused Clipper cards does not meet the definition of a liability described in GASB 84 *Fiduciary Activities* and it should be reflected in the net position of the fiduciary fund. Therefore, the Clipper<sup>®</sup> fiduciary fund net position at July 1, 2021 was restated to reflect this correction. The effect of the restatement of Clipper<sup>®</sup> fiduciary fund on the change in net position of the immediately preceding period was approximately \$6,964,550.

The effect of the restatement of Clipper<sup>®</sup> fiduciary fund on the net position is shown below:

	Clipper®
	Fiduciary Fund
Net position at July 1, 2021	\$ -
Clipper® Fiduciary Fund correction	120,481,998
Net position at July 1, 2021, as restated	\$ 120,481,998

# AF. Prior Year Comparative Information

Selected information regarding the prior year has been included in the accompanying financial statements. This information has been included for comparison purposes only and does not represent a complete presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with MTC's prior year financial statements, from which this selected financial data was derived. The fiscal year 2021 financial statements are not restated to reflect the impact of the BAIFA and Clipper restatements discussed in Note 1 AE.

# AG. Presentational Reclassifications of Prior Year Amounts

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. There is no effect on changes in fund balance or net position as a result of these reclassifications.

# 2. Net Position / Fund Balance Deficit

MTC's negative net position/fund balance arises from BATA enterprise fund and AB 664 and Rail Reserves governmental funds. BATA is responsible for providing Caltrans funding for bridge construction and repairs related to the seven state-owned bridges in the San Francisco Bay Area. Expenses related to these payments to Caltrans are treated as expenses since BATA does not own or maintain title to the bridges. BATA's negative net position will be reduced through operating income earned in the future as the toll revenue debt is retired and projects are completed. In FY 2011, AB 664 and Rail Reserves received a lump sum payments of \$248,049,407 and \$200,200,625 respectively. These represent the present value of the next 50 years of funding from BATA through an agreement signed in 2010. The advance payments were recorded as a deferred revenue and amortized yearly. The cash advance is to be used to fund the planned essential of AB 664 and Rail Reserves projects at any time. Over the years AB 664 and Rail Reserves allocated funds for transportation projects exceeding the revenue amortization creating a deficit in the funds. AB 664 and Rail Reserves' deficit will be reduced through the yearly amortization of the advance payment.

# 3. Cash and Investments

**A.** A summary of Cash and Investments as shown on the Statement of Net Position for all funds at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Unrestricted cash	\$ 585,988,071
Unrestricted investments	75,756,080
Total unrestricted cash and investments	661,744,151
Restricted cash	281,409,728
Restricted investments	2,699,580,813
Total restricted cash and investments	2,980,990,541
Total cash and investments	\$ 3,642,734,692

The details of restricted cash and investments are as follows:

FasTrak® program	\$	143,372,789
Debt service reserve fund		904,720,166
Operations & maintenance reserve		174,000,000
Extraordinary loss reserve		50,000,000
Rehabilitation reserve		276,000,000
Projects / self-insurance reserves		280,000,000
Variable rate risk reserve		280,000,000
Capital projects		85,134,679
BART car exchange project		356,643,807
Regional Measure 3		431,119,100
Total restricted cash and investments	\$2	2,980,990,541

Restricted cash on the FasTrak<sup>®</sup> program consists of customer prepaid tolls and deposits from patrons. The patrons are issued transponders with the prepaid amounts for usage against tolls on the San Francisco Bay Area bridges and Bay Area Express Lanes network. Tolls are deducted from customers' prepaid toll accounts as customers cross a bridge or use the express lane. The operations & maintenance reserve, Debt service reserve, Extraordinary loss reserve, Rehabilitation reserve, Projects/Self-insurance reserve as well as the Variable rate risk reserve are described in Note 5. The BART car exchange project is described in Note 1.B.ii. The Regional Measure 3 is described in Note 11.

**B.** The composition of cash and investments at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

#### Cash

Cash at banks	\$ 332,679,289
Money market mutual funds	235,137,997
Government Pool Investments	193,799,337
County of Alameda	 105,781,176
Total Cash	\$ 867,397,799

MTC holds a position in the investment pool of County of Alameda for STA funds. Deposits with the County of Alameda are available for immediate withdrawal.

#### **Fiduciary fund**

Cash at bank - Clipper <sup>®</sup>	\$ 165,395,256
Total cash - fiduciary fund	\$ 165,395,256

The mutual fund investments in MTC's investment portfolio are expressed as a percentage of MTC's total cash and investments as follows:

Money Market Mutual Funds	
BlackRock Treasury Trust Fund	4%
Morgan Stanley Government Portfolio	2%
BlackRock T-Fund Institutional	1%

The government pool investments in MTC's investment portfolio are expressed as a percentage of MTC's total cash and investments as follows:

Government Pool Investments	
Local Agency Investment Fund	5%
California Asset Management Program	Less than 1%

Money Market Mutual Funds

The BlackRock Treasury Trust Fund is part of the overnight sweep fund utilized by Bank of New York trustee accounts, and by Bank of America checking accounts. The fund invests 100% of its total assets in cash, U.S. Treasury bills, notes and other obligations issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. Treasury. The fund is rated "AAA/Aaa" by Standard and Poor's and Moody's, respectively.

The Morgan Stanley Government Portfolio is part of the overnight sweep fund utilized by Union Bank and Bank of New York custodial accounts. The fund invests in obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government and its agencies and instrumentalities and in repurchase agreements collateralized by such

securities. The fund is rated "AAA/Aaa" by Standard and Poor's and Moody's, respectively.

The BlackRock T-Fund Institutional fund is part of the overnight sweep fund utilized by Union Bank trustee accounts. The fund invests primarily in money market instruments including U.S. Treasury bills, notes, obligations guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. The fund is rated "AAA/Aaa" by Standard & Poor's and Moody's, respectively.

## **Government Pools**

The California State Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) is a program created by state statute as an investment alternative for California's local governments and special districts. LAIF funds are available for immediate withdrawal. Therefore, the position in LAIF is classified as cash. LAIF is unrated.

The California Asset Management Program (CAMP) fund is a joint powers authority and common law trust. The Trust's Cash Reserve Portfolio is a short-term money market portfolio, which seeks to preserve principal, provide daily liquidity and earn a high level of income consistent with its objectives of preserving principal. CAMP funds are available for immediate withdrawal. Therefore, the position in CAMP is classified as cash. CAMP's money market portfolio is rated "AAA" by Standard & Poor's.

State law and MTC policy limit mutual fund investments to 20 percent of the portfolio, with no more than 10 percent of the portfolio in any single fund except for mutual funds supporting bond proceeds. All the mutual fund holdings are highly rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's. However, this limit does not apply to Joint Powers Authority Funds, county or state investment pools.

# Investments

GASB Statement No. 72 sets forth the framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1), and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value at June 30, 2022:

Government-sponsored enterprises notes, US Treasuries and municipal bonds: These investments are valued on the basis of prices provided by ICE Data Pricing and Reference Data LLC. In determining the value of a particular investment at bid, pricing services may use certain information with respect to transactions in such investments, quotations from dealers, pricing matrices and market transactions in comparable investments and various relationships between investments.

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, MTC's investments at fair value.

<b>Investments by fair value level at June 30, 2022</b> U.S. Treasury	Level 1 \$ -	Level 2 \$ 1,326,716,331	Level 3 \$ -	<b>Total</b> \$ 1,326,716,331
Government-Sponsored Enterprises:				
Federal Home Loan Bank	-	1,146,238,465	-	1,146,238,465
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	-	250,114,207	-	250,114,207
Federal National Mortgage Association		34,567,890		34,567,890
Total	-	1,430,920,562	-	1,430,920,562
Municipal Bonds		17,700,000		17,700,000
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 2,775,336,893	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,775,336,893

Refer to Note 5 for the investment derivative instruments valuations.

The U.S. Treasury and Government-Sponsored Enterprises (GSE) holdings carry "AA+/Aaa/AAA" ratings from Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch, respectively. Neither state law nor MTC policy imposes a limit to the amount of U.S. Treasury and GSE debt securities that can be held in the portfolio.

Municipal Bonds include holdings in Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) Certificates of Participation (COP). The BAAQMD COP is a private placement security and is not rated.

## C. Deposit and Investment Risk Factors

There are many factors that can affect the value of investments. MTC invests substantially in fixed-income securities, which are affected by credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and interest rate risk. The credit ratings of MTC's income securities holdings are discussed in Note 1.H.

## i.) Credit Risk

Fixed income securities are subject to credit risk, which is the possibility that the security issuer will fail to pay interest or principal in a timely manner or that negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make these payments will cause security prices to decline.

A bond's credit quality is an assessment of the issuer's ability to pay principal and interest on the bond. Credit quality may be evaluated by a nationally recognized independent credit rating agency. The lower the rating is, the greater the chance (in the opinion of the rating agency) that the bond issuer will fail to meet its obligations or potentially default.

## ii.) Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that securities held by the custodian and in the custodian's name may be lost and not be recovered. All MTC securities are held in independent safekeeping accounts maintained with U.S. Bank or Bank of New York Mellon (BONY) and are held under MTC's name. As a result, custodial credit risk is remote.

## iii.) Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk associated with lack of diversification, such as having substantial investments in a few individual issuers, thereby exposing the organization to greater risks resulting from adverse economic, political, regulatory or credit developments. Investments in issuers that represent 5 percent or more of total investments at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

U.S. Treasury	48%
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	41%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC)	9%

## iv.) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the market value of fixed-income securities will decline because of rising interest rates. The prices of fixed-income securities with a longer time to maturity, measured by duration in years, tend to be more sensitive to changes in interest rates and, therefore, more volatile than those with shorter durations. Since MTC's policy is to buy and hold investments to maturity, marked-to-market will always equal par value when they mature.

MTC's investment portfolio includes an investment in the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) Certificates of Participation (COP). The COP has a tender provision that allows the security to be tendered with seven days' notice and there is no significant risk of market value loss. The interest rate on the COP is reset weekly based on the SIFMA Municipal Swap Index plus a spread.

The weighted average maturities of MTC's U.S. Treasury and GSE securities (expressed in number of years) at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

U.S. Treasury	0.19
Government-sponsored enterprises	
Federal Home Loan Bank	2.12
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	3.07
Federal National Mortgage Association	3.25

# 4. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Governmental activitiesJuly 1, 2021IncreasesDecreasesCapital assets, not being depreciated:\$255,909\$10,783\$(266,692)\$Construction in progress\$255,909\$10,783\$(266,692)\$Total capital assets, not being depreciated:255,909\$10,783-Capital assets, being depreciated:1,504,59010,783-Furniture and equipment1,504,59010,783-Intangible assets206,964255,909-Leased Equipment362,667-(362,667)Automobiles31,393	June 30, 2022
Construction in progress       \$       255,909       \$       10,783       \$       (266,692)       \$         Total capital assets, not being depreciated       255,909       10,783       (266,692)       \$         Capital assets, being depreciated:       1,504,590       10,783       -         Furniture and equipment       1,504,590       10,783       -         Intangible assets       206,964       255,909       -         Leased Equipment       362,667       -       (362,667)         Automobiles       31,393       -       -	-
Total capital assets, not being depreciated255,90910,783(266,692)Capital assets, being depreciated: Furniture and equipment1,504,59010,783-Intangible assets206,964255,909-Leased Equipment362,667-(362,667)Automobiles31,393	-
Furniture and equipment       1,504,590       10,783       -         Intangible assets       206,964       255,909       -         Leased Equipment       362,667       -       (362,667)         Automobiles       31,393       -       -	
Furniture and equipment       1,504,590       10,783       -         Intangible assets       206,964       255,909       -         Leased Equipment       362,667       -       (362,667)         Automobiles       31,393       -       -	
Intangible assets     206,964     255,909     -       Leased Equipment     362,667     -     (362,667)       Automobiles     31,393     -     -	1,515,373
Automobiles 31,393	462,873
	-
	31,393
Total capital assets being depreciated         2,105,614         266,692         (362,667)	2,009,639
Less accumulated depreciation for:	
Furniture and equipment 1,430,080 49,916 -	1,479,996
Intangible assets 121,486 74,224 -	195,710
Leased Equipment 362,667 - (362,667)	-
Automobiles 31,393	31,393
Total accumulated depreciation         1,945,626         124,140         (362,667)	1,707,099
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net159,988142,552-	302,540
Governmental activities capital assets, net         \$ 415,897         \$ 153,335         \$ (266,692)         \$	302,540
Balance Balance July 1, 2021 Business-type activities July 1, 2021 Adjustments <sup>*</sup> as restated Increases Decreases	Ending Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	
Construction in progress         \$ 225,000         \$ 55,192,241         \$ 55,417,241         \$ 32,434,050         \$ (19,241,012)	5) <u>\$ 68,610,276</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated         225,000         55,192,241         55,417,241         32,434,050         (19,241,01)	5) 68,610,276
Capital assets, being depreciated:	
Furniture and equipment 15,137,568 117,100,128 132,237,696 20,354,921	- 152,592,617
Building/Tenant improvements $5,163,153$ - $5,163,153$ -	- 5,163,153
Automobiles 80,259 - 80,259 -	- 80,259
Intangible assets 23,728,900 41,157,422 64,886,322 7,693,825	- 72,580,147
	- 1,816,452
Right-to-use leased building*         -         3,390,287         3,390,287         -	- 3,390,287
Total capital assets being depreciated         45,926,332         161,647,837         207,574,169         28,048,746	- 235,622,915
Less accumulated depreciation for: Furniture and equipment 14,577,615 15,366,531 29,944,146 10,157,237	40 101 292
Furniture and equipment14,577,61515,366,53129,944,14610,157,237Building/Tenant improvements4,786,017-4,786,01760,342	- 40,101,383 - 4,846,359
	- 40,401
Intangible assets 23,175,886 12,649,082 35,824,968 5,741,720	- 41,566,688
	- 1,678,627
Right-to-use leased building*         -         -         1,011,740         00,001	- 1,402,877
	- 89,636,335
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 1,746,056 133,632,224 135,378,280 10,608,300	- 145,986,580
Business-type activities capital assets, net <u>\$ 1,971,056</u> <u>\$ 188,824,465</u> <u>\$ 190,795,521</u> <u>\$ 43,042,350</u> <u>\$ (19,241,01)</u>	

\* The Adjustments include the following items:

- In fiscal year 2022, right-to-use leased building beginning balance of Business-type activities was adjusted by \$3,390,287 for the impact of the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87. See note 6 for further information.
- BAIFA, a previous discretely presented component unit, is presented as a blended component unit of MTC as a major enterprise fund in fiscal year 2022. The beginning balance of Business-type activities was adjusted for BAIFA's capital assets that consist of \$19,698,357 capital assets not being depreciated and \$112,541,761 net capital assets being depreciated. See note 1AE for further information.
- In fiscal year 2022, the beginning balance of Business-type activities was also adjusted to include MTC Clipper<sup>®</sup>'s capital assets. The MTC Clipper<sup>®</sup>'s adjustments consist of \$35,493,884 capital assets not being depreciated and \$17,700,175 capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. See note 1AE for further information.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 124,140
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 124,140
Business-type activities:	
Toll bridge activities	\$ 2,137,211
Congestion relief	145,626
Express lane activities	11,204,317
MTC Clipper smart card®	3,953,292
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 17,440,446

# 5. Long-Term Debt

In December 2021, BATA issued its Senior Index Rate Toll Revenue Bonds, 2021 Series D and E of \$276,715,000 and its Fixed Rate Toll Revenue Bonds, 2021 Series F-2 and 2021 Series F-3 of \$700,000,000. BATA will use the proceeds from the issuance of the 2021 Series Senior Bonds to (i) finance or refinance toll bridge capital improvements, (ii) defease or refund bonds, (iii) make a cash deposit to the Reserve Fund, and (iv) pay costs incurred with the issuance of the bonds.

In December 2021, BATA also issued its Subordinate Fixed Rate Toll Revenue Bonds, 2021 Series S-10 of \$274,240,000. BATA will use the proceeds from the issuance of the 2021 Series Subordinate Bonds to (i) defease or refund bonds (ii) make a cash deposit to the Reserve Fund, and (iii) pay costs incurred with the issuance of the bonds.

BATA issued its Senior Toll Revenue Bonds, 2021 Series D and E to defease all of the Authority's outstanding Toll Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series C and 2018 Series B. The 2021 Series D and 2021 Series E have an Index Rate Period ending April 2027 and April 2028, respectively and bear interest based on the SIFMA Swap Index Rate, plus a spread. At the end of each respective initial Index Rate Period, BATA can change the Interest Rate Mode associated with the bonds. Depending on the interest rate environment when the bonds are remarketed, the interest rate on the bonds may be higher than the initial Index Rate.

The majority of the proceeds of the 2021 Series D and E, along with a cash contribution from BATA were deposited into a Redemption Fund held by the Senior Trustee. BATA also made a cash contribution to pay for costs of issuance.

The 2021 Series D and E refunding transaction was recorded as a current refunding in accordance with GASB Statement No. 7, *Advance Refundings Resulting in Defeasance of Debt* and GASB Statement No. 23, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Refundings of Debt Reported by Proprietary Activities*.

BATA issued its Senior Toll Revenue Bonds 2021 Series F-2 and F-3, together with a cash contribution from BATA to fund capital improvements and senior debt service reserves, and pay costs of issuance. The 2021 Series F-2 bonds have a final maturity date of April 2056 and bear interest at the stated fixed rate of 2.600 percent. The 2021 Series F-3 bonds have a final maturity date of April 2055 and bear interest at the stated fixed rate of 3.126 percent. The 2021 Series F-3 is a federally taxable bond.

BATA issued its Subordinate Toll Revenue Bonds, 2021 Series S-10 to defease all of the Authority's outstanding Toll Revenue Bonds, 2019 Series S-H and a portion of the Authority's outstanding Toll Revenue Bonds, 2019 Series S-8. The 2021 Series S-10 bonds have a final maturity date of April 2050 and bear interest at the stated fixed rate between 2.513 percent and 3.276 percent. The 2021 Series S-10 is a federally taxable bond.

The majority of the proceeds of the 2021 Series S-10 were deposited into an Escrow Fund held by the Subordinate Trustee and the subordinate debt service reserve. The funds on deposit were used to purchase certain non-callable senior Government Obligations to be used to pay the interest and redemption of the refunded bonds on or prior to the redemption date.

The 2021 Series S-10 refunding transaction was recorded as an advance refunding in accordance with GASB Statement No. 7, *Advance Refundings Resulting in Defeasance of Debt* and GASB Statement No. 23, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Refundings of Debt Reported by Proprietary Activities.* 

The difference between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt is \$45,424,845. The transactions provided a present value economic gain of \$13,175,342.

In June 2022, BATA made a prepayment to fund certain principal and related interest becoming due and payable in fiscal year 2023. This affected Subordinate Toll Revenue Bonds, 2010 Series S-1 and 2019 Series S-9.

BATA irrevocably placed cash with a subordinate bonds escrow agent to be used solely for satisfying scheduled payments of both principal and interest becoming due and payable in fiscal year 2023 for the related bonds.

This transaction was recorded as an in-substance defeasance in accordance with GASB Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues*.

There is no outstanding debt that was defeased in-substance from prior periods as of June 30, 2022.

#### Term / Index Rate Bonds:

BATA has a principal balance of \$2,017,510,000 in term/index rate bonds. The term/index rate bond series are detailed as follows:

End of

				End of
			Effective	Term/Index
Series	Par	Term/ Index Rate	Date	Rate Period
2008 Series B1	\$110,000,000	SIFMA Swap Index plus 1.10%	12/20/2012	4/1/2024
2008 Series G1	\$50,000,000	SIFMA Swap Index plus 1.10%	12/20/2012	4/1/2024
2001 Series A	\$150,000,000	SIFMA Swap Index plus 1.25%	1/10/2013	4/1/2027
2006 Series C1	\$125,000,000	SIFMA Swap Index plus 0.90%	5/1/2013	5/1/2023
2008 Series A1	\$110,000,000	SIFMA Swap Index plus 0.90%	5/1/2013	5/1/2023
2007 Series C1	\$50,000,000	SIFMA Swap Index plus 0.90%	6/3/2013	5/1/2023
2017 Series A	\$123,325,000	2.950%	2/23/2017	4/1/2026
2017 Series B	\$123,325,000	2.850%	2/23/2017	4/1/2025
2017 Series G	\$153,975,000	2.000%	8/23/2017	4/1/2024
2017 Series H	\$188,750,000	2.125%	8/23/2017	4/1/2025
2018 Series A	\$194,735,000	2.625%	12/20/2018	4/1/2026
2021 Series A	\$204,835,000	2.000%	3/17/2021	4/1/2028
2021 Series B	\$56,850,000	SIFMA Swap Index plus 0.28%	3/17/2021	4/1/2024
2021 Series C	\$100,000,000	SIFMA Swap Index plus 0.45%	3/17/2021	4/1/2026
2021 Series D	\$150,000,000	SIFMA Swap Index plus 0.30%	12/21/2021	4/1/2027
2021 Series E	\$126,715,000	SIFMA Swap Index plus 0.41%	12/21/2021	4/1/2028

#### Variable Rate Demand Bonds:

BATA has a principal balance of \$691,730,000 in Variable Rate Demand Bonds. The Variable Rate Demand Bonds are backed by various Letter of Credit providers and are reset at a Weekly Rate by various remarketing agents. The Variable Rate Demand Bonds series are detailed as follows:

<u>Series</u>	<u>Par Amount</u>	Letter of Credit Providers	<u>Short Term</u> <u>Rating</u> (S&P/Moody's <u>/Fitch)</u>	<u>Letter of Credit</u> <u>Expiration</u> <u>Date</u>	Remarketing Agents
2007 Series A2	\$75,000,000	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	A1/P1/F1	10/20/2026	JP Morgan Securities, LLC
2007 Series B2	\$75,000,000	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	A1/P1/F1	10/20/2026	Citigroup Global Markets Inc.
2007 Series C2	\$25,000,000	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	A1/P1/F1	10/20/2026	Goldman Sachs & Co
2007 Series D2	\$100,000,000	Bank of America, N.A.	A1/P1/F1+	10/20/2026	BofA Securities, Inc.
2007 Series G1	\$50,000,000	Bank of America, N.A.	A1/P1/F1+	10/20/2026	Barclays Capital Inc.
2008 Series C1	\$25,000,000	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	A1/P1/F1	10/20/2026	Citigroup Global Markets Inc
2008 Series E1	\$50,000,000	MUFG Bank, Ltd.	A1/P1/F1	10/20/2026	Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC.
2019 Series A	\$100,000,000	Bank of America, N.A.	A1/P1/F1+	8/1/2024	BofA Securities, Inc.
2019 Series B	\$57,160,000	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	A1/P1/F1	8/1/2024	JP Morgan Securities, LLC
2019 Series C	\$52,200,000	Bank of America, N.A.	A1/P1/F1+	8/1/2024	Goldman Sachs & Co
2019 Series D	\$82,370,000	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	A1/P1/F1	8/1/2024	JP Morgan Securities, LLC

As of June 30, 2022, there were no outstanding draws. Commitment fees are paid quarterly to the Letter of Credit Providers. In the event the bonds covered under the Reimbursement Agreement become bank bonds, the maximum interest rate on the bonds would be 15%.

# **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Financial Statements for the years ended June 30, 2022 Notes to Financial Statements

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Issue	Interest		Calendar Year		Original	Beginning Balance					Ending Balance	Due Within
Business-type activities	Date	Rate		Maturity	-	Amount	July 1, 2021		Additions	-	Reductions	June 30, 2022	One Year <sup>(10)</sup>
2001 Revenue Bond Series A	5/24/2001	3.69%	(2)	2036	\$	150,000,000	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		\$-	\$	-	\$ 150,000,000	\$ -
2006 Revenue Bond Series C	2/8/2006	3.60%	(2)	2045		275,000,000	125,000,000		-		-	125,000,000	-
2007 Revenue Bond Series C1	5/15/2007	3.60%	(2)	2047		50,000,000	50,000,000		-		-	50,000,000	-
2007 Revenue Bond Series G1	5/15/2007	3.60%	(2)	2047		50,000,000	50,000,000		-		-	50,000,000	-
2007 Revenue Bond Series (A2,B2,C2,D2)	10/25/2007	3.60%	(2)	2047		275,000,000	275,000,000		-		-	275,000,000	-
2008 Revenue Bond Series (A1,B1,C1,E1,G1)	6/5/2008	3.60%	(2)	2045		345,000,000	345,000,000		-		-	345,000,000	-
2009 Revenue Bond Series F2 (BABs)	11/5/2009	4.07%	(1,3)	2049		1,300,000,000	1,300,000,000		-		-	1,300,000,000	-
2010 Revenue Bond Series S1 (BABs)	7/1/2010	4.54%	(1,3)	2050		1,500,000,000	1,443,165,000		-		(20,650,000) (5)	1,422,515,000	-
2010 Revenue Bond Series S3 (BABs)	11/4/2010	4.49%	(1,3)	2050		475,000,000	475,000,000		-		-	475,000,000	-
2012 Revenue Bond Series F1	10/23/2012	5.00%	(1)	2031		907,525,000	36,105,000		-		(36,105,000) (10)	-	-
2017 Revenue Bond Series (A,B,C)	2/23/2017	2.90%	(1)	2047		402,165,000	402,165,000		-		$(155,515,000)^{(6)(10)}$	246,650,000	5,360,000
2017 Revenue Bond Series F1	2/23/2017	4.00%	(1)	2056		300,000,000	75,000,000		-		-	75,000,000	-
2017 Revenue Bond Series (G,H)	8/23/2017	2.07%	(1)	2053		342,725,000	342,725,000		-		-	342,725,000	-
2017 Revenue Bond Series S7	8/23/2017	4.05%	(1)	2049		1,402,175,000	1,353,890,000		-		-	1,353,890,000	15,860,000
2018 Revenue Bond Series (A,B)	12/20/2018	2.63%	(1)	2045		319,735,000	319,735,000		-		(125,000,000) <sup>(7)</sup>	194,735,000	-
2019 Revenue Bond Series SH	2/26/2019	5.00%	(1)	2049		126,240,000	126,240,000		-		(126,240,000) (8)	-	-
2019 Revenue Bond Series S8	8/1/2019	3.00%	(1)	2056		203,270,000	203,270,000		-		(81,650,000) <sup>(8)</sup>	121,620,000	-
2019 Revenue Bond Series (A,B,C,D)	8/1/2019	3.60%	(2)	2053		291,730,000	291,730,000		-		-	291,730,000	-
2019 Revenue Bond Series F1	9/26/2019	2.76%	(1)	2054		869,195,000	869,195,000		-		-	869,195,000	64,935,000
2019 Revenue Bond Series S9	9/26/2019	2.23%	(1)	2023		103,535,000	16,150,000		-		$(16, 150, 000)^{(5)}$	-	-
2021 Revenue Bond Series A	3/17/2021	2.00%	(1)	2056		204,835,000	204,835,000		-		-	204,835,000	-
2021 Revenue Bond Series (B,C)	3/17/2021	3.60%	(2)	2056		156,850,000	156,850,000		-		-	156,850,000	-
2021 Revenue Bond Series F1	3/17/2021	2.04%	(1)	2040		349,205,000	349,205,000		-		-	349,205,000	-
2021 Revenue Bond Series (D,E)	12/21/2021	1.26%	(4)	2056		276,715,000	-		276,715,000 (6)	(7)	-	276,715,000	-
2021 Revenue Bond Series F2	12/21/2021	2.60%	(1)	2056		338,500,000	-		338,500,000 (9)		-	338,500,000	-
2021 Revenue Bond Series F3	12/21/2021	3.13%	(1)	2055		361,500,000	-		361,500,000 (9)		-	361,500,000	-
2021 Revenue Bond Series S10	12/21/2021	3.18%	(1)	2050		274,240,000	-		274,240,000 (8)		-	274,240,000	-
					\$	11,650,140,000	8,960,260,000	-	1,250,955,000		(561,310,000)	9,649,905,000	\$ 86,155,000
Net unamortized bond premium / (discount)							119,115,391		-		(42,223,692)	76,891,699	
Net long-term debt as of June 30, 2022							\$ 9,079,375,391	5	\$ 1,250,955,000	\$	(603,533,692)	\$ 9,726,796,699	
								È		4	(223,222,022)	÷ ,,,20,,,20,000	

(1) Interest rates on fixed rate bonds/term rate bonds are calculated on weighted outstanding coupon rates.

(2) Weighted swap rate is presented for variable rate bonds that are hedged with a swap. Variable rate bonds are presented as long term debt in accordance with GASB Interpretation No. 1 because MTC has liquidity commitments.

(3) Federal Taxable Build America Bonds.

(4) The interest rate presented is the 6/30/2022 SIFMA Swap Index rate plus the spread related to the respective bond.

(5) In-substance defeasance of FY22/23 scheduled principal payments on 6/8/2022.

(6)The 2021 Series D bonds were issued as senior index rate bonds on 12/21/2021 to fully refund \$151,715,000 of the 2017 Series C bonds.

(7) The 2021 Series E bonds were issued as senior index rate bonds on 12/21/2021 to fully refund \$125,000,000 of the 2018 Series B bonds.

(8) The 2021 Series S10 bonds were issued on 12/21/2021 as subordinate fixed rate bonds to fully refund 2019 Series SH bond and \$81,650,000 of the 2019 Series S8 bond. The 2021 Series S10 bonds are federally taxable.

(9) The 2021 Series F2 and 2021 Series F3 bonds were issued as senior fixed rate bonds on 12/21/2021. The 2021 Series F3 bonds are federally taxable.

(10) Scheduled payments.

#### **Annual funding requirements**

The annual funding requirements for the debt and swap outstanding of the business-type activities at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

		_		
 Principal Payments		Interest Payments		Total Payments
\$ 86,155,000	\$	365,503,775	\$	451,658,775
116,730,000		361,861,546		478,591,546
133,525,000		356,364,394		489,889,394
136,165,000		349,218,716		485,383,716
176,780,000		341,030,608		517,810,608
1,037,205,000		1,598,239,856		2,635,444,856
1,240,700,000		1,377,963,039		2,618,663,039
1,513,470,000		1,122,031,166		2,635,501,166
1,845,430,000		806,405,448		2,651,835,448
2,065,760,000		371,128,447		2,436,888,447
 1,297,985,000		77,619,340		1,375,604,340
\$ 9,649,905,000	\$	7,127,366,335	\$	16,777,271,335
\$	\$ 86,155,000 116,730,000 133,525,000 136,165,000 1,037,205,000 1,240,700,000 1,513,470,000 1,845,430,000 2,065,760,000 1,297,985,000	Payments           \$ 86,155,000         \$           116,730,000         133,525,000           136,165,000         136,165,000           176,780,000         1,037,205,000           1,037,205,000         1,240,700,000           1,513,470,000         1,845,430,000           2,065,760,000         1,297,985,000	Payments         Payments           \$ 86,155,000         \$ 365,503,775           116,730,000         361,861,546           133,525,000         356,364,394           136,165,000         349,218,716           176,780,000         341,030,608           1,037,205,000         1,598,239,856           1,240,700,000         1,377,963,039           1,513,470,000         1,122,031,166           1,845,430,000         806,405,448           2,065,760,000         371,128,447           1,297,985,000         77,619,340	Payments         Payments           \$ 86,155,000         \$ 365,503,775         \$ 116,730,000         361,861,546           133,525,000         356,364,394         136,165,000         349,218,716           176,780,000         341,030,608         1,037,205,000         1,598,239,856           1,240,700,000         1,377,963,039         1,513,470,000         1,122,031,166           1,845,430,000         806,405,448         2,065,760,000         371,128,447           1,297,985,000         77,619,340

# **Business-type activities**

## **Bond Covenants – BATA**

The Bay Area Toll Authority Senior Toll Bridge Revenue Bonds are payable solely from pledged "Revenue" and all amounts held by the trustee in each fund and account (with exclusions) established under the Master Indenture dated as of May 1, 2001 (the 2001 "Master Indenture"). Pledged "Revenue" and exclusions to the trustee funds and accounts are defined within the Master Indenture. BATA established a Reserve fund under the 2001 Master Indenture.

BATA covenanted in the Master Indenture that no additional bonds shall be issued, unless Net Revenue is greater than 1.5 times of the combined Maximum Annual Debt Service of all outstanding parity bonds. Parity bonds have the same priority of claim or lien against pledged Revenue.

In the fifth supplemental indenture dated February 2006, BATA covenanted to maintain toll revenue at levels that result in Net Revenue greater than 1.2 times Annual Debt Service costs as defined in the Master Indenture. In addition, BATA agreed to maintain tolls at a level where Net Revenue plus the balance in the Operations and Maintenance Fund is at least 1.25 times total "Fixed Costs". BATA also has the legal requirement of maintaining tolls at a level exceeding 1.0 times all fixed costs. See Schedule 9.

The senior lien bonds issued by BATA are secured by a first lien on all toll revenue.

The Bay Area Toll Authority's Subordinate Toll Bridge Revenue Bonds are payable solely from pledged "Revenue" and all amounts held by the trustee in each fund and account (with exclusions) established under the Subordinate Indenture dated June 1, 2010 (the "2010 Subordinate Indenture"). "Pledged Revenue" and exclusions to the trustee funds and accounts are defined within the 2010 Subordinate Indenture. BATA has established a Reserve fund account under the 2010 Subordinate Indenture.

BATA covenanted in the 2010 Subordinate Indenture that no additional bonds shall be issued unless the Available Revenue equates to greater than 1.2 times of the combined Maximum Annual Debt Service costs of all outstanding parity bonds.

In the first supplemental indenture dated June 2010, BATA covenanted to maintain toll revenue at levels that result in Available Revenue greater than 1.2 times Annual Debt Service costs.

BATA is required to compute Coverage Ratios described in the Indentures based on the BATA adopted budget within ten business days after the start of the fiscal year and to file a Certificate of the Authority with the Senior and Subordinate Trustees.

As of June 30, 2022, the current Reserve Requirement and the fair value of the cash and investment securities in the Debt Service reserves are as follows:

	Reserve Requirement <sup>(1)</sup>	Fair Value of Cash & Securities
Senior Debt	\$369,000,000	\$373,140,388
Subordinate Debt	\$156,937,472	\$166,355,071

<sup>(1)</sup>The debt service reserve requirements are recalculated on an annual basis on April 1.

BATA maintains certain designated reserves:

		Required	
Designation	Requirement	Amount	June 30, 2022
External Designation:			
O & M	2x Caltrans budgeted O&M costs	\$14 million	\$174 million
Extraordinary loss	BATA/Caltrans Coop Agreement	\$50 million	\$50 million
BATA designation:			
Rehab reserve	2x Rehab budget (\$137.8m/yr)	\$276 million	\$276 million
Variable rate risk reserve	BATA designation	\$280 million	\$280 million
Project/ Self Insurance Reserves	BATA designation	\$280 million	\$280 million

#### **Derivative Instruments**

Investment derivatives instruments fair value in a payable to the counterparty position was \$261,589,656 at June 30, 2022, and recorded in the Statement of Net Position as a liability. The changes in the fair value of investment derivatives instruments were recorded to investment income. See Note 1.W for further details.

Voluntary cancellation of any or all of the swap transactions is subject to a valuation calculation at the time of termination. The fair value balances and notional amounts of derivative instruments outstanding at June 30, 2022 classified by type, and the changes in fair value of such derivative instruments during FY 2022 as reported in the financial statements are as follows:

	Change in Fair Value o	during			
-	FY 2022		Fair Valu	e at June 30, 2022	2
Business-type Activities	Classification	Amount	Classification	Amount	Notional
Pay-fixed interest rate swap	Investment Income	\$ 263,116,667	Noncurrent Liabilities	\$ (261,589,656)	\$ 1,440,000,000

## **Objective and Terms of Hedging Derivative Instruments**

BATA entered into interest rate swaps to manage exposure to fluctuations in interest rates and interest expenses. Management is aware that swap transactions contain certain associated risks not traditionally associated with fixed-rate issues, particularly the risk of counterparty default. However, management has structured the transactions with reasonable safeguards, including downgrade and collateral provisions required of all counterparties, as well as management's unilateral ability to cancel any transaction with 15 days' notice.

The following tables display the credit ratings of the associated counterparties, terms, and fair value of the derivative instruments outstanding as of June 30, 2022.

	Standard &	
	Poor's	Moody's
Bank of America, N.A.	A+	Aa2
The Bank of New York Mellon	AA-	Aa2
Citibank, N.A., New York	A+	Aa3
Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	A+	Aa2
Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine Derivative Products LP	AA-	Aa2
JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A.	A+	Aa2
Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC	A-	A1

# Metropolitan Transportation Commission

Financial Statements for the years ended June 30, 2022 Notes to Financial Statements

#### Investment Derivative Instruments at June 30, 2022:

				Fair Value du	ie from / (to) Cou	nterparty
Amortized Notional Value	Counterparty	Fixed Payer Rate <sup>(A)</sup>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
\$75 million	Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	3.29% \$	- \$	(9,663,091) \$	- \$	(9,663,091)
\$75 million	Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC.	4.09%	-	(15,188,941)	-	(15,188,941)
\$110 million	Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	3.64%	-	(17,939,072)	-	(17,939,072)
\$30 million	Bank of America, N.A.	3.63%	-	(6,124,918)	-	(6,124,918)
\$115 million	Citibank Bank, N.A., New York	3.64%	-	(18,754,365)	-	(18,754,365)
\$245 million	JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A.	4.00%	-	(54,871,687)	-	(54,871,687)
\$50 million	Bank of America, N.A.	3.63%	-	(10,717,836)	-	(10,717,836)
\$260 million	Citibank Bank, N.A. New York	3.64%	-	(44,664,506)	-	(44,664,506)
\$125 million	Bank of America, N.A.	2.96%	-	(15,052,504)	-	(15,052,504)
\$60 million	Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine Derivative Products, L.P.	3.64%	-	(12,317,038)	-	(12,317,038)
\$85 million	Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine Derivative Products, L.P.	3.64%	-	(18,337,025)	-	(18,337,025)
\$170 million	The Bank of New York Mellon	3.64%	-	(36,673,560)	-	(36,673,560)
\$40 million	The Bank of New York Mellon	2.22%	-	(1,285,113)	-	(1,285,113)
	Total Derivative Instruments - Fair Value	\$	- \$	(261,589,656) \$	- \$	(261,589,656)

The fair value was determined by an independent outside pricing service. The inputs to the valuation methodology are observable pursuant to the fair value hierarchy and are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Refer to Note 3B for the description of hierarchy levels (Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3).

Effective and maturity dates are presented in the Supplementary Information, Schedule 11-14.

<sup>(A)</sup> BATA paying fixed rate, receiving variable rate based on LIBOR Index.

The termination value or fair market value which BATA would pay to terminate all swaps on a voluntary basis is \$262 million on June 30, 2022. However, BATA intends to maintain the swap transactions for the life of the related financings, notwithstanding market opportunities to restructure.

Swaps are subject to credit risk, which is the possibility that the counterparty will fail to make interest payment in a timely manner or the perception the counterparty will fail to make these interest payments.

A swap's credit quality is an assessment of the counterparty's ability to pay the interest on the swap. Credit quality may be evaluated by a national recognized independent credit-rating agency. The lower the rating, the greater the chance (in the opinion of the rating agency) that the counterparty will fail to meet its obligations or potentially default.

The swap contracts address credit risk by requiring the counterparties to post collateral if: 1) a counterparty's credit rating is equal to "A-", "A", or "A+" as determined by S&P or is equal to "A3", "A2", or "A1" by Moody's and the termination value of its swaps exceeds \$10 million, payable to BATA; or 2) a counterparty's credit rating is below "A-" as determined by S&P or "A3" as determined by Moody's and the termination value of its swaps is greater than \$0, payable to BATA.

As of June 30, 2022, none of the counterparties was required to post collateral with a third party safekeeping agent.

# 6. Leases

#### A. Lease receivable

BAHA is a lessor that leases office spaces of BAMC to both governmental and private sector tenants. The leases are noncancelable leases with the remaining lease terms ranging from 1 year to 5 years. Some of the leases include options to extend for up to 10 years. BAHA recognized \$9,652,919 in lease revenue and \$1,056,497 in interest revenue from leasing during the current fiscal year. BAHA also recognized a deferred inflow of resource associated with the leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. The balance of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$26,053,517.

The future principal and interest payments of lease receivable as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal			Interest		Total
	<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>		<b>.</b>	10 10 6 010
2023	\$	9,368,673	\$	737,337	\$	10,106,010
2024		8,338,187		414,105		8,752,292
2025		4,224,104		166,726		4,390,830
2026		2,496,966		88,518		2,585,484
2027		2,100,655		21,042		2,121,697
2028 and after		234,070		146		234,216
Total	\$	26,762,655	\$	1,427,874	\$	28,190,529

#### **B.** Lease payable

BATA leases office space in BAMC from BAHA. The lease contract includes renewal option and as of June 30, 2022 the remaining lease term for the lease is 17 months. The balance of lease liability as of June 30, 2022 was \$2,026,252.

	Beginning				
	Balance				Ending Balance
	July 1, 2021	Additions		Reductions	June 30, 2022
Lease liability	\$ 3,390,287	\$	- \$	(1,364,035)	\$ 2,026,252

BATA licenses Conduent Inc. that collects and processes electronic toll revenues for BATA to use the office space as the FasTrak<sup>®</sup> Customer Service Center. This agreement does not qualify as a lease under GASB 87.

The future principal and interest payments as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		 Interest	 Total
2023	\$	1,424,030	\$ 18,762	\$ 1,442,792
2024		602,222	 1,506	 603,728
Total	\$	2,026,252	\$ 20,268	\$ 2,046,520

## 7. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund transfers as of June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Transfer In:							
Transfer Out:	General	AB 664 Net Toll Revenue Reserve	Rail Reserves	Bay Area Housing Finance Authority	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Non-Major Enterprise Fund MTC Clipper®	BAIFA	Total
Non-Major Governmental	l							
Funds	\$ 1,222,495	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,222,495
STA	1,492,608	-	-	-	-	13,188,604	-	14,681,212
General	-	-	-	20,000,000	-	-	-	20,000,000
BATA	15,353,231	7,315,461	5,939,733	-	1,724,418	10,467,280	95,000,000	135,800,123
SAFE	795,718							795,718
Total	\$ 18,864,052	\$ 7,315,461	\$ 5,939,733	\$ 20,000,000	\$ 1,724,418	\$ 23,655,884	\$ 95,000,000	<u>\$ 172,499,548</u>

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund with collection authority to the program fund that accounts for the various projects. These interfund transfers have been eliminated in the government-wide financial statements. The significant transfers are described below:

• An amount of \$15,353,231 was transferred from BATA to the General fund which represents the annual transfer to MTC for administration and contribution and transfer to support the Bay Area

Forward projects.

- The transfer amount from BATA to AB 664 Toll Reserves, Rail Reserves and Non-Major funds totaling \$14,979,612 is the amortization of the deferred revenue for these funds. See Note 1.P for further details.
- An amount of \$10,467,280 was transferred from BATA to MTC Clipper<sup>®</sup> to support their operations.
- An amount of \$13,188,604 was transferred from STA to MTC Clipper<sup>®</sup> to support their capital projects.
- An amount of \$95,000,000 was transferred from BATA to BAIFA to support San Mateo express lanes projects.
- An amount of \$20,000,000 representing a grant from the State for BAHFA was transferred from the General fund to BAHFA to support their operations.

<b>Receivable Fund</b>	Payable Fund	Amount	
	Non-Major		
General	Governmental Funds	\$ 302,100	
General	STA	899,627	
General	BAHFA	41,246	
General	BATA	697,706	
BAIFA	BATA	2,919,186	
Non-Major Enterprise			
Fund MTC Clipper®	STA	3,181,848	
Non-Major Enterprise			
Fund MTC Clipper <sup>®</sup>	BATA	3,732,077	
SAFE	General	2,302,830	
BATA	BAIFA	261,992	
BATA	MTC Clipper	15,000,000	

Interfund receivables and payables between funds are due to timing differences resulting from when expenditures are incurred and payments are made. These interfund balances have been eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

The significant interfund balances at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

- An amount of \$2,302,830 represents an advance the General fund received from SAFE to support the Regional Travel Information Systems and I-880 Corridor Operations projects
- An amount of \$3,732,077 represents expenses incurred for the MTC-Clipper 1 projects, but not yet reimbursed from BATA
- An amount of \$3,181,848 represents expenses incurred for the MTC-Clipper 2 projects, but not yet reimbursed from STA
- An amount of \$15,000,000 represents advance for the MTC-Clipper 2 project received from BATA.
- An amount of \$2,919,186 represents express lanes revenue incurred for BAIFA, but not yet collected from BATA.

# 8. Employees' Retirement Plan

#### A. General Information about the Pension Plan

#### Plan Description

The Plan is part of the Public Agency portion of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employers within the State of California. An agent multiple-employer plan is one in which the assets of multiple employers are pooled for investment purposes, but separate accounts are maintained for each individual employer. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements are established by state statutes within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. MTC selects optional benefit provisions from the benefit menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through local ordinance. CalPERS issues a separate annual comprehensive financial report. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS website or by writing to CalPERS Fiscal Services Division, PO Box 942703, Sacramento, California 94229.

## **Benefits Provided**

MTC's Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plan ("the Plan"), provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to ten months of full-time employment for one year's credit. Classic members (hired before January 1, 2013) with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Public Employees' Pension Reform Act 2013 (PEPRA) Miscellaneous members (hired after January 1, 2013) with at least five years of service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the third Level, 1959 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

Hire date	PERS Classic Miscellaneous Prior to January 1, 2013	PEPRA Miscellaneous On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years' service	5 years' service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55	52 - 62
Monthly benefit as a % of eligible compensation	2% - 2.5%	1% - 2%

Employees Covered at the measurement date of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Active employees	280
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	174
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	170

## **Contribution Description**

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by an actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS's annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer (MTC) is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer (MTC) to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions. For current reporting period ended June 30, 2022, MTC's retirement contributions are allocated as follows:

- Tier 1 The total Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) contribution rate is 26.06 percent (consisting of 18.06 percent employer rate and 8.0 percent member rate). Per MTC and employee agreement, the shared contribution for the current reporting period ended June 30, 2022 is 18.92 percent by MTC and 7.14 percent by members.
- Tier 2 The total PERS contribution rate is 25.31 percent (consisting of 18.06 percent employer rate and 7.25 percent member rate). Per MTC and employee agreement, the shared contribution for the current reporting period ended June 30, 2022 is 18.06 percent by MTC and 7.25 percent by members.

Total actual contribution made for fiscal year 2022 is \$11,572,400 which consists of \$6,572,400 employer actuarially determined contribution and an additional contribution of \$5,000,000. The contribution is charged to its blended and discretely presented component units and funds on their share of MTC's payroll cost for the relevant year.

## **B. Net Pension Liability/(Asset)**

## Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

MTC's net pension liability/(asset) is measured as the total pension liability, less the Plan's fiduciary net position. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2021, the total pension liability was determined using the annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures.

Actuarial Cost Method	
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	
Inflation	
Salary Increases	
Mortality Rate Table <sup>(1)</sup>	
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	

Entry Age Normal Cost Method

7.15%
2.5%
Varies by Entry Age and Service
Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds
The lesser of contract COLA or 2.5% until Purchasing
Power Protection Allowance floor on purchasing power
applies, 2.5% thereafter

<sup>(1)</sup>The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from December 2017 that can be obtained at CalPERS website.

## **Discount** Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return of plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and longterm market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the fund's assets classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the shortterm (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

Asset Class*	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10**	Real Return Years 11+***
Public Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0	1.00	2.62
Inflation Assets	0	0.77	1.81
Private Equity	8.0	6.30	7.23
Real Assets	13.0	3.75	4.93
Liquidity	1.0	0	-0.92

The table below reflects fiscal year 2022 long-term expected real rate of return by asset class.

\* Fixed income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in short-term investments; Inflation assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

\*\* An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period

\*\*\* An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

#### C. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

# D. Changes in the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

The following table shows the changes in net pension liability/(asset) recognized over the measurement period.

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total PensionPlan Fiduciary NetLiabilityPosition		]	Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	195,020,532	\$	173,563,747	\$	21,456,785
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:						
Service Cost		6,780,723		-		6,780,723
Interest on Total Pension Liability		13,811,498		-		13,811,498
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		(1,674,380)		-		(1,674,380)
Contributions from Employers		-		11,934,636		(11,934,636)
Contributions from Employees		-		3,005,578		(3,005,578)
Net Investment Income		-		41,182,147		(41,182,147)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee						
Contributions		(7,137,426)		(7,137,426)		-
Administrative Expense		-		(173,380)		173,380
Net Changes during 2020-21		11,780,415		48,811,555		(37,031,140)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	206,800,947	\$	222,375,302	\$	(15,574,355)

		Bus	siness-Type Activi	ties		
	Governmental Activities	Bay Area Toll Authority	MTC SAFE	MTC Clipper	BAIFA	Primary Government Total
Net pension liability/(asset) for fiscal year 2022	\$ (6,522,562)	\$ (8,075,521)	\$ (134,856) \$	(443,576) \$	(330,948) \$	(15,507,463)
Net pension liability/(asset) f	for fiscal year 2022	Component Uni BAHA \$ (66,892	Gra	<u>nd Total</u> (15,574,355)		

		_	
et pension liability/(asset) for fiscal year 2022	\$ (66,892)	\$	(15,574,355)

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate.

	21000	ount Rate - 1% (6.15%)		t Discount Rate (7.15%)	Discount Rate + 1% (8.15%)	
Primary Government	<u></u>				<b></b>	(1 ( 710 001)
Governmental Activities	\$	5,605,337	\$	(6,522,562)	\$	(16,518,901)
Business-Type Activities						
Bay Area Toll Authority		6,939,913		(8,075,521)		(20,451,891)
MTC SAFE		115,892		(134,856)		(341,533)
MTC Clipper		381,199		(443,576)		(1,123,391)
BAIFA		284,409		(330,948)		(838,152)
Component Unit						
BAHA		57,485		(66,892)		(169,409)
Plan's Net Pension Liability / (Asset)	\$	13,384,235	\$	(15,574,355)	\$	(39,443,277)

## Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Under GASB Statement 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	Five year straight-line amortization
All other amounts	Straight-line amortization over the expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of beginning of the measurement period

# Expected Average Remaining Service Lifetime (EARSL)

The EARSL for the Plan for the measurement period ended June 30, 2021 is 4.6 years which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 2,899 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 624 (the total number participants: active, inactive, and retired). Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to zero years. Total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

## E. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

MTC recognized pension income of \$644,466 for fiscal year 2022 based on the measurement period ended June 30, 2021. The pension income is allocated to its blended and discretely presented component units and funds as follows:

	Primary Government										
				Business-Type Activities							
		vernmental Activities	Bay Area Toll Authority		MTC SAFE	MTC Clipper	BAIFA	Primary government Total			
Pension income for fiscal year 2022	\$	(652,530)	\$ 110,529	\$	(19,871)	\$ (27,822) \$	(61,260) \$	650,954)			
Pension income for fi	scal ye	ear 2022	Component U BAHA \$6,48		-	Grand Total (644,466)					

# **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 Notes to Financial Statements

For the fiscal year of 2022, MTC has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources									
	Primary Government									
		Business-Type Activities								
	Governmental Activities	Bay Area Toll Authority	MTC SAFE	MTC Clipper	BAIFA	Primary Government Total				
Difference between expected and actual experience Employer contributions for fiscal year 2022	\$ 2,066,703 8,897,226	\$ 610,475 1,343,470	\$ 42,730 183,956		104,862 451,435	\$ 2,965,319 11,481,156				
Total	\$ 10,963,929	\$ 1,953,945			556,297	\$ 14,446,475				
		Cor	nponent Unit							
Difference between expected and actual experien	ce	\$	BAHA 21,195	Grand Total \$ 2,986,5	14					
Employer contributions for fiscal year 2022		φ	91,244	11,572,4						
Total		\$	112,439	\$ 14,558,9	14					
				ws of Resources Government						
			Primary	Government						
			Business-T	ype Activities		Primary				
	Governmental Activities	Bay Area Toll Authority	MTC SAFE	MTC Clipper	BAIFA	Government Total				
Changes in assumptions Difference between expected and actual	\$ (796,299)	\$ (235,215)	) \$ (16,465)	) \$ (54,152) \$	(40,404)	\$ (1,142,535)				
experience	(1,064,075)	(314,313)	) (22,000	) (72,364)	(53,990)	(1,526,742)				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	(14,636,433)	(4,323,396	) (302,617	) (995,371)	(742,636)	(21,000,453)				
Total						\$ (23,669,730)				
10(4)	\$ (16,496,807)	\$ (4,872,924)	) \$ (341,082	<u>5 (1,121,887)</u> <u>5</u>	(837,030)	\$ (23,009,730)				
		Cor	nponent Unit							
Changes in assumptions Difference between expected and actual experien		\$	BAHA (8,166) (10,913)	Grand Total \$ (1,150,70 (1,537,65						
Net difference between projected and actual earn investments	ings on pension p	lan	(150,101)	(21,150,55	54)					
Total		\$	(169,180)	\$ (23,838,91	10)					

The \$11,572,400 included an additional \$5,000,000 contribution made for this fiscal year. In the proceeding table, deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as an increase in the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2023.

The amount reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources								
Business-Type Activities								
	C 1	Bay Area	MEG	MEG				
Year ended	Governmental Activities	Toll Authority	MTC SAFE	MTC Clipper	BAIFA	]	BAHA	Total
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ (3,800,589) (2,855,685) (3,678,085) (4,095,745)	\$ (1,122,640) \$ (843,529) (1,086,455) (1,209,825)	(78,580) (59,043) (76,047) (84,682)	\$ (258,464) (194,205) (250,133) (278,536)	\$ (192,838) (144,895) (186,622) (207,813)	\$	(38,977) (29,286) (37,720) (42,002)	\$ (5,492,088) (4,126,643) (5,315,062) (5,918,603)

# 9. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

#### A. General Information about the Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB)

#### **Plan Description**

MTC established a Section 115 irrevocable benefit trust fund for its other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan with the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS). The trust is a public agency agent multiple-employer post-retirement health benefit trust which provide public agencies of administration in the funding of each agency's respective other post-employment benefit obligation.

MTC contracts its health benefit program with the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA), which is administered by CalPERS for both active and retired employees.

## **Benefit Provided**

MTC's defined benefit OPEB plan provides medical coverage to all eligible retired employees and their eligible dependents. MTC maintains the same medical plans for its retirees as for its active employees. Once a retiree becomes eligible for Medicare, he or she must join a Medicare HMO or a Medicare Supplement plan, with Medicare becoming the primary payer. The costs of the medical benefit are shared between the employer (95%) and retiree (5%) with a cap.

#### Eligibility

Employees become eligible to retire and receive healthcare benefits upon reaching the age of 50 with 5 years of service with CalPERS agency. Benefits are paid for the lifetime of the retiree, spouse or surviving spouse, and dependents up to the age of 26.

The number of participants eligible to receive benefits at July 1, 2021, the date of the roll-forward actuarial valuation:

Active employees	294
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	122
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	8
	424

#### Contribution

The obligation of MTC to contribute to the OPEB plan is established and may be amended by the MTC's Commission. MTC contributes annually to the Trust fund based on the recommended actuarial determined contribution (ADC) amount which is determined by the funding policy and the most recent measurement available when the contribution for the reporting period was adopted. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, MTC pays the retiree benefit expense on a pay-as-you-go basis of \$1,416,805, and made a contribution of \$3,183,195 to the Trust fund at PARS. MTC's implied subsidy amount for fiscal year 2022 is \$322,000.

#### B. Net OPEB Liability / (Asset)

MTC's net OPEB liability / (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by the roll-forward actuarial valuation.

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the roll-forward actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

For the fiscal year 2021	Actuarial Assumptions
Discount rate	3.75%
Inflation	2.75%
Investment rate of return	4.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates	Non-Medicare - 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076
Mortality Mortality Improvement	CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2020
monunty improvement	filoranty projected rang Benerational Will Beale Mil 2020

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was based on the investment policy of the PARS Trust where MTC invests its assets to fund its OPEB liabilities. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Return
Fixed Income	100.00%	N/A
Total	100.00%	_

#### Change in assumptions

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was decreased from 4.5 percent in FY 2021 to 3.75 percent in FY 2022.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.75 percent which reflects the MTC's current policy of funding its OPEB liabilities. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that MTC's contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### C. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PARS financial report. Copies of the PARS report may be obtained by writing to PARS, 4350 Von Karman Avenue, Newport Beach, CA 92660, or from PARs' website at www.pars.org.

#### **D.** Changes in the Net OPEB Liability / (Asset)

The following tables show the changes in net OPEB liability / (asset) recognized for the year ended June 30, 2022.

	 Ir	ncrease / (Decrease)	
	 Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	
	Liability	Net Position	Net OPEB Asset
	 (a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$ 46,177,169 \$	52,699,194	\$ (6,522,025)
Service cost	3,064,687	-	3,064,687
Interest on the total OPEB liability	2,181,789	-	2,181,789
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,135,036)	-	(1,135,036)
Changes in Assumption	1,160,466	-	1,160,466
Contributions - employer	-	1,864,000	(1,864,000)
Net investment income	-	(86,795)	86,795
Benefit payments	(1,515,330)	(1,515,330)	-
Administrative expense	 	(187,391)	187,391
Net changes	 3,756,576	74,484	3,682,092
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$ 49,933,745 \$	52,773,678	\$ (2,839,933)

		Primary Government											
			Business-Typ	e Activities									
	Governmental Activities	Bay Area Toll Authority	MTC SAFE	MTC Clipper	BAIFA	Primary Government Total							
Net OPEB Asset for fiscal year 2022	\$ (1,965,267)	\$ (580,512)	\$ (40,633)	\$ (133,651) \$	(99,715)	\$ (2,819,778)							
		Component Un	it										

	Com	ponent onn		
		BAHA	(	Grand Total
Net OPEB Asset for fiscal year 2022	\$	(20,155)	\$	(2,839,933)

#### Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability / (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents what the MTC's net OPEB liability / (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (2.75%)	Current Discount Rate (3.75%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (4.75%)
Primary Government		 	
Governmental Activities	\$ 3,297,935	\$ (1,965,267) \$	(6,223,222)
Business-Type Activities			
Bay Area Toll Authority	974,163	(580,512)	(1,838,252)
MTC SAFE	68,187	(40,633)	(128,669)
MTC Clipper	224,281	(133,651)	(423,219)
BAIFA	167,333	(99,715)	(315,759)
Component Unit			
BAHA	 33,822	 (20,155)	(63,822)
Net OPEB Liability / (Asset)	\$ 4,765,721	\$ (2,839,933) \$	(8,992,943)

The following presents what the MTC's net OPEB liability / (asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

#### Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability / (asset) to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

	-	% Decrease in Iealthcare Cost Trend Rate	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase in Healthcare Cost Trend Rate
Primary Government				
Governmental Activities	\$	(6,956,798) \$	(1,965,267) \$	4,370,302
Business-Type Activities				
Bay Area Toll Authority		(2,054,940)	(580,512)	1,290,925
MTC SAFE		(143,836)	(40,633)	90,359
MTC Clipper		(473,107)	(133,651)	297,208
BAIFA		(352,980)	(99,715)	221,744
Component Unit				
ВАНА		(71,345)	(20,155)	44,819
Net OPEB Liability / (Asset)	\$	(10,053,006) \$	(2,839,933) \$	6,315,357

#### E. OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the MTC recognized OPEB expenses of \$3,519,302. The OPEB expenses are allocated to its blended and discretely presented component units and funds as follows:

		Business-Type Activities												
ODED survey for		Governmental Activities		Bay Area Toll Authority		MTC SAFE	MTC Clipper			BAIFA	(	Primary Government Total		
fiscal year 2022	DPEB expense for           fiscal year 2022         \$ 2,487,557 \$ 656,532		656,532	\$	55,101	\$	159,647 \$ 142,537				3,501,374			
			С	omponent Ur	nit		1 -	. 1						
OPEB expense for fiscal ye	ar 202	2	\$	BAHA 17,92	8	Gran \$		19,302						

At June 30, 2022, MTC reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources													
	_	Primary Government												
		Business-Type Activities												
	G	Governmental Activities		Bay Area Toll Authority		MTC SAFE		MTC Clipper		BAIFA		Primary Government Total		
Changes in assumptions	\$	703,913	\$	207,926	\$	14,554	\$	47,871	\$	35,716	\$	1,009,980		
Difference between expected and actual experience		1,270,154		375,185		26,261		86,379		64,446		1,822,425		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		517,372		152,824		10,697		35,185		26,251		742,329		
Employer contributions for fiscal year 2022		2,425,635	_	716,499		50,152	_	164,959	_	123,074		3,480,319		
Total	\$	4,917,074	\$	1,452,434	\$	101,664	\$	334,394	\$	249,487	\$	7,055,053		

	Con	ponent Unit		
		BAHA	(	Grand Total
Changes in assumptions	\$	7,219	\$	1,017,199
Difference between expected and actual experience		13,026		1,835,451
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan				
investments		5,306		747,635
Employer contributions for fiscal year 2022		24,876		3,505,195
Total	\$	50,427	\$	7,105,480

		Deferred Inflows of Resources Primary Government											
		Business-Type Activities											
	G	Governmental Activities		y Area Toll Authority	MTC SAFE		Ν	ATC Clipper		BAIFA	(	Primary Government Total	
Changes in assumptions Net difference between expected and actual	\$	1,330,915	\$	393,133	\$	27,517	\$	90,511	\$	67,529	\$	1,909,605	
experience		688,487		203,370		14,235		46,822		34,933		987,847	
Total	\$	2,019,402	\$	596,503	\$	41,752	\$	137,333	\$	102,462	\$	2,897,452	

	Com	ponent Unit				
		BAHA	Grand Total			
Changes in assumptions	\$	13,649	\$	1,923,254		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		7,061		994,908		
Total	\$	20,710	\$	2,918,162		

The \$3,505,195 contribution made in the preceding table is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as an increase to the net OPEB asset in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources											
Business-Type Activities											
			Bay Area								
	Go	vernmental	Toll	MTC	MTC						
Year ended:	A	Activities	Authority	SAFE	Clipper	BAIFA	BAHA	Total			
2023	\$	142,544	\$ 42,105 \$	2,947 \$	5 9,694 \$	7,232 \$	5 1,462 \$	205,984			
2024		(65,567)	(19,367)	(1,356)	(4,459)	(3,327)	(672)	(94,748)			
2025		71,019	20,978	1,468	4,830	3,603	728	102,626			
2026		331,331	97,870	6,850	22,533	16,811	3,398	478,793			
2027		(9,510)	(2,810)	(197)	(647)	(483)	(98)	(13,745)			
Thereafter		2,220	656	48	151	115	23	3,213			

#### **10. Compensated Absences**

The compensated absences liability which is included in the other noncurrent liabilities of the government-wide Statement of Net Position totals \$9,269,205 for Primary Government, and \$71,434 for its Component Unit. The general fund is typically used to liquidate this liability when it becomes due and payable. A summary of changes in compensated absences for the year June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Primary Government	Bal	inning lance 1, 2021		Change in proportion	Ba	Beginning alance After Change in proportion	Additions		Reductions	ng Balance 30, 2022		Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities	\$ 6	,427,839	\$	(650,271)	\$	5,777,568	\$ 5,844,923	\$	(5,812,322)	\$ 5,810,169	\$	2,373,128
Business-Type Activities	2	,794,475	_	645,154	_	3,439,629	 3,479,730	_	(3,460,323)	3,459,036	_	1,412,822
Total	\$ 9	,222,314	\$	(5,117)	\$	9,217,197	\$ 9,324,653	\$	(9,272,645)	\$ 9,269,205	\$	3,785,950
Component Unit	Bal	inning lance 1, 2021		Change in proportion	Ba	Beginning alance After Change in proportion	Additions		Reductions	ng Balance 30, 2022		Due Within One Year
BAHA	\$	65,917	\$	5,116	\$	71,033	\$ 71,862	\$	(71,461)	\$ 71,434	\$	29,177
Total	\$	65,917	\$	5,116	\$	71,033	\$ 71,862	\$	(71,461)	\$ 71,434	\$	29,177

#### 11. Commitments and Contingencies

MTC's grant funded projects are subject to audit by the respective grantors. The final determination of allowable project costs can be made only after the grantors' audits are completed and final rulings by the grantors' administrative departments are obtained. Disallowed expenditures, if any, must be borne by nonfederal funds. In the opinion of MTC's management, such disallowances, if any, would not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying government-wide financial statements.

MTC is involved in various claims and litigation that are considered normal to MTC's activities. In the opinion of MTC's management, the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on MTC's government-wide financial position.

#### **Regional Measure 3 (RM 3)**

Pursuant to California Senate Bill 565 signed into law in October 2017, MTC was authorized to place a new regional toll measure before the voters. The voters approved RM 3 in November 2017 by 54%. RM 3 authorized BATA to implement a toll increase of up to \$3.00 starting with \$1.00 in January 2019 and subsequent \$1.00 increases in January 2022 and 2025. Funds from RM3 are to be used for \$4.45 billion in traffic relief projects and a cap of 16% for specified transit operating support. Following approval by the voters, two lawsuits were filed contesting the validity of the state approval. In July 2019, the trial court affirmed the state action and dismissed the law suits. The court consolidated the cases for appeal purposes. In June 2020, the First Court District of Appeal dismissed the lawsuit. Subsequently, the plaintiff filed an appeal to the California Supreme Court and BATA is waiting on the decision. However, based on the likelihood of the potential loss, total RM 3 revenue including the prior year accumulated toll revenue and interest earnings was first recognized in fiscal year 2021 and amounts collected in FY 2022 are recorded in toll revenues. The board also directed that the funds collected from the RM 3 be maintained in external escrow trust until litigation in the matter is resolved.

#### BAIFA

BAIFA entered into contracts with external parties to construct express lanes, provide traffic control in the construction area, and develop the toll collection system. As of June 30, 2022, there are approximately \$45,029,000 in future capital expenditure commitments.

#### MTC Clipper®

MTC Clipper<sup>®</sup> has entered into contracts with external parties to develop and provide the fare payment system software and equipment. As of June 30, 2022, there are approximately \$40,858,000 in future capital expenditure commitments.

#### **BAHA - Discretely Presented Component Unit**

BAHA has entered into contracts with multiple external parties to perform the building and tenant improvements construction and working space furnishing in the Bay Area Metro Center (BAMC). As of June 30, 2022, there are approximately \$1,451,300 in future capital expenditure commitments.

#### 12. Risk Management

MTC is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. MTC purchases commercial insurance through an insurance agent, who obtains the appropriate insurance coverage needed by MTC from insurance companies. Insurance coverage is subject to market volatility. No settlement amounts have exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

#### 13. Related Party Transactions

#### **MTC - Primary Government**

On May 30, 2017 MTC and ABAG signed a Contract for Services agreement which states that the MTC Executive Director and the consolidated staff will perform all of the duties and programmatic work for ABAG and its Local Collaboration Programs, which are ABAG Finance Authority for Non-Profit Corporations now operating as Advancing California Finance Authority and ABAG Publicly Owned Energy Resources, that were previously performed by ABAG staff. The consolidation of ABAG's staff and functions into MTC was effective on July 1, 2017.

On November 14, 2018, MTC board approved an operational advance to ABAG in the amount not to exceed \$10 million to assist ABAG with its cash flows needs. The advance will be drawn by ABAG as needed. ABAG will be charged 1% fee on any drawn amounts. On October 23, 2019, the MTC Commission approved an extension of the ABAG Operational Advance for Liquidity and Cash Flow through December 2021, unless reauthorized in advance by MTC and ABAG. MTC authorized up to \$2 million of the operational advance for longer term project loans which included \$1 million for the ABAG Bay Area Regional Energy Network (BayREN) Water Bill Savings Program. During fiscal year 2022, ABAG utilized \$250,000 from the \$1 million authorized loan for the BayREN Water Bill Saving program.

#### **BAHA - Discretely Presented Component Unit**

On June 22, 2017, 375 Beale Condominium Corporation ("375 Beale Condo") was incorporated in the State of California. The 375 Beale Condo started to exercise its custodial responsibility on behalf of the three owner occupants, BAHA, Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD), and ABAG on July 1, 2017. The 375 Beale Condo assessed both facility common and agency common assessment fees to meet all required expenditures of the common area and joint used space. The Bay Area Metro Center (BAMC) building has been subdivided into four condominium units. BAHA owns two units, and BAAQMD and ABAG each owns one. 375 Beale Condo's governing board consists of four directors appointed by the owners of each unit.

BAHA contracted Cushman and Wakefield of California, Inc. (C&W) to provide day-to-day property management services on behalf of the three condominium unit owners. For the fiscal year 2022, BAHA assessed \$4,014,986 from the three condominium owners for the common area operations and refunded \$568,144 to condominium owners. As of June 30, 2022, BAHA has \$170,174 payables to 375 Beale Condo.

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# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund (unaudited)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule I

	Or	iginal Budget (1)	Final Budget (1)	Actual	Variance from Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES					
Sales Taxes	\$	14,100,000	\$ 14 100 000	\$ 16,821,183	\$ 2,721,183
Federal Grants	Ψ	104,194,523	111,423,233	53,469,915	(57,953,318)
State Grants		15,298,143	14,684,211	26,532,642	11,848,431
Local agencies revenues and refunds		6,616,745	17,411,335	11,287,958	(6,123,377)
Investment income - unrestricted		331,500	331,500	64,124	(267,376)
TOTAL REVENUES		140,540,911	157,950,279	108,175,822	(49,774,457)
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> General Government Allocations to other agencies Capital outlay		229,647,135 11,266,000 624,050	247,417,931 15,875,659 624,050	80,078,933 19,650,838 10,783	167,338,998 (3,775,179) 613,267
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		241,537,185	263,917,640	99,740,554	164,177,086
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>		(100,996,274)	(105,967,361)	8,435,268	114,402,629
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		26,124,089	31,521,393 (20,000,000)	18,864,052 (20,000,000)	(12,657,341)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		26,124,089	11,521,393	(1,135,948)	(12,657,341)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(74,872,185)	(94,445,968)	7,299,320	101,745,288
Fund balances - beginning		57,589,080	57,589,080	57,589,080	
Fund balances - ending	\$	(17,283,105)	\$ (36,856,888)	\$ 64,888,400	\$ 101,745,288

<sup>(1)</sup> Budget prepared in accordance with GAAP.

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and

#### Actual - AB 664 Net Toll Revenue Reserve Fund (unaudited)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule II

	Orig	inal Budget (1)	Final Budget (1)	Actual	Variance from Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
<b>REVENUES</b> Local agencies revenues and refunds Investment income - unrestricted	\$	-	\$	\$	\$
TOTAL REVENUES		_		304,818	304,818
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> General Government Allocations to other agencies		- 11,719,686	88,380,750	5,013 23,107,286	(5,013) 65,273,464
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		11,719,686	88,380,750	23,112,299	65,268,451
<b>REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES</b>		(11,719,686)	(88,380,750)	(22,807,481)	65,573,269
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In		7,315,461	7,315,461	7,315,461	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		7,315,461	7,315,461	7,315,461	
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES</b> Fund balances - beginning		(4,404,225) (18,369,759)	(18,369,759)	(18,369,759)	65,573,269
Fund balances - ending	\$	(22,773,984)	\$ (99,435,048)	<u>\$(33,861,779)</u>	\$ 65,573,269

<sup>(1)</sup> Budget prepared in accordance with GAAP.

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and

Actual - State Transit Assistance Fund (unaudited)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule III

	Ori	ginal Budget (1)	Final Budget (1)	Actual	Variance from Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
<b>REVENUES</b> State Grants Local agencies revenues and refunds Investment income - unrestricted	\$	65,290,388 \$	76,769,004 - -	\$ 80,870,728 2,049,381 (2,581,532)	\$ 4,101,724 2,049,381 (2,581,532)
TOTAL REVENUES		65,290,388	76,769,004	80,338,577	3,569,573
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Allocations to other agencies		163,930,343	175,408,959	49,558,530	125,850,429
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		163,930,343	175,408,959	49,558,530	125,850,429
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>		(98,639,955)	(98,639,955)	30,780,047	129,420,002
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b> Transfers In Transfers Out		98,639,955	98,639,955	(14,681,212)	(98,639,955) (14,681,212)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		98,639,955	98,639,955	(14,681,212)	(113,321,167)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	-	16,098,835	16,098,835
Fund balances - beginning		98,639,956	98,639,956	98,639,956	<u> </u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	98,639,956 \$	98,639,956	\$ 114,738,791	\$ 16,098,835

<sup>(1)</sup> Budget prepared in accordance with GAAP.

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Rail Reserves Fund (unaudited)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule IV

	Ori	ginal Budget (1)	Actual	Variance from Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
<b>REVENUES</b> Local agencies revenues and refunds	\$	- \$	-	\$ 3,739	\$ 3,739
Investment income - unrestricted	\$	-		57,552	57,552
TOTAL REVENUES				61,291	61,291
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> General Government Allocations to other agencies		5,939,733	5,939,733	1,979 61,970	(1,979) 5,877,763
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,939,733	5,939,733	63,949	5,875,784
REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		(5,939,733)	(5,939,733)	(2,658)	5,937,075
Transfers In		5,939,733	5,939,733	5,939,733	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	-	5,937,075	5,937,075
Fund balances - beginning		(84,829,712)	(84,829,712)	(84,829,712)	<u> </u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	(84,829,712)\$	(84,829,712)	\$(78,892,637)	\$ 5,937,075

<sup>(1)</sup> Budget prepared in accordance with GAAP.

#### Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - BART Car Exchange Fund (unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule V

	Ori	ginal Budget <sup>(1)</sup>	Final Budget <sup>(1)</sup>	Actual	Variance from Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES							
Investment income - restricted	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 769,695	\$ 769,695		
TOTAL REVENUES		-		769,695	769,695		
EXPENDITURES							
General Government Allocations to other agencies		-	- 179,000,000	4,875 15,235,382	(4,875) 163,764,618		
-			· · · ·	· · · ·	· · · ·		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-	179,000,000	15,240,257	163,759,743		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	(179,000,000)	(14,470,562)	164,529,438		
Fund balances - beginning		363,756,050	363,756,050	363,756,050			
Fund balances - ending	\$	363,756,050	\$ 184,756,050	\$ 349,285,488	\$ 164,529,438		

<sup>(1)</sup> Budget prepared in accordance with GAAP.

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Bay Area Housing Finance Authority

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule VI

	Original Budget(1)	iginal Budget <sup>(1)</sup> Final Budget <sup>(1)</sup> Actual			
<b>REVENUES</b> Investment income - unrestricted	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,211	\$ 3,211	
TOTAL REVENUES	φ	-	3,211	3,211	
EXPENDITURES General Government	18,500,000	18,500,000	230,640	18,269,360	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	18,500,000	18,500,000	230,640	18,269,360	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(18,500,000)	(18,500,000)	(227,429)	18,272,571	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,500,000	1,500,000	19,772,571	18,272,571	
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> <u>\$ 1,500,000</u>	<u>-</u> \$ 19,772,571	<u> </u>	

<sup>(1)</sup> Budget prepared in accordance with GAAP.

# Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (unaudited) For the Measurement Periods Ended June 30

Last Ten Years\*

Schedule VII

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Changes of assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience Benefit payments and refunds of contribution	\$ 6,780,723 13,811,498 (1,674,380) (7,137,426)	\$ 6,538,852 13,029,835 - 908,440 (7,028,381)	\$ 6,332,691 12,111,258 - 6,335,416 (6,188,088)	\$ 6,156,743 10,871,494 (5,335,069) (1,053,719) (6,036,425)	\$ 4,923,634 10,572,028 9,136,825 (3,383,252) (5,033,718)	\$ 3,969,969 10,131,302 (352,537) (4,779,280)	\$ 3,699,768 9,499,032 (2,410,626) 515,758 (4,653,536)	\$ 3,710,617 8,852,738 - (4,404,877)
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending	11,780,415 195,020,532 \$ 206,800,947	13,448,746 181,571,786 \$ 195,020,532	18,591,277 162,980,509 \$ 181,571,786	4,603,024 158,377,485 \$ 162,980,509	16,215,517 142,161,968 \$ 158,377,485	8,969,454 133,192,514 \$ 142,161,968	6,650,396 126,542,118 \$ 133,192,514	8,158,478 118,383,640 \$ 126,542,118
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net plan to plan resource movement Net investment income Benefit payments and refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Other miscellaneous income/(expense) <sup>2</sup>	\$ 11,934,636 3,005,578 41,182,147 (7,137,426) (173,380)	\$ 23,203,828 2,817,516 8,164,271 (7,028,381) (206,689)	\$ 6,066,267 2,619,718 1,376,963 9,132,264 (6,188,088) (95,412) 309	2,537,731 (309) 10,586,685 (6,036,425)	\$ 5,196,976 2,124,545 12,110,384 (5,033,718) (158,667)	\$ 4,128,694 1,848,104 - 535,476 (4,779,280) (64,478)	\$ 3,819,020 1,755,442 2,304,601 (4,653,536) (119,062)	\$ 3,313,040 2,310,147 15,270,089 (4,404,877)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - ending	48,811,555 173,563,747 \$ 222,375,302	26,950,545 146,613,202 \$ 173,563,747	12,912,021 133,701,181 <u>\$ 146,613,202</u>	11,994,986 121,706,195 \$ 133,701,181	14,239,520 107,466,675 <u>\$ 121,706,195</u>	1,668,516 105,798,159 <u>\$ 107,466,675</u>	3,106,465 102,691,694 \$ 105,798,159	16,488,399 86,203,295 <u>\$ 102,691,694</u>
Net Pension Liability/Asset - ending	<u>\$ (15,574,355)</u>	\$ 21,456,785	\$ 34,958,584	\$ 29,279,328	\$ 36,671,290	\$ 34,695,293	\$ 27,394,355	\$ 23,850,424
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability/Asset	107.53%	89.00%	80.75%	82.04%	76.85%	75.59%	79.43%	81.15%
Covered Payroll <sup>1</sup>	39,015,440	36,306,211	34,846,017	33,455,049	27,722,133	23,713,316	22,111,218	20,191,937
Plan Net Pension Liability/Asset as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	-39.92%	59.10%	100.32%	87.52%	132.28 %	146.31 %	123.89 %	118.12 %

<sup>1</sup> Fiscal year 2015 covered-employee payroll has been revised to covered payroll in accordance with the implementation guidance in GASB Statement 82, *Pension Issues, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.* The covered payroll includes one year's payroll growth using 2.75 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-21 and 3.00 percent p

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (unaudited), *Continued* For the Measurement Periods Ended June 30 Last Ten Years\*

Schedule VII

<sup>2</sup> During FY 17-18, as a result of GASB 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pensions*, CalPERS reported its proportionate share of activity related to postemployment benefits for participation in the State of California's agent OPEB plan. Accordingly, CalPERS recorded a one-time expense as a result of the adoption of GASB 75. Additionally, CalPERS employees participate in various State of California agent pension plans and during FY 17-18, CalPERS recorded a correction to previously reported financial statements to properly reflect its proportionate share of activity related to pensions in accordance with GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

\* Only eight years' data is available.

Notes to Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios:

Benefit Changes: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the June 30, 2020 valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes of Assumptions: None in 2019-2021. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2017, the discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension (unaudited) For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30 Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to	\$ 6,572,400 \$	6,932,097	\$ 6,981,257	\$ 6,066,260 \$	5,457,084 \$	5,198,407 \$	4,128,694 \$	3,819,020 \$	3,311,675 \$	3,103,791
the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)		(11,932,097) (5,000,000) <sup>(1)</sup>	(23,202,600) \$ (16,221,343) <sup>(1)</sup>	(6,066,260) \$ - \$	(5,457,084) - \$	(5,198,407) - \$	(4,128,694) - \$	(3,819,020) - \$	(3,311,675)	(3,103,791)
Covered payroll <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 41,289,893 \$	39,015,440	\$ 36,306,211	\$ 34,846,017 \$	33,455,049 \$	27,722,133 \$	23,713,316 \$	22,111,218 \$	20,191,937 \$ 1	18,966,022
Actual contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	28.03%	30.58%	63.91%	17.41%	16.31%	18.75%	17.41%	17.27%	16.40%	16.36%

<sup>(1)</sup> Additional payment above the Actuarially Determined Contribution to paydown the Unfunded Pension Liability

(2) Includes one year's payroll growth using 2.75 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19 and 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2019-20.

Notes to Schedule of Plan Contributions:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for the fiscal year 2020-21 were derived from the June 30, 2018 funding valuation report.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method / Period	For details, see June 30, 2018 Funding Valuation Report.
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2018 Funding Valuation Report.
Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes Inflation.
Retirement Age	The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015.
Mortality	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015.
	Pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90 % of
	Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

#### Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability / (Asset) and Related Ratios (unaudited) For the Measurement Periods Ended June 30

ule IX
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	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability Service Cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Difference between actual and expected experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 3,064,687 \$ 2,181,789 (1,135,036) 1,160,466 (1,515,330) 3,756,576 46,177,169 \$ 49,933,745 \$	2,975,424 \$ 2,019,186 (1,425,610) 3,569,000 42,608,169 46,177,169 \$	2,725,415 \$ 1,867,508 2,894,367 (3,032,822) (1,242,130) 3,212,338 39,395,831 42,608,169 \$	2,608,053 \$ 1,718,583 (1,026,974) 3,299,662 36,096,169 39,395,831 \$	2,495,744 1,574,575 (937,878) 3,132,441 32,963,728 36,096,169
OPEB Fiduciary Net Position Benefit payments Contribution from employer Net investment income Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ (1,515,330) \$ 1,864,000 (86,795) (187,391) 74,484 52,699,194 \$ 52,773,678 \$	(1,425,610) \$ 4,757,000 3,956,341 (87,017) 7,200,714 45,498,480 52,699,194 \$	(1,242,130) \$ 12,231,193 2,668,391 (62,824) 13,594,630 31,903,850 45,498,480 \$	(1,026,974) \$ 4,196,184 (151,961) (57,409) 2,959,840 28,944,010 31,903,850 \$	(937,878) 3,961,391 (70,798) (52,142) 2,900,573 26,043,437 28,944,010
Plan net OPEB liability / (asset) - ending (a) - (b) Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability / (asset)	<u>\$ (2,839,933)</u> 105.69%	<u>(6,522,025)</u> 114.1%	(2,890,311) <u>\$</u> 106.80%	<u>7,491,981</u> <u>\$</u> 80.98%	7,152,159 80.19%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 40,927,707 \$	38,352,763 \$	36,884,523 \$	34,954,872 \$	28,784,959
Plan net OPEB liability / (asset) of as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	(6.94%)	(17.0%)	(7.84%)	21.43%	24.85%

\* Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

Notes to Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability / (Asset) and Related Ratios:

Changes of Assumptions: In 2021, discount rate changed from 4.5% to 3.75%, medical trend rate for Kaiser Senior Advantage was decreased, mortality improvement scale was updated to Scale MP-2020, and new claims costs and senior advantage age costs were removed. There were no changes in demographic assumptions, the discount rate, or the inflation rate in 2020. In 2019, the demographic assumptions were updated to the CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study. Discount rate was decreased from 4.5% in 2020 to 3.75% in 2021. The inflation rate increased from 2.5 percent in 2018 to 2.75 percent in 2019. There were no change in inflation rate in 2019-2021.

## Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Employer Contributions - OPEB (unaudited) For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30 Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

Schedule X

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 3,177,000 (3,505,195)	* - ) )	\$ 2,988,000 (2) (4,757,000)	\$ 3,295,593 (11,295,593)	\$ 3,152,650 (3,152,650)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (328,195)	\$ 1,217,000	<u>(1,769,000)</u> (1	)\$ (8,000,000) (	1) § -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 43,373,191	\$ 40,927,707	\$ 38,352,763	\$ 36,884,523	\$ 34,954,872

<sup>(1)</sup> Additional payment above the Actuarially Determined Contribution to paydown the Unfunded OPEB Liability.

<sup>(2)</sup> Net of \$2.9 million reimbursement from the trust account.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, 2020 two years prior to the end of fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal, Level percentage of pay
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay
Amortization period	18-year fixed period for 2021/22
Asset valuation method	Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period
Inflation	2.75%
Healthcare cost trend rates	Non-Medicare - 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4% in 2076
	Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4% in 2076
Discount rate	3.75%
Mortality	CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study
Mortality Improvement	Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2019

\* Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

# **OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

#### **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

#### Total Non-Major Governmental Transit Funds Reserves Exchange ASSETS Cash - unrestricted \$ 49,027,368 \$ 22,498,392 \$ 71,525,760 Investments - unrestricted 10,325,072 10,325,072 -Receivables Accounts receivables 42,990 42,990 Interest receivable 7,381 28,090 35,471 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 59,402,811 \$ 22,526,482 \$ 81,929,293 LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenditures 73,307 \$ 33,876 \$ \$ 107,183 Due to other funds 253,227 48,873 302,100 TOTAL LIABILITIES 326,534 82,749 409,283 **DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES** Deferred revenues 32,701,351 32,701,351 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 32,701,351 32,701,351 -**FUND BALANCES** Restricted for: Transportation projects 26,374,926 26,374,926 \_ Committed to: 22,443,733 Transportation projects 22,443,733 -TOTAL FUND BALANCES 26,374,926 22,443,733 48,818,659

TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES

81,929,293

\$ 59,402,811 \$ 22,526,482 \$

#### Schedule 1

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -

## Non-Major Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule 2

	Transit Reserves	Exchange	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
State Grants	\$ 3,411,000	\$ -	\$ 3,411,000
Local agencies revenues and refunds	4,542		4,542
Investment income - unrestricted	36,582	34,571	71,153
TOTAL REVENUES	3,452,124	34,571	3,486,695
Expenditures			
Current:			
General Government	-	67,750	67,750
Allocations to other agencies	155,526		155,526
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	155,526	67,750	223,276
EXCESS/(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER/ (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,296,598	(33,179)	3,263,419
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>			
Transfers In	1,724,418		1,724,418
Transfers Out	(696,577	(525,918)	(1,222,495)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	1,027,841	(525,918)	501,923
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	4,324,439	(559,097)	3,765,342
Fund balances - beginning	22,050,487		45,053,317
Fund balances - ending	\$ 26,374,926	\$ 22,443,733	\$ 48,818,659

# **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual -**Transit Reserves Fund**

Schedule 3

	Orig	ginal Budget <sup>(1)</sup>	Final Budget <sup>(1)</sup>	Actual	Variance from Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
<b>REVENUES</b> State Grants Local agencies revenues and refunds Investment income - unrestricted	\$	3,408,427 5	\$ 3,408,427	\$ 3,411,000 4,542 36,582	\$ 2,573 4,542 36,582
TOTAL REVENUES		3,408,427	3,408,427	3,452,124	43,697
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Allocations to other agencies		4,858,427	31,357,265	155,526	31,201,739
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,858,427	31,357,265	155,526	31,201,739
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(1,450,000)	(27,948,838)	3,296,598	31,245,436
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b> Transfers In Transfers Out		1,450,000	1,450,000	1,724,418 (696,577)	274,418 (696,577)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		1,450,000	1,450,000	1,027,841	(422,159)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	(26,498,838)	4,324,439	30,823,277
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	22,050,487 22,050,487	22,050,487 \$ (4,448,351)	22,050,487 \$ 26,374,926	
r und balances - chung	φ	22,030,407	₽ ( <del>4,44</del> 0,331)	φ 20,37 <del>4</del> ,920	φ <u>30,023,277</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> Budget prepared in accordance with GAAP.

### Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual -Exchange Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 Sche

Schedule 4

	Ori	ginal Budget <sup>(1)</sup>	Final Budget <sup>(1)</sup>	Actual	Variance from Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
<b>REVENUES</b> Local agencies revenues and refunds Investment income - unrestricted	\$	- \$	6 4,667,000	\$	\$ (4,667,000) 34,571
TOTAL REVENUES			4,667,000	34,571	(4,632,429)
EXPENDITURES General Government			-	67,750	(67,751)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			-	67,750	(67,751)
<b>REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>		-	4,667,000	(33,179)	(4,700,180)
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers Out		-	-	(525,918)	(525,918)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES			-	(525,918)	(525,918)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	4,667,000	(559,097)	(5,226,098)
Fund balances - beginning		23,002,830	23,002,830	23,002,830	
Fund balances - ending	\$	23,002,830	5 27,669,830	\$ 22,443,733	\$ (5,226,098)

<sup>(1)</sup> Budget prepared in accordance with GAAP.

# **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Schedule of Expenditures by Natural Classification For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Expenditures by natural classification Salaries & benefits Travel Professional fees Overhead Printing & reproduction	\$	44,316,421 32,386 31,451,585 4,046,331 53,478
Other	_	178,732
Reported as general government expenditures in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and		
Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund <sup>(1)</sup>	<u>\$</u>	80,078,933
Salaries & benefits - MTC General Fund	\$	44,316,421
Salaries & benefits - MTC Clipper®		3,050,256
Salaries & benefits - BATA		15,590,938
Salaries & benefits - SAFE		981,445
Salaries & benefits - BAHA		466,485
Salaries & benefits - BAIFA		2,424,376
Salaries & benefits - BAHFA		133,334
Total salaries & benefits	\$	66,963,255
Indirect Cost - MTC General Fund	\$	4,046,331
Indirect Cost - MTC Clipper <sup>®</sup>		1,454,972
Indirect Cost - SAFE		468,149
Indirect Cost - BATA		8,809
Indirect Cost - BAHA		222,736
Indirect Cost - BAIFA		1,156,427
Indirect Cost - BAHFA		63,600
Total Indirect Cost	\$	7,421,024

<sup>(1)</sup>General government expenditures - by Fund General Fund Total general government expenditures

\$ 80,078,933
\$ 80,078,933

#### Schedule of Overhead, Salaries and Benefits Expenditures -Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Schedule 6

		Direct	L	Allowable	U	Inallowable Costs		Total
Salaries	¢	Costs* 27,883,705		ndirect Costs 8,509,366	¢	- 5	ŕ	Total 36,393,071
Benefits	\$	27,885,705	\$	8,309,300 6,345,495	Э	5,000,000		30,393,071 32,201,578
Benefits		20,830,083		0,545,495		5,000,000		32,201,378
Total salaries and benefits	\$	48,739,788	<u>\$</u>	14,854,861	\$	5,000,000	5	68,594,649
Reimbursable overhead:**								
Agency temps			\$	114,284	\$	- 5	5	114,284
Training				349,812		3,909		353,721
Personnel recruitment				124,463		-		124,463
Public hearing				945		-		945
Advertising				18,405		-		18,405
Communications				54,318		-		54,318
Utilities				550		-		550
Meeting room rental				891		1,095		1,986
Parking				7,453		-		7,453
Storage rental				26,289		-		26,289
Computer maintenance & repair				11,197		-		11,197
Auto expense				24,086		-		24,086
Office supplies				12,786		-		12,786
Printing & graphics supplies				10,722		-		10,722
Computer supplies				5,203		-		5,203
Computer software				1,156,956		-		1,156,956
Computer hardware				336,241		-		336,241
Postage & mailing				29,201		257		29,458
Memberships				34,153		55,980		90,133
Library acquisitions & subscriptions				60,295				60,295
Law library				27,639		-		27,639
Hosted services				1,796,777		-		1,796,777
Advisory member stipend				51,200		72,800		124,000
Audit fees				462,994		72,000		462,994
Newswire service				16,254				16,254
Insurance				334,634				334,634
Other				22,339		108,711		131,050
Miscellaneous				22,339		12,394		12,394
Travel				6,188		82,835		89,023
Professional fees				1,227,614		844		1,228,458
Building maintenance				758,310		- 044		758,310
Building maintenance				/38,510	—			/38,510
Subtotal indirect costs				7,082,199		338,825		7,421,024
Carry forward provision for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020				(135,171)		-		(135,171)
Depreciation expense				121,265		2,875		124,140
Total indirect costs including depreciation expense			\$	7,068,293	<u>\$</u>	341,700	5	7,409,993
Indirect costs recovered***			\$	23,248,878				
Indirect (over)/under absorbed			\$	(1,325,724)				
maneer (over)/ under absorbed			φ	(1,525,724)				

\*Direct costs include MTC, BATA, SAFE, BAHA, BAIFA, and BAHFA salaries and benefits per Indirect Cost Plan for fiscal year 2022.

\*\* Overhead distributed to MTC, BATA, SAFE, BAHA, BAIFA, and BAHFA per Indirect Cost Plan for fiscal year 2022.

\*\*\* Indirect costs recovered at 47.70% per Indirect Cost Plan for fiscal year 2022.

# Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Expenditures - Federal Highway Administration Grant FY2022 OWPMTC

For t	he Year Ended June 30, 2022		Schedule 7
		Total	
<b>Autho</b> Federa	rized Expenditures l	\$ 9,615,716	
Total a	authorized expenditures	 9,615,716	
	<b>l Expenditures *</b> am No. Program Name		
1112	Implement Public Information Program and Tribal Government Coordination	1,983,345	
1113	Support Partnership Board	418,123	
1121	Regional Transportation Plan	819,061	
1122	Analyze Regional Data using GIS and Planning Models	2,508,697	
1125	Active Transportation Planning	153,506	
1127	Regional Trails	400,000	
1212	Performance Measurement and Monitoring	72,670	
1233	Transportation Asset Management	500,000	
1511	Conduct Financial Analysis and Planning	540,022	

1,181,493

8,576,917

1,038,799

\$

1512 Federal Programming, Monitoring and TIP Management

Total Expenditures

Balance of Federal Highway Administration Grant

\*Toll credit match rate (11.47%)

Toll Rate for fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022:

2021		2022	
\$ 6.00 *	\$	7.00	**
16.00		17.00	
21.00		22.00	
26.00		27.00	
31.00		32.00	
36.00		37.00	
\$	\$ 6.00 * 16.00 21.00 26.00 31.00	\$ 6.00 * \$ 16.00 21.00 26.00 31.00	\$         6.00         *         \$         7.00           16.00         17.00         17.00         22.00           26.00         27.00         31.00         32.00

\* During peak hours on all bridges, a reduced-rate toll of \$3.00 is collected on high-occupancy and inherently-low-emission two-axle vehicles. Congestion pricing on the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge was suspended indefinitely during the COVID-19 pandemic starting from April 23, 2020.

\*\*A reduced-rate toll of \$3.50 is collected on high-occupancy and inherently-low-emission two-axle vehicles.

# **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Schedule of BATA Debt Service Coverage Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Nervenues       5       756,197.028         Toll revenues collected       5       756,197.028         Investment income       19.936.529         Build America Bonds (BABs) interest subsidy       71.326.571         Derivative investment income (charge)       71.326.571         Toll revenues       1000.541.290         Operating expenses       2.6741.390         Violation Bends (BABs) interest subsidy       7.617.575         Tont revenues       1.070.541.290         Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization       2.6741.391         Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization       2.511.66.671         Depreciation and amortization       2.117.271         Total expenses       158.884.980         Net operating expenses before depreciation and amortization       2.137.211         Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization       2.137.211         Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization       156,947.700         Net operating income       911.656.310         Pander geneses       158.884.980         Net operating income       911.656.310         Pander geneses       15.982.700         Interse expense       6.038.810         Calitanuo/tote genopenses       6.038.810 </th <th></th> <th></th>		
Toll revenues collected\$ 75,6197.028Investment income919,936,529Revenues subtotal736,098,052Build America Bonds (BABs) interest subsidy71,326,571Dirivative investment income (charge)263,116,667Total revenues1,070,541,290Operating expenses2,701,257Services and charges - BATA2,701,257Services and charges - BATA2,701,257Services and charges - BATA2,701,257Services and charges - BATA1,173,27,157Transbay Terminal IPA operations5,572,468Operating expenses incurred by Caltrans2,701,257Services and charges - BATA1,156,747,769Depreciation and amortization1,156,747,769Depreciation and amortization2,157,2211Total operating expenses1,156,6310Nongerating expenses1,156,5310Nongerating expenses6,038,810Other operating expenses6,038,810Other onooperating expenses6,038,810Other onooperating expenses437,067,373Increst expense437,067,373Increst expense437,067,373Increst expenses437,067,373Increst expenses437,067,373Increst expenses437,067,373Increst expenses437,067,373Increst expenses437,067,373Increst expenses7,315,461Other operating expenses5,393,073Sytems of contribution from BATA(1,080,623)Total conoperating expenses7,315,461Total consp		2022
Investment income(40.035.502)Other operating revenues19.936.529Revenues subtoral736,098.052Build America Bonds (BABs) interest subsidy71,326,571Derivative investment income (charge)263.116.667Total revenues1.070,541,290Operating expenses incurred by Caltrans26,741,339Yolohtion Penalty Refinal26,741,339Operating expenses incurred by Caltrans2,701,257Services and charges - BATA121,732,715Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization156,747,769Depreciating expenses158,884,980Net operating expenses158,884,980Net operating expenses156,747,769Other onoperating expenses6,033,810Caltrans/other agency operating grants and reimbursements(1.1847,655)Other nonoperating expenses437,067,373Other nonoperating expenses437,067,373Total operating expenses437,067,373Other nonoperating expenses18,232,114MTC / CLIPPER administrative & transfers18,232,114MTC / CLIPPER administrative & transfers7,315,461MTC / CLIPPER administrative & transfers7,3980,687Not in transfers7,3980,687MTC / CLIPPER administrative & transfers7,3980,687Not in come before capital project expenses35,939,7332% transit expenses17,244,140Albeations to ther agencies (RM2)40,068,250Optial transfers7,315,461Optial transfers7,315,461Other non	Revenues	
Investment income(40.035,502)Other operating revenues19.936,529Revenues subtotal736,098,052Build America Bonds (BABs) interest subsidy71,326,571Derivative investment income (charge)263,116,667Total revenues1.070,541,290Operating expenses2,701,257Services and charges - BATA121,732,715Transbay Terninal JPA operations5,572,468Doperating expenses before depreciation and amortization156,747,769Depreating expenses158,884,980Net operating expenses158,884,980Net operating expenses158,884,980Net operating expenses156,502,709Patterning income911,656,310Nongerating expenses6,033,810Caltrans/other agency operating grants and reimbursements(1,847,657,30)Other nonperating expenses6,038,810Caltrans/other agency operating grants and reimbursements(1,847,657,30)Other nonperating expenses7,315,461Income before transfers7,315,461MTC / CLIPPER administrative & transfers18,232,114MTC / CLIPPER administrative & transfers7,315,461MTC / CLIPPER administrative & transfers7,315,461Other nonperating expenses5,593,793Calt transfers7,315,461MTC / CLIPPER administrative & transfers7,315,461MTC / CLIPPER administrative & transfers7,315,461Other nonperating expenses7,315,461Other nonperating expenses7,315,461Other nonperating expens	Toll revenues collected	\$ 756,197,028
Revenues subtotal736,098,092Build America Bonds (BABs) interest subsidy71,326,571Derivative investment income (charge)265,116,667Total revenues1,070,541,290Operating expenses2,701,237Violation Fenalty Refund26,741,339Operating expenses incurred by Caltrans2,701,237Services and charges - BATA121,732,715Transbay Terminal JPA operations5,572,468Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization156,747,769Depreciation and amortization2,137,211Total operating expenses158,884,980Net operating income911,656,310Nongerating expenses (revenues)11,844Interest expense6,038,810Caltrans/other agency operating grants and reimbursements(1,847,665)Other nonoperating expenses43,067,373Total nonoperating expenses43,067,373Interest expense437,067,373Other nonoperating expenses437,067,373Total nonoperating expenses437,067,373Total nonoperating expenses437,067,373MTC / CLIPPER administrative & transfers18,232,114MTC / CLIPPER administrative & transfers7,315,461Albeotations to other agencies (RM2)40,068,263Other nonoperating expenses5,939,7332% transit expenses7,3980,687Net income before capital project expenses5,252,158Otal anopital expenses5,502,079Distributions to other agencies (RM2)40,068,250Otal anopital pr	Investment income	
Build America Bonds (BABs) interest subsidy71,326,571Derivative investment income (charge)263,116,667Total revenues1070,541,290Operating expenses26,741,329Operating expenses incured by Caltrans2,67,41,329Services and charges - BATA121,732,715Transbay Terminal JPA operations5,572,468Total operating expenses incured by Caltrans5,572,468Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization156,747,769Depreciation and amortization156,747,769Detrectating expenses158,884,980Net operating expenses155,522,468Nongerating expenses155,522,468Total operating expenses155,522,468Nongerating expenses911,656,310Nongerating expenses6,038,810Caltrans/other agency operating grants and reimbursements(11,847,655)Other nonoperating expenses437,009Caltrans/other agency operating grants and reimbursements(11,847,655)Other nonoperating expenses403,07,373Income before transfers447,058Transfers1,13,441MTC / CLIPPER administrative & transfers1,232,114MTC / Clarperse (M2)40,768,961Total aspenses5,399,733Intal expenses7,335,46190% rul expenses5,399,73320% transi transfers7,340,46620% transi transfers7,340,46620% transi transfers17,434,468Allocations to other agencies (RM2)40,768,591Total aspenses<	Other operating revenues	19,936,529
Build America Bonds (BABs) interest subsidy71,326,571Derivative investment income (charge)263,116,667Total revenues1070,541,290Operating expenses26,741,329Operating expenses incurred by Caltrans2,67,41,329Services and charges - BATA121,732,715Transbay Terminal JPA operations5,572,468Total operating expenses incurred by Caltrans5,572,468Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization156,747,769Depreciation and amortization156,747,769Depreciation and amortization156,747,769Depreciation and amortization156,747,769Depreciation and smortization156,747,769Depreciation and smortization156,747,769Depreciation and superses155,522,468Nonoperating expenses155,522,709Unter expense155,527,09Other nonoperating expenses6,038,810Caltrans/other agency operating grants and reimbursements(11,847,655)Other nonoperating expenses437,063Total nonoperating expenses40,07,373Income before transfers447,058Transfers11,274,418MTC / CLIPPER administrative & transfers7,315,46190% rail expenses5,399,773Total appenses17,34,04690% rail expenses7,358,967Total appenses7,358,967Total appenses7,3590,687You an operating expenses5,999,773Total ansfers7,354,060,8250Capital project expenses7,3	Revenues subtotal	736.098.052
Derivative investment income (charge)263,116,667Total revenues1,070,541,290Operating expenses incurred by Caltrans2,701,257Violation Penalty Refind26,741,329Operating expenses incurred by Caltrans121,732,715Transbay Terminal JPA operations5,572,468Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization156,747,69Depreciation and amortization2,137,211Total operating expenses158,884,980Net operating income911,656,310Nonograting expenses434,113,841Financing fees and bord issuance costs15,502,709Other nonoperating expenses6,038,810Caltrans/other agency operating grants and reimbursements(11,847,657,709)Other nonoperating expenses433,067,373Income before transfers437,067,373MTC / CLIPPER administrative & transfers18,232,114MTC / CLIPPER senses7,315,461MTC / CLIPPER senses17,434,046Distribution to other agencies (RM2)40,768,961Total respense3,309,687MTC / CLIPPER senses17,434,046Obstribution to other agencies for their capital purposes5,309,0733Jost anafers:17,434,046Obstribution to caltrans for their capital purposes5,300		
Operating expenses26,741,329Violation Penalty Refund26,741,329Operating expenses incurred by Caltrans2,701,237Services and charges - BATA121,732,715Transbay Terminal IPA operations5,572,2468Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization155,747,769Depreciation and amortization2,137,211Total operating expenses155,747,769Nonoperating expenses155,6310Nonoperating expenses (revenues)11,563,310Interest expense434,113,841Financing fees and bond issuance costs15,502,709Other nonoperating expenses6,038,810Caltrans/other agency operating grants and reimbursements(11,847,655)Other nonoperating expenses6,038,810Caltrans/other agency operating grants and reimbursements(11,847,655)Other nonoperating expenses437,067,373Income before transfers474,588,937Total onoperating expenses18,232,114MTC (TCLIPPER administrative & transfers18,232,114MTC (TCLIPPER administrative & transfers7,315,46190% rati expenses7,315,46190% rati expenses17,434,046201at transfers17,344,046201at anafers17,344,046201at anafers17,344,046201at anafers17,344,046201at anafers17,434,046201at anafers17,434,046201at anafers17,434,046201at anafers17,434,046201at anafers17,434,046201at		
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2% transit expenses1,724,418Allocations to other agencies (RM2)40,768,961Total transfers73,980,687Net income before capital project expenses400,608,250Capital project expenses400,608,250Capital expenses17,434,046Distribution to Caltrans for their capital purposes85,229,126Distributions to other agencies for their capital purposes54,900,429Distributions to MTC/ Clipper7,588,397Capital contribution to BAIFA95,000,000Total capital project expenses260,151,998Change in net position140,456,252Total net position - beginning(7,023,025,558)		
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Distributions to MTC/ Clipper Capital contribution to BAIFA7,588,397 95,000,000Total capital project expenses260,151,998Change in net position140,456,252Total net position - beginning(7,023,025,558)	Distribution to Caltrans for their capital purposes	
Capital contribution to BAIFA95,000,000Total capital project expenses260,151,998Change in net position140,456,252Total net position - beginning(7,023,025,558)		
Total capital project expenses260,151,998Change in net position140,456,252Total net position - beginning(7,023,025,558)		
Change in net position140,456,252Total net position - beginning(7,023,025,558)	-	
Total net position - beginning     (7,023,025,558)		260,151,998
<u>(),,</u>	Change in net position	140,456,252
<b>Total net position - ending</b> <u>\$ (6,882,569,306)</u>	Total net position - beginning	(7,023,025,558)
	Total net position - ending	<u>\$ (6,882,569,306)</u>

Schedule 9

### **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Schedule of BATA Debt Service Coverage Ratios\* continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022
<b>Fixed Charge</b> Net revenue <sup>1</sup> Debt service <sup>4,9</sup> , plus operating transfer and costs <sup>3,6</sup> Sum sufficient ratio Minimum threshold	\$ 783,279,672 474,265,897 1.65 1.00
<b>Fixed Charge, plus Operations &amp; Maintenance</b> Net revenue <sup>1</sup> , plus operations & maintenance reserve Senior debt service <sup>2</sup> , plus operating transfer <sup>3</sup> Sum sufficient, plus operations & maintenance reserve ratio Minimum threshold	\$ 957,279,672 305,248,358 3.14 1.25
Net Revenue / Senior Debt Service Net revenue <sup>1</sup> Senior debt service <sup>2</sup> Debt service ratio Minimum threshold	\$ 783,279,672 240,674,813 3.25 1.20
Available Revenue / Debt Service Available revenue <sup>5</sup> Debt service <sup>4,9</sup> Debt service ratio Minimum threshold	\$ 673,394,611 400,928,726 1.68 1.20
Reserve Designations <sup>7</sup> Extraordinary loss reserve - Caltrans Cooperative Agreement Operations & maintenance reserve <sup>8</sup> Rehabilitation reserve Project/self insurance reserve & variable rate risk reserve	\$ 50,000,000 174,000,000 276,000,000 560,000,000

**Schedule 9** 

\* This schedule provides actual operating results for informational purposes only and is not provided to satisfy any covenants requirements. The Toll Covenant calculation required under the Senior and Subordinate Indentures has been filed with the Senior and Subordinate trustees.

<sup>1</sup> Revenues less Caltrans operating expenses.

- Senior debt service expense less BABs interest subsidy on senior bonds plus principal retirement of \$39,905,000. 2
- Operating transfer and costs include RM 2 operating costs less amortization of Transit Transfer to MTC (Transit Transfer obligation 3 for the next 39 years was fulfilled in early September 2010).
- <sup>4</sup> Total Senior and Subordinate debt service expense less BABs interest subsidy plus principal retirement of \$39,905,000.
- <sup>5</sup> Revenues less Caltrans and BATA operating expenses.
- <sup>6</sup> Debt related obligations and Maintenance A.
- 7 Designated reserves through BATA resolution.
- <sup>8</sup> Minimum required operations & maintenance reserve is \$14 million but is currently maintained at \$174 million.
- Excludes one-time prepayment of certain FY 22/23 principal payments and related interest and expenses using BATA operating reserve funds. 9 Total Subordinate principal and related interest and expenses is \$38,563,546.

# Schedule of Operating Revenues and Expenses - BATA Proprietary Fund - By Bridge For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule 10

	Carquinez Bridge	Benicia - Martinez Bridge	Antioch Bridge	Richmond - San Rafael Bridge	San Francisco - Oakland Bay Bridge	San Mateo - Hayward Bridge	Dumbarton Bridge	Total
<b>Operating revenues</b> Toll revenues collected Other operating revenues	\$ 130,358,179 3,920,766	\$ 122,076,544 5,055,194	\$ 20,893,162 1,223,667	\$ 84,478,485 1,839,027	\$ 249,939,763 5,366,287	\$ 95,399,517 1,654,377	\$ 53,051,378 \$ 877,211	756,197,028 19,936,529
Total operating revenues	134,278,945	127,131,738	22,116,829	86,317,512	255,306,050	97,053,894	53,928,589	776,133,557
<b>Operating expenses</b> Operating expenditures-by Caltrans & Transbay JPA Services and charges Allocations to other agencies Depreciation	477,774 24,077,255 7,053,442 369,759	325,362 22,795,706 6,678,012 350,078	106,418 3,965,719 1,161,759 60,902	)-	6,506,247 45,778,353 13,410,788 703,027	350,753 17,402,515 5,098,074 267,254	173,149 9,669,814 2,832,776 148,501	8,273,725 139,166,761 40,768,961 2,137,211
Total operating expenses	31,978,230	30,149,158	5,294,798	20,583,221	66,398,415	23,118,596	12,824,240	190,346,658
Operating income	\$ 102,300,715	\$ 96,982,580	\$ 16,822,031	\$ 65,734,291	\$ 188,907,635	\$ 73,935,298	<u>\$ 41,104,349</u> <u>\$</u>	585,786,899

#### Schedule of Interest Rate Swaps Summary-BATA Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule 11

Counterparty	Series 2001	Series 2006	Series 2007	Total	Percentage by counterparty	Ratings (S&P/Moody's)
Citibank, N.A., New York	\$ -	\$ 115,000,000	\$ 260,000,000	\$ 375,000,000	26%	A+/Aa3
Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	75,000,000	110,000,000	-	185,000,000	13%	A+/Aa2
JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A.	-	245,000,000	-	245,000,000	17%	A+/Aa2
Bank of America, N.A.	-	155,000,000	50,000,000	205,000,000	14%	A+/Aa2
Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine Derivative Products LP	-	60,000,000	85,000,000	145,000,000	10%	AA-/Aa2
The Bank of New York Mellon	-	-	210,000,000	210,000,000	15%	AA-/Aa2
Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC	75,000,000			75,000,000	5%	A-/A1
Total swap notional	\$ 150,000,000	\$ 685,000,000	\$ 605,000,000	\$ 1,440,000,000		

 Fair value
 \$ (24,852,032)
 \$ (111,678,040)
 \$ (261,589,656)

# Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Interest Rate Swaps for Series 2001 - BATA Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule 12

	Series 2001 A	Series 2001 A	Total
Notional amount	\$75,000,000	\$75,000,000	\$150,000,000
			\$150,000,000
Trade date	1/22/2014	6/26/2015	
Effective date	1/1/2014	7/1/2015	
Swap mode	65% One Mth LIBOR	65% One Mth LIBOR	
Maturity	4/1/2036	4/1/2036	
Swap rate	4.09%	3.29%	
Counterparty (CP)	Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC	Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	
S&P/Moody's ratings	A-/A1	A+/Aa2	
Ratings outlook	Stable/Stable	Stable/Stable	
Fair value due from/ (to) CP <sup>(1)</sup>	\$(15,188,941)	\$(9,663,091)	\$(24,852,032)
Credit risk			
CP Collateral Posting <sup>(2)</sup>			
1a) CP = "A-", "A", or "A+" (S&P)	Yes	Yes	
or			
1b) CP = "A3", "A2", or "A1" (Moody's)	Yes	No	
and			
2) Termination value >\$10 million	No	No	
or			
CP Collateral Posting <sup>(2)</sup>			
1c) $CP < A - (S\&P)$	No	No	
or			
1d) $CP < A3$ (Moody's)	No	No	
and			
2) Termination value > \$0	No	No	
Ratings termination risk <sup>(3)</sup>			
CP can terminate if BATA's Sr bond ratings			
(S&P or Moody's) is below	BBB-/Baa3	BBB+/Baa1	

<sup>(1)</sup> Fair value is presented in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72.

<sup>(2)</sup> Unilateral collateral posting by counterparty.

<sup>(3)</sup> Unilateral termination at BATA's discretion unless ratings fall below the levels as listed in the table above.

#### Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Interest Rate Swaps for Series 2006 - BATA Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule 13

	Series 2006	Series 2006	Series 2006	Series 2006	Series 2006	Series2006	Total
Notional amount	\$245,000,000	\$115,000,000	\$30,000,000	\$110,000,000	\$60,000,000	\$125,000,000	\$685,000,000
Trade date	4/1/2011	3/20/2012	5/25/2006	3/20/2012	8/28/2008	6/26/2015	
Effective date	4/1/2011	2/8/2006	2/8/2006	3/1/2012	8/1/2008	7/1/2015	
Swap mode	75.105% One Mth	53.8% One Mth	68% One Mth	53.8% One Mth	68% One Mth	68% One Mth	
	LIBOR	LIBOR+0.74%	LIBOR	LIBOR+0.74%	LIBOR	LIBOR	
Maturity	4/1/2045	4/1/2045	4/1/2045	4/1/2045	4/1/2045	4/1/2045	
Swap rate	4.00%	3.64%	3.63%	3.64%	3.64%	2.96%	
Counterparty (CP)	JP Morgan Chase	Citibank, N.A.,	Bank of America, N.A.	Wells Fargo Bank,	Goldman Sachs	Bank of America,	
	Bank, N.A.	New York		N.A.	Mitsui Marine	N.A.	
					Derivative Products		
					LP		
S&P/Moody's ratings	A+/Aa2	A+/Aa3	A+/Aa2	A+/Aa2	AA-/Aa2	A+/Aa2	
Ratings outlook	Positive/Stable	Stable/Stable	Positive/Positive	Stable/Stable	Stable/No outlook	Positive/Positive	
					provided		
Fair value due from/ (to) CP <sup>(1)</sup>	\$(54,871,687)	\$(18,754,365)	\$(6,124,918)	\$(17,939,072)	\$(12,317,038)	\$(15,052,504)	\$(125,059,584)
Credit risk							
CP Collateral Posting <sup>(2)</sup>							
1a) CP = "A-", "A", or "A+" (S&P)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	
or							
1b) CP = "A3", "A2", or "A1" (Moody's)	No	No	No	No	No	No	
and							
2) Termination value>\$10 million	No	No	No	No	No	No	
or							
CP Collateral Posting <sup>(2)</sup>							
1c) $CP < A - (S\&P)$	No	No	No	No	No	No	
or							
1d) $CP < A3$ (Moody's)	No	No	No	No	No	No	
and							
2) Termination value >\$0	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Ratings termination risk <sup>(3)</sup>							
CP can terminate if BATA's							
Sr bond ratings (S&P or Moody's) is below	BBB-/Baa3	BBB-/Baa3	BBB/Baa2(Insured)	BBB+/Baa1	BBB+/Baa1	BBB+/Baa1	
			``´´´				

<sup>(1)</sup> Fair value is presented in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72.

<sup>(2)</sup> Unilateral collateral posting by counterparty.

<sup>(3)</sup> Unilateral termination at BATA's discretion unless ratings fall below the levels as listed in the table above.

#### Metropolitan Transportation Commission Schedule of Interest Rate Swaps for Series 2007 - BATA Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule 14

	g : 2007	G : 2007	g : 2007	g : 2007	S : 2007	T ( 1
	Series 2007	Series 2007	Series 2007	Series 2007	Series 2007	Total
Notional amount Trade date	\$260,000,000 1/2/2009	\$50,000,000	\$85,000,000 8/28/2008	\$170,000,000	\$40,000,000 6/26/2015	\$605,000,000
		5/25/2006		9/2/2008		
Effective date	11/1/2007	11/1/2007	8/1/2008	9/2/2008	7/1/2015	
Swap mode	53.8% One Mth	68% One Mth	68% One Mth	68% One Mth	68% One Mth	
	LIBOR + 0.74%	LIBOR	LIBOR	LIBOR	LIBOR	
Maturity	4/1/2047	4/1/2047	4/1/2047	4/1/2047	4/1/2047	
Swap rate	3.64%	3.63%	3.64%	3.64%	2.22%	
Counterparty (CP)	Citibank, N.A.,	Bank of America, N.A.	Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine	The Bank of New York	The Bank of New York	
	New York		Derivative Products LP	Mellon	Mellon	
S&P/Moody's ratings	A+/Aa3	A+/Aa2	AA-/Aa2	AA-/Aa2	AA-/Aa2	
Ratings outlook	Stable/Stable	Positive/Positive	Stable/No outlook provided	Stable/Stable	Stable/Stable	
Fair value due from/(to) CP <sup>(1)</sup>	\$(44,664,506)	\$(10,717,836)	\$(18,337,025)	\$(36,673,560)	\$(1,285,113)	\$ (111,678,040)
Credit risk						
CP Collateral Posting <sup>(2)</sup>						
1a) $CP = "A-", "A", or "A+" (S\&P)$	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	
or						
1b) CP = "A3", "A2", or "A1" (Moody's)	No	No	No	No	No	
and						
2) Termination value > \$10 million	No	No	No	No	No	
or						
CP Collateral Posting <sup>(2)</sup>						
1c) CP < A - (S&P)	No	No	No	No	No	
or						
1d) CP <a3 (moody's)<="" td=""><td>No</td><td>No</td><td>No</td><td>No</td><td>No</td><td></td></a3>	No	No	No	No	No	
and						
2) Termination value >\$0	No	No	No	No	No	
Ratings termination risk <sup>(3)</sup>						
CP can terminate if BATA's Sr bond ratings						
(S&P or Moody's) is below	BBB-/Baa3	BBB/Baa2 (Insured)	BBB+/Baa1	BBB+/Baa1	BBB+/Baa1	
(See of Woody 3) is below	DDD-/ Daa5	DDD/Daa2 (mouled)	DDD //Daa1		DDD //Daa1	

<sup>(1)</sup> Fair value is presented in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72.

<sup>(2)</sup> Unilateral collateral posting by counterparty.

<sup>(3)</sup> Unilateral termination at BATA's discretion unless ratings fall below the levels as listed in the table above.

#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of MTC's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information to aid in understanding information contained in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information. Some tables are not presented with ten years of data as the information was not available for these periods.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	143
These schedules provide trend information to assist the reader in understanding the change in MTC's financial performance over time.	
Revenue Capacity	148
These schedules include information to help the reader assess MTC's most significant local revenue source, toll bridge revenues.	
Debt Capacity	153
These schedules provide information to help the reader assess the affordability of MTC's current levels of outstanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	155
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment in which MTC's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	158

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in MTC's financial report relates to the services provided and the activities performed.

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Net Position by Component (\$000) (unaudited) By Fiscal Year

	FISCAL YEAR										
	2013	<u>2014</u> <u>2015</u>	<u>5 2016</u>	<u>2017</u> <u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u> <u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u> <u>2022</u>					
Governmental activities											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 6,134	. , . ,	080 \$ 5,072 \$			• • • • • • •					
Restricted	376,343	372,455 392,		489,425 528,724	495,071 524,026	487,347 513,053					
Unrestricted	23,983	28,005 33,	891 (24,215)	(72,160) (70,871)	(36,410) (26,213)	(36,728) (30,752)					
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 406,460	<u>\$ 406,197</u> <u>\$ 431</u> ,	783 \$ 452,480 \$	<u>417,629</u> <u>458,211</u>	<u>\$ 458,940</u> <u>\$ 498,007</u>	<u>\$ 450,889</u> <u>\$ 482,603</u>					
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 23,112 200,000	\$ 27,033 \$ 28, 200,000 200,	516 \$ 56,525 \$ 000 203,559	6 78,054 \$ 89,436 200,266 201,343	\$ 114,328 \$ 3,138 229,454 233,864	\$ 1,771 \$ 202,589 232,702 301,256					
Unrestricted	(5,585,985)	<u>(6,076,858)</u> (6,601,-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(6,888,421) (6,969,616)	(7,159,612) (7,507,815)	· · · · · ·					
Total business-type activities net position	\$ (5,362,873)	<u>\$ (5,849,825)</u> <u>\$ (6,372,9</u>	931) <u>\$ (6,630,997)</u> \$	<u>5 (6,610,101)</u> <u>\$ (6,678,837)</u>	<u>\$ (6,815,830)</u> <u>\$ (7,270,813)</u>	<u>\$ (6,983,794)</u> <u>\$ (6,490,792)</u>					
Total primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 29,246 576,343 (5,562,002)	\$ 32,770 \$ 33, 572,455 592, (6,048,853) (6,567,		6 78,418 \$ 89,794 689,691 730,067 (6,960,581) (7,040,487)	\$ 114,607 \$ 3,332 724,525 757,890 (7,196,022) (7,534,028)	\$ 2,041 \$ 202,891 720,049 814,309 (7,254,995) (7,025,389)					
Total primary government net position	\$ (4,956,413)	<u>\$ (5,443,628)</u> <u>\$ (5,941,</u>	148) \$ (6,178,517)	<u>5 (6,192,472)</u> <u>\$ (6,220,626)</u>	<u>\$ (6,356,890)</u> <u>\$ (6,772,806)</u>	<u>\$ (6,532,905)</u> <u>\$ (6,008,189)</u>					

#### Changes in Net Position (\$000) (unaudited)

**By Fiscal Year** 

					FISCAL	YEAR				
	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	2016	2017	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u> *	<u>2020</u>	2021	2022
Expenses Governmental activities: General government Transportation Housing	\$ 69,123 210,916	\$ 78,763 237,098	\$ 81,168 195,039 	\$    77,038 156,045 	\$ 103,883 204,294	\$ 87,487 192,139 	\$ 104,246 307,829	\$ 105,558 267,272	\$ 100,422 110,298	\$ 89,826 88,119 231
Total governmental activities expenses	280,039	315,861	276,207	233,083	308,177	279,626	412,075	372,830	210,720	178,176
Business-type activities: Clipper smart card Toll bridge activities Express lane activities Congestion relief	38,319 1,189,447 - 17,763	37,393 1,586,156 - 12,742	37,264 1,008,115 - 11,697	44,090 935,544 - 10,419	45,094 980,645 - 11,463	44,885 988,187 - 10,696	48,754 886,760 - 13,100	57,879 769,091 - 17,616	52,385 747,116 - 16,989	39,539 786,132 65,538 20,076
Total business-type activities expenses	1,245,529	1,636,291	1,057,076	990,053	1,037,202	1,043,768	948,614	844,586	816,490	911,285
Total primary government expenses	\$ 1,525,568	\$ 1,952,152	\$1,333,283	\$1,223,136	\$ 1,345,379	\$ 1,323,394	\$ 1,360,689	\$ 1,217,416	\$1,027,210	\$ 1,089,461
<b>Program Revenues</b> Governmental activities: Operating grants and contributions	<u>\$ 250,529</u>	\$ 301,254	\$ 303,823	\$ 233,919	\$ 247,211	\$ 303,748	\$ 357,187	\$ 360,604	<u>\$ 143,181</u>	<u>\$ 176,445</u>
Business-type activities: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities program revenues	690,181 272,281 - 962,462	713,147 393,471 81,209 1,187,827	740,510 95,622 - 836,132	760,872 102,705 3,559 867,136	772,292 88,931 9,220 870,443	785,383 90,664 11,294 887,341	779,402 107,751 <u>3,658</u> 890,811	688,688 107,653 7,328 803,669	877,183 115,784 11,122 1,004,089	854,456 113,516 23,443 991,415
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 1,212,991	\$ 1,489,081	\$1,139,955	\$1,101,055	<u>\$ 1,117,654</u>	\$ 1,191,089	\$ 1,247,998	\$ 1,164,273	\$1,147,270	\$ 1,167,860
Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government net expense	\$ (29,510) (283,067) \$ (312,577)	(448,464)	\$ 27,616 (220,944) \$ (193,328)	(122,917)	(166,759)	\$ 24,122 (156,427) \$ (132,305)	(57,803)	(40,917)		80,130

\* Starting fiscal year 2019 sales tax is presented in the General Revenues in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34 and No. 52.

Changes in Net Position (\$000) (unaudited), *continued* By Fiscal Year

	FISCAL YEAR										
		<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u> *	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:											
Sale tax Unrestricted investment earnings Gain on sale of capital assets	\$	- \$ 2,132 -	- \$ 1,935 -	- \$ 2,013	- \$ 2,877 -	- \$ 4,257 6,628	- \$ 9,427 -	14,781 \$ 18,908 -	14,076 \$ 13,298	14,118 \$ 2,679	16,821 (1,316) -
Transfers		23,645	12,409	15,336	16,984	15,231	17,142	21,928	23,918	25,076	17,940
Total governmental activities		25,777	14,344	17,349	19,861	26,116	26,569	55,617	51,292	41,873	33,445
Business-type activities: Unrestricted investment earnings Contributed capital Special / Extraordinary items Transfers		53,714 - (23,645)	(1,256) - (12,409)	(277,337) - (15,336)	(175,359) - (16,984)	171,808 29,700 1,378 (15,231)	105,878	(64,077) 6,815 - (21,928)	(161,817) 2,000 (230,329) (23,918)	123,495 1,000 (25,076)	223,440 1,081 (26,741) (17,940)
Total business-type activities		30,069	(13,665)	(292,673)	(192,343)	187,655	88,736	(79,190)	(414,064)	99,419	179,840
Total primary government	\$	55,846 \$	679 \$	(275,324) \$	(172,482) \$	213,771 \$	115,305 \$	(23,573) \$	(362,772) \$	141,292 \$	213,285
<b>Change in Net Position</b> Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	(3,733)\$ (252,998)	(263) \$ (462,129)	44,965 \$ (513,617)	20,697 \$ (315,260)	(34,850)\$ 20,896	50,691 \$ (67,691)	729 \$ (136,993)	39,066 \$ (454,981)	(25,666) \$ 287,018	259,970
Total primary government	\$	(256,731) \$	(462,392) \$	(468,652) \$	(294,563) \$	(13,954)\$	(17,000) \$	(136,264) \$	(415,915) \$	261,352 \$	291,684

\* Starting fiscal year 2019 sales tax is presented in the General Revenues in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34 and No. 52.

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (\$000) (unaudited) **By Fiscal Year** 

							FISCAL	YE.	AR							
		2013	2014	2015	1	2016	2017	2	2018		2019	2020		2021		2022
General fund																
Nonspendable	\$	1,033	\$ 1,209	\$ 1,328 \$	5	1,305	\$ 823 \$		822 \$	5	1,426	\$ 673	\$	980	\$	1,027
Restricted for		1,254	528	512		158	49		27		-	3,497		2,900		2,900
Committed to		1,961	2,688	3,132		6,014	4,002		3,956		5,677	14,569		9,435		8,217
Unassigned	_	26,641	 29,750	 31,705		32,893	 36,791	4	41,608		38,926	 32,192		44,274		52,744
Total general fund	\$	30,889	\$ 34,175	\$ 36,677 \$	5	40,370	\$ 41,665 \$	4	46,413 \$	5	46,029	\$ 50,931	\$	57,589	\$	64,888
All other governmental funds																
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$ -	\$ - \$	5	-	\$ - \$		2 \$	5	-	\$ - 1	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted for		349,615	339,144	384,916	4	432,015	449,183	49	92,175	2	495,071	520,529		484,446		510,171
Committed to		15,096	21,501	28,024		28,985	30,216	-	34,051		31,788	25,744		23,003		22,444
Unassigned		-	 -	 (10,445)	(	(40,998)	 (92,221)	(9	94,371)		(99,797)	 (88,760)	(	(103,199)	(	(112,754)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	364,711	\$ 360,645	\$ 402,495 \$	54	120,002	\$ 387,178 \$	4.	31,857 \$	5 4	427,062	\$ 457,513	\$	404,250	\$	419,861

## **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (\$000) (unaudited) By Fiscal Year

					FISCAL	YEAR				
	2013	2014	<u>2015</u>	2016	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	2021	2022
Revenues										
Sales taxes	\$ 11,162 \$	11,735 \$	12,374 \$	5 12,812 \$	5 13,089 \$	13,650 \$	\$ 14,781 \$	14,076 \$	14,118	\$ 16,821
Grants - Federal	45,795	52,831	56,491	48,950	65,220	54,365	49,227	53,899	56,689	53,470
Grants - State	160,060	151,916	148,032	115,262	105,027	222,417	290,237	294,383	75,384	110,814
Local agencies revenues and refunds	41,148	88,712	86,553	57,917	63,532	13,247	18,015	13,415	13,062	13,351
Investment income - unrestricted	2,132	1,935	2,013	2,878	4,257	9,427	18,908	13,298	2,679	(1,316)
Total revenues	260,297	307,129	305,463	237,819	251,125	313,106	391,168	389,071	161,932	193,140
Expenditures										
General government	65,175	70,387	68,463	63,439	68,456	64,713	94,692	85,566	82,914	80,389
Allocation to other agencies	221,642	249,434	207,804	169,527	228,987	215,949	323,535	292,058	128,931	107,769
Capital outlay	372	496	180	639	165	159	48	12	317	11
Contribution to Bay Area Headquarters										
Authority					11,423			-	-	-
Total expenditures	287,189	320,317	276,447	233,605	309,031	280,821	418,275	377,636	212,162	188,169
Excess of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(26,892)	(13,188)	29,016	4,214	(57,906)	32,285	(27,107)	11,435	(50,230)	4,971
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfer in	30,666	31,249	33,190	32,082	29,597	31,737	39,207	46,413	34,889	53,844
Transfer out	(7,021)	(18,841)	(17,854)	(15,098)	(14,366)	(14,595)	(17,279)	(22,494)	(9,813)	(35,904)
Sale of capital assets					11,147			-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	23,645	12,408	15,336	16,984	26,378	17,142	21,928	23,919	25,076	17,940
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ (3,247)</u>	(780) \$	44,352 \$	<u>5 21,198</u>	<u>6 (31,528)</u>	49,427	<u>5 (5,179)</u>	35,354 \$	(25,154)	\$ 22,911

Primary Government Revenues (unaudited)

**By Fiscal Year** 

		PROGRAM	REVENUES			GENERAL REVE			
Fiscal Year	_	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Sale Tax	Unrestricted Investment Earnings/Charges	Return of Contribution from BAHA & BAIFA	Special Item	Total
2013	<sup>1</sup> \$	690,180,714 \$	522,809,673	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,846,137	\$ - \$	- \$	1,268,836,524
2014	2	713,146,710	694,725,536	81,209,050	-	678,986	-	-	1,489,760,282
2015	3	740,510,656	399,445,120	-	-	(275,323,755)	-	-	864,632,021
2016		760,871,690	336,623,906	3,559,290	-	(172,481,342)	-	-	928,573,544
2017		772,292,468	336,142,333	9,219,623	-	176,065,210	29,700,000	-	1,323,419,634
2018		785,383,349	394,411,700	11,294,137	-	115,304,370	-	-	1,306,393,556
2019	*	779,402,140	464,937,885	3,658,253	14,780,747	(45,169,118)	6,815,000	-	1,224,424,907
2020		688,687,936	468,256,919	7,328,320	14,076,093	(148,519,574)	2,000,000	(230,329,148)	1,031,829,694
2021		877,182,561	258,965,338	11,122,129	14,117,813	126,174,425	1,000,000	-	1,288,562,266
2022		854,455,592	289,961,155	23,443,205	16,821,183	222,124,243	1,080,623	(26,741,329)	1,381,144,672

<sup>1</sup> Excludes \$908 million bond proceeds

<sup>2</sup> Excludes \$900 million bond proceeds

<sup>3</sup> Excludes \$2.213 billion bond proceeds

\* Starting fiscal year 2019 sales tax is presented in General Revenues in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34 and No. 52.

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Primary Government Expenses by Function (unaudited) By Fiscal Year

Fiscal Year	General Government	Transportation	Housing	Toll Bridge Activities	Express Lanes Co	ongestion Relief	Clipper ®	Total
2013	\$ 69,122,603 \$	210,915,679 \$	- \$	1,189,447,185 \$	- \$	17,762,774 \$	38,319,247 \$	1,525,567,488
2014	78,763,519	237,097,812	-	1,586,156,184	-	12,742,160	37,392,814	1,952,152,489
2015	81,168,440	195,038,682	-	1,008,115,070	-	11,696,862	37,264,816	1,333,283,870
2016	77,038,765	156,045,404	-	935,543,616	-	10,418,605	44,090,317	1,223,136,707
2017	103,883,046	204,294,737	-	980,644,892	-	11,463,126	45,093,517	1,345,379,318
2018	87,487,224	192,138,705	-	988,187,231	4,103,657	10,696,201	44,884,890	1,327,497,908
2019	104,246,259	307,828,471	-	886,759,624	7,341,837	13,100,396	48,754,311	1,368,030,898
2020	105,558,075	267,271,776	-	769,090,836	28,177,379	17,616,049	57,879,237	1,245,593,352
2021	100,422,369	110,297,886	-	747,115,923	76,906,314	16,989,479	52,384,899	1,104,116,870
2022	89,826,261	88,118,693	230,640	786,131,573	65,538,144	20,076,445	39,539,063	1,089,460,819

#### **Metropolitan Transportation Commission** Toll Revenues - By Bridge (unaudited) By Fiscal Year

Fiscal Year		San Francisco- Oakland Bay	San Mateo- Hayward Bridge	Dumbarton Bridge	Carquinez Bridge	Benicia- Martinez Bridge	Antioch Bridge	Richmond- San Rafael Bridge	Revenue
2013	\$	221,544,298	\$ 85,968,027	\$ 50,626,212	\$ 112,580,359	\$ 101,036,856	\$ 12,449,046	\$ 68,770,541	\$ 652,975,339
2014		222,048,270	91,087,608	54,087,642	113,605,892	105,084,694	13,033,474	72,559,357	671,506,937
2015		228,421,032	93,335,417	57,162,481	117,429,187	109,471,720	13,611,031	75,523,984	694,954,852
2016		229,130,964	98,997,393	58,501,070	121,273,702	114,971,355	13,874,932	77,382,940	714,132,356
2017		227,403,833	100,495,035	59,316,788	123,022,647	116,977,648	15,425,397	78,142,955	720,784,303
2018		225,681,648	102,082,870	60,097,355	125,656,833	117,765,960	16,926,707	79,139,058	727,350,431
2019		223,035,517	101,867,795	60,575,355	125,716,697	117,814,910	17,879,738	78,024,008	724,914,020
2020		197,549,108	85,976,170	49,979,480	112,430,483	102,676,385	16,157,895	69,162,685	633,932,206
2021	*	274,514,747	102,872,225	56,397,266	146,766,410	135,700,939	22,283,694	91,869,474	830,404,755
2022		249,939,763	95,399,517	53,051,378	130,358,179	122,076,544	20,893,162	84,478,485	756,197,028

Table 7

\* Included Regional Measure 3 (RM3) revenue collected for the period from January 2019 to June 2021.

Paid and Free Vehicles - By Bridge (in Number of Vehicles) (unaudited) By Fiscal Year

Fiscal Year	San Francisco- Oakland Bay Bridge	San Mateo- Hayward Bridge	Dumbarton Bridge	Carquinez Bridge	Benicia- Martinez Bridge	Antioch Bridge	Richmond- San Rafael Bridge	Total Traffic
2013	45,071,936	16,692,221	10,205,793	20,176,369	18,531,052	2,128,525	12,785,217	125,591,113
2014	45,332,246	17,758,098	10,909,076	20,397,621	19,237,717	2,193,962	13,561,516	129,390,236
2015	46,994,056	18,240,477	11,591,256	21,123,039	20,055,430	2,347,039	14,201,661	134,552,958
2016	47,754,079	19,502,252	11,889,024	22,002,165	21,210,960	2,411,138	14,606,825	139,376,443
2017	47,996,192	19,918,887	12,046,423	22,457,814	21,784,617	2,735,244	14,849,279	141,788,456
2018	48,219,514	20,270,536	12,193,573	23,060,921	22,066,372	3,024,272	15,019,243	143,854,431
2019	47,774,136	20,244,619	12,319,014	22,988,908	21,927,095	3,213,313	14,832,118	143,299,203
2020	41,806,818	16,926,831	10,133,024	20,450,173	18,965,889	2,972,388	12,972,413	124,227,536
2021	39,324,095	13,434,159	7,463,706	19,906,990	17,753,585	3,020,672	11,994,599	112,897,806
2022	42,501,474	15,533,072	8,902,963	20,694,987	18,814,256	3,177,785	13,037,699	122,662,236

#### Metropolitan Transportation Commission Average Toll Rate Revenues (\$000) - By Bridge (unaudited) By Fiscal Year

Table 9

<b>D'</b> 117							San Mateo - Richmond Hayward Dumbarton						San Francisco - Oakland Bay	
Fiscal Year		Bridge		Bridge		Bridge		Bridge		Bridge		Bridge		Bridge
2013	-													
No. of paid vehicles ('000s)		2,078		18,101		19,685		12,558		16,426		10,010		43,872
Average toll rate	\$	5.99		5.58		5.72		5.48		5.23		5.06		5.05
Total revenues	\$	12,449	\$	101,037	\$	112,580	\$	68,771	\$	85,968	\$	50,626	\$	221,544
2014	-													
No. of paid vehicles ('000s)		2,142		18,791		19,856		13,309		17,434		10,712		44,037
Average toll rate	\$	6.08		5.59		5.72		5.45		5.22		5.05		5.04
Total revenues	\$	13,033	\$	105,085	\$	113,606	\$	72,559	\$	91,088	\$	54,088	\$	222,048
2015	-													
No. of paid vehicles ('000s)		2,289		19,586		20,529		13,914		17,902		11,379		45,535
Average toll rate	\$	5.95		5.59		5.72		5.43		5.21		5.02	\$	5.02
Total revenues	\$	13,611	\$	109,472	\$	117,429	\$	75,524	\$	93,335	\$	57,163	\$	228,421
2016	-													
No. of paid vehicles ('000s)		2,346		20,637		21,241		14,267		19,079		11,648		46,038
Average toll rate	\$	5.91	\$	5.57	\$	5.71	\$	5.42	\$	5.19	\$	5.02	\$	4.98
Total revenues	\$	13,875	\$	114,971	\$	121,274	\$	77,383	\$	98,997	\$	58,501	\$	229,131
2017	_													
No. of paid vehicles ('000s)	-	2,655		21,043		21,516		14,450		19,404		11,767		45,979
Average toll rate	\$	5.81	\$	5.56	\$	5.72	\$	5.41	\$	5.18	\$	5.04	\$	4.95
Total revenues	\$	15,425	\$	116,978	\$	123,022	\$	78,143	\$	100,495	\$	59,317	\$	227,404
2018														
No. of paid vehicles ('000s)		2,938		21,156		21,997		14,600		19,701		11,868		46,042
Average toll rate	\$	5.76	\$	5.57	\$	5.71	\$	5.42	\$	5.18	\$	5.06	\$	4.90
Total revenues	\$	16,927	\$	117,766	\$	125,657	\$	79,139	\$	102,083	\$	60,097	\$	225,681
2019						-		-		-		-		
No. of paid vehicles ('000s)		3,118		21,192		22,023		14,454		19,732		12,004		45,761
Average toll rate	\$	5.73	\$	5.56	\$	5.71	\$	5.40	\$	5.16	\$	5.05	\$	4.87
Total revenues	\$	17,880	\$			125,717	\$	78,024	\$	101,868	\$	60,575	\$	223,036
2020														
No. of paid vehicles ('000s)	-	2,841		18,336		19,429		12,657		16,531		9,874		40,114
Average toll rate	\$	5.69	\$	5.60	\$	5.79	\$	5.46	\$	5.20	\$	5.06	\$	4.92
Total revenues	\$	16,158	\$			112,430	\$	69,163	\$	85,976	\$	49,980	\$	197,549
2021		- ,	•	- )	•	,	•		•	)	Ť	- )	•	)
No. of paid vehicles ('000s)	-	2,639		16,049		17,104		11,130		12,462		6,857		35,476
Average toll rate	\$	8.44	\$	8.46	\$	8.58	\$	8.25	\$	8.25	\$	8.22	\$	7.74
Total revenues*	\$					146,766		91,869		102,872		56,397		274,515
2022		<i>,</i>		,		, -		, .	•	2				, -
No. of paid vehicles ('000s)	-	2,833		17,285		18,068		12,217		14,497		8,213		38,801
Average toll rate	\$	7.37	\$	7.06	\$	7.21	\$	6.91	\$	6.58	\$	6.46	\$	6.44
Total revenues*	\$	20,893	\$			130,358	\$	84,478	\$	95,400	\$	53,051	\$	249,940
				-				-		-		-		-

\* Included Regional Measure 3 (RM3) revenue collected for the period from January 2019 to June 2021.

### Metropolitan Transportation Commission Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding (unaudited)

**By Fiscal Year** 

 Fiscal Year	Re	Toll venue Bonds	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	Total	Toll Revenues	Revenue Bonds
2013	\$	7,877,075,576 \$	427,025,751 \$	7,450,049,825 \$	652,975,339	58
2014		8,711,105,575	475,439,245	8,235,666,330	671,506,937	62
2015		9,428,211,727	510,833,790	8,917,377,937	694,954,852	65
2016		9,356,475,813	515,292,195	8,841,183,618	714,132,356	62
2017		9,617,638,394	526,223,870	9,091,414,524	720,784,303	63
2018		9,732,050,322	519,966,477	9,212,083,845	727,350,431	62
2019		9,643,426,484	527,588,817	9,115,837,667	724,914,020	62
2020		9,140,323,768	534,211,465	8,606,112,303	633,932,206	68
2021		9,079,375,391	539,710,859	8,539,664,532	830,404,755 *	76
2022		9,726,796,699	904,720,166	8,822,076,533	756,197,028	72

Table 10

\* Included Regional Measure 3 (RM3) revenue collected for the period from January 2019 to June 2021.

### Metropolitan Transportation Commission Pledged-Revenue Coverage (unaudited)

**By Fiscal Year** 

		Тс	oll Revenue Bonds			
Fiscal Year	Toll Revenues	Less: Operating	Net Available Revenue	<u>Debt Se</u> Principal	Interest <sup>(1)</sup>	Coverage
2013	\$ 652,975,339	\$ 136,394,953 \$	516,580,386 \$	40,540,000 \$	328,418,435	1.40
2014	671,506,937	149,382,450	522,124,487	46,165,000	373,729,994	1.24
2015	694,954,852	150,674,360	544,280,492	48,195,000	360,391,933	1.33
2016	714,132,356	149,654,060	564,478,296	56,915,000	371,776,680	1.32
2017	720,784,303	165,217,440	555,566,863	54,835,000	381,073,698	1.27
2018	727,350,431	168,219,801	559,130,630	55,760,000	383,817,204	1.27
2019	724,914,020	174,407,488	550,506,532	63,885,000	380,074,132	1.24
2020	633,932,206	162,951,569	470,980,637	118,235,000	383,303,239	0.94
2021	830,404,755 *	149,267,154	681,137,601	-	365,009,316	1.87
2022	756,197,028	190,346,658	565,850,370	39,905,000	362,787,270	1.41

\* Included Regional Measure 3 (RM3) revenue collected for the period from January 2019 to June 2021.

<sup>(1)</sup> Net of Build America Bonds (BABs) interest subsidy.

<sup>(2)</sup> BATA has designated reserves to cover any operating shortfalls. Refer to Schedule 10 for debt service coverage ratios.

### Metropolitan Transportation Commission Miscellaneous Statistics (unaudited) June 30, 2022

Date of Incorporation	1970
Form of Government	Commissioners with Appointed Executive Director
Number of Commissioners	18 Voting and 3 Non-Voting Members
Number of Employees (Approved Positions)	319
Type of Tax Support	3.5% of TDA Sales Tax
Region in Which Commission Operates	San Francisco Bay Area San Jose, San Francisco & Oakland Combined Statistical Area including San Benito & Santa Cruz
Number of Counties in the Region	9
Area of Authority in Square Miles	6,980
Population of Region in Which Commission Operates	7,696,482
Number of Toll Bridges in the Region	8
Traffic for All Toll Bridges - Number of Vehicles (excluding Golden Gate Bridge, Highway and Transportation District)	122,662,236
Toll Revenues (excluding Golden Gate Bridge, Highway and Transportation District)	\$756,197,028
Number of Call Boxes in the Region	374

### Demographic Statistics for Nine San Francisco Bay Area Counties (unaudited)

Last Ten Calendar Years

Table 13

Year	Population <sup>1</sup>	Per Capita Income <sup>2, 5</sup>	Median Age <sup>2, 5</sup>	School Enrollment <sup>3</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>4</sup>
2013	7,327,626	N/A	N/A	1,004,436	6.69 %
2014	7,420,453	N/A	N/A	1,013,055	5.34 %
2015	7,510,942	N/A	N/A	1,019,853	4.20 %
2016	7,649,565	N/A	N/A	1,021,840	4.24 %
2017	7,714,638	N/A	N/A	1,022,684	3.65 %
2018	7,772,586	N/A	N/A	1,022,674	3.07 %
2019	7,783,460	N/A	N/A	1,015,200	2.76 %
2020	7,790,537	N/A	N/A	1,009,363	12.07 %
2021	7,823,826	N/A	N/A	977,976	5.67 %
2022	7,696,482	N/A	N/A	943,427	2.50 %

#### Data Sources

<sup>1</sup> State of California, Dept. of Finance, Demographic Research Unit

<sup>2</sup> Bureau of Census

<sup>3</sup> California Department of Education

<sup>4</sup> State of California, Employment Development Department - every ten years

<sup>5</sup> Bureau of Census conducts survey every ten years for the Median Age and Per Capita Income of the nine-county region as a whole.

N/A - Not Available

#### Metropolitan Transportation Commission Ten Largest Employers (unaudited) Fiscal Years 2022 and 2013

	2022(1)			2013 <sup>(2)</sup>						
			Percentage of City of San Francisco Total				Percentage of City of San Francisco Total			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment			
Kaiser Permanente	46,352	1	29%	City and County of San Francisco University of California, San	26,182	1	15.4%			
Sutter Health	18,710	2	11.7%	Francisco	22,493	2	13.2%			
Meta	15,407	3	9.6%	Kaiser Permanente	21,789	3	12.8%			
Safeway Inc.	14,474	4	9.0%	University of California, Berkeley	21,341	4	12.5%			
Tesla Inc.	13,000	5	8.1%	State of California	16,436	5	9.6%			
Wells Fargo Bank	12,035	6	7.5%	Wells Fargo Bank	15,172	6	8.9%			
Genentech	12,000	7	7.5%	Safeway Inc.	13,661	7	8.0%			
Salesforce	9,450	8	5.9%	Stanford University	12,614	8	7.4%			
Allied Universal	9,309	9	5.9%	US Postal Service	11,043	9	6.6%			
PG&E Corp.	9,300	10	5.8%	Contra Costa County	9,800	10	5.7%			

Data Sources

<sup>1</sup>2022 Book of Lists, San Francisco Business Times

<sup>2</sup>2013 Book of Lists, San Francisco Business Times

Metropolitan Transportation Commission Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function (unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Functions	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Governmental Activities General government	68	69	64	77	74	86	94	74	70	70
Transportation	73	76	76	83	79	122	119	150	148	160
Business-type Activities										
Toll bridge activities	34	41	54	58	64	65	63	67	70	84
Congestion relief	5	5	4	5	5	4	5	5	5	6
BAHA			3	6	10	9	8	8	7	7
	180	191	201	229	232	286	289	304	300	327

#### Metropolitan Transportation Commission Ratio of Retiree Medical Premium to Covered Payroll (unaudited) By Fiscal Year

Table 16

Fiscal Year	Retir	ee Premiums	Covered Payroll*	% of Covered Payroll
2013	\$	679,688 \$	18,966,022	3.58%
2014		658,421	20,191,937	3.26%
2015		743,290	22,111,218	3.36%
2016		763,647	23,713,316	3.22%
2017		776,100	27,722,133	2.79%
2018		835,827	33,455,049	2.50%
2019		1,010,937	34,846,017	2.90%
2020		1,171,894	36,306,211	3.23%
2021		1,254,523	39,015,440	3.21%
2022		1,416,805	41,289,893	3.43%

\* From MTC records

## **OTHER INFORMATION**

# Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities for Transportation Development Act (TDA) and AB 1107 (unaudited)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Balance July 1, 2021	Additions		Deductions	Jı	Balance une 30, 2022
County of Alameda							
Assets Cash Interest receivables	\$	36,108,418 \$ 89,155	131,125,457 129,060	\$	116,283,425 153,685	\$	50,950,450 64,530
Total Assets	\$	36,197,573 \$	131,254,517	\$	116,437,110	\$	51,014,980
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments	\$	10,773,576 \$ 25,423,997	87,394,036 43,860,481		97,043,437 19,393,673		1,124,175 49,890,805
Total Liabilities	\$	36,197,573 \$	131,254,517	\$	116,437,110	\$	51,014,980
County of Contra Costa							
Assets Cash	\$	35,838,273 \$	77,851,597	\$	63,352,076	\$	50,337,794
Total Assets	\$	35,838,273 \$	77,851,597		63,352,076		50,337,794
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments	\$	1,180,321 \$ 34,657,952	50,623,531 27,228,066	\$	51,514,788 11,837,288	\$	289,064 50,048,730
Total Liabilities	\$	35,838,273 \$	77,851,597	\$	63,352,076	\$	50,337,794
County of Marin Assets Cash	\$	3,350,401 \$	18,964,763	¢	16,532,541	\$	5,782,623
Interest receivables	Ψ	4,489	2,234	Ψ	5,606	Ψ	1,117
Total Assets	\$	3,354,890 \$	18,966,997	\$	16,538,147	\$	5,783,740
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments	\$	425,341 \$ 2,929,549	14,658,323 4,308,674	\$	14,774,729 1,763,418	\$	308,935 5,474,805
Total Liabilities	\$	3,354,890 \$	18,966,997	\$	16,538,147	\$	5,783,740
County of Napa							
Assets Cash	\$	8,377,220 \$	12,768,765	\$	10,336,241	\$	10,809,744
Total Assets	\$	8,377,220 \$	12,768,765		10,336,241		10,809,744
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments	\$	597,307 \$ 7,779,913	10,816,424 1,952,341		8,568,782 1,767,459		2,844,949 7,964,795
Total Liabilities	\$	8,377,220 \$	12,768,765	\$	10,336,241	\$	10,809,744

# Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities for Transportation Development Act (TDA) and AB 1107 (unaudited), *continued*

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Balance July 1, 2021		Additions		Deductions	Jı	Balance ine 30, 2022
County of San Francisco	_	<b></b>						
Assets Cash Interest receivables	\$	2,030,951 8,269	\$	50,930,887 17,106	\$	50,003,358 16,822	\$	2,958,480 8,553
Total Assets	\$	2,039,220	\$	50,947,993	\$	50,020,180	\$	2,967,033
Liabilities	-		÷		- <u> </u>		-	) )
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments	\$	246,145 1,793,075	\$	43,170,664 7,777,329	\$	43,348,122 6,672,058	\$	68,687 2,898,346
Total Liabilities	\$	2,039,220	\$	50,947,993	\$	50,020,180	\$	2,967,033
County of San Mateo								
Assets								
Cash Interest receivables	\$	5,169,148 55,895	\$	56,579,874 100,822	\$	44,091,667 106,306	\$	17,657,355 50,411
Total Assets	\$	5,225,043	\$	56,680,696	\$	44,197,973	\$	17,707,766
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments	\$	554,750 4,670,293	\$	38,242,781 18,437,915	\$	37,546,924 6,651,049		1,250,607 16,457,159
Total Liabilities	\$	5,225,043	\$	56,680,696	\$	44,197,973	\$	17,707,766
County of Santa Clara								
Assets								
Cash	<u>\$</u>	8,505,683	_	150,894,689		141,615,593		17,784,779
Total Assets	\$	8,505,683	\$	150,894,689	\$	141,615,593	\$	17,784,779
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments	\$	671,958 7,833,725	\$	125,089,191 25,805,498	\$	125,121,881 16,493,712	\$	639,268 17,145,511
Total Liabilities	\$		\$		\$	141,615,593	\$	17,784,779
County of Solano								
Assets								
Cash	\$	38,958,026	\$	28,230,596	\$	20,703,987	\$	46,484,635
Total Assets	\$	38,958,026	\$	28,230,596	\$	20,703,987	\$	46,484,635
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments	\$	843,288 38,114,738	\$	18,414,357 9,816,239	\$	17,801,437 2,902,550	\$	1,456,208 45,028,427
Total Liabilities	\$	38,958,026	\$	28,230,596	\$	20,703,987	\$	46,484,635

# Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities for Transportation Development Act (TDA) and AB 1107 (unaudited), *continued*

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

County of Sonoma	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2022
County of Sonoma				
Assets Cash	\$ 24,298,498	\$ 34,798,737	\$ 27,007,312	\$ 32,089,923
Total Assets	\$ 24,298,498	\$ 34,798,737	\$ 27,007,312	\$ 32,089,923
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments	\$	\$ 22,675,952 12,122,785	\$ 22,208,110 4,799,202	\$ 1,040,818 31,049,105
Total Liabilities	\$ 24,298,498	\$ 34,798,737	\$ 27,007,312	\$ 32,089,923
Total TDA fund				
Cash	\$ 162,636,618	\$ 562,145,365	\$ 489,926,200	\$ 234,855,783
Interest receivables	157,808	249,222	282,419	124,611
Total Assets	\$ 162,794,426	\$ 562,394,587	\$ 490,208,619	\$ 234,980,394
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments Total Liabilities	\$ 15,865,662 146,928,764 \$ 162,794,426	151,309,328	72,280,409	\$ 9,022,711 225,957,683 \$ 234,980,394
AB 1107				
Assets Cash	\$ -	<u>\$ 103,577,286</u>	\$ 103,577,286	\$
Total Assets	\$ -	\$ 103,577,286	<u>\$ 103,577,286</u>	<u>\$</u>
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ \$	\$ 103,577,286 \$ 103,577,286		



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